# The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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**PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.**

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## LOCAL NOTICES.

**The Fire Extinguisher**

Continues in great demand and has already been introduced into a number of buildings. Its value cannot be over-estimated by our citizens, for it is a sure and certain destroyer of fire, and has saved millions of dollars worth of property in different cities. It is indorsed by insurance men as the *desideratum* of the age. See advertisement of the Sole Agent for this vicinity in another column of to-day's paper.

**Gas Coal Company.**

The Connellsville Gas Coal Co., have just opened a new and very Superior Mine and are now prepared to fill all orders promptly in the city, at Connellsville, or at any point along the line of the railway. This Company is well known for its excellent business character, and deserves a full share of the public patronage.

**Leaf Tobacco.**

Havana, Yara, Connecticut, New York State, at New York prices, branch of Julian Allen, 172 Water street, New York. Daniel F. Dinan, 75 Water street, Pittsburgh.

**Thanksgiving Day.**

Buy your Segars, Tobacco, Snuffs, etc., at L. N. Hall's Wholesale and Retail Store, No. 184 Wood street, at the intersection of Liberty street. Drop in once.


# The Daily Commercial

## NEWS SUMMARY.

*BY TELEGRAPH.*

The famous letter of Grant, on the removal of Secretary Stanton, as well as all correspondence on the removal of Generals Sheridan and Sickles, will soon be made public.

The Ways and Means Committee intend to take up at an early day the question of contraction, and report in accordance with the resolution referred to them. They will also take up the question of the repeal of the cotton tax. The wool interest is said to be strongly opposed to the repeal of this tax, as it will materially interfere with the production of wool.

The Judiciary Committee of the House will, at their next session, take up the bill referred to them providing for the suspension of the President pending impeachment. The bill is a general one in its character, and it is the opinion of many of the Senators and members that it is necessary that some legislation should be adopted explanatory of the Constitution of the United States on the subject. It is doubtful if the Committee report favorably on the bill.

By the nitro-glycerine explosion at South Bergen, it appears that nine persons were instantly killed and six were wounded. The inquest will commence on Friday.

J. H. Anthon, in a letter to the Democratic Union Convention Tuesday evening, declined the nomination for Mayor of New York, in favor of Mr. Hoffman. The Convention afterwards indorsed Mr. Hoffman.

The suit brought by Faran & M'Clean, of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, to resist the County Treasurer's collection of the tax assessed upon thirty-one thousand dollars of greenbacks as so much capital, was decided Tuesday against the tax. It was held that greenbacks were but a form of loan, and like all other loans of the United States, were exempt from State taxation.

Daniel B. Shurtleff was formally nominated for Mayor of Boston Tuesday evening by both the Democrats and license law men.

The City Hotel, at Macon, Missouri, was burned on Monday. Loss about $10,000; insured for $7,000.

A gang of horse thieves has recently been discovered in Jackson county, Missouri, embracing about one hundred men. Five or six of them have been arrested, and one shot.

Frank Jones, Democrat, was elected Mayor of Portsmouth, N. H., by fifty majority in a total vote of 2,052, the largest ever thrown there. The City Council is thoroughly Republican.

A Committee of the St. Louis Board of Trade reported on Tuesday night favorable to the enterprise of converting Iron Mountain ore into good pig iron with stone coal. A large sum of money was raised to prosecute the enterprise, which, if successful, it is claimed will make St. Louis the cheapest market for iron in the world.

The Tennessee House of Representatives, by a vote of 50 to 20, passed a resolution Tuesday, instructing their Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote for the impeachment of Andrew Johnson.

The Southern Presbyterian Assembly, in session at Nashville, on Tuesday, cordially welcomed to its fellowship the rebel Presbyterian Synod of Kentucky, and commended them for the battle they had been fighting for seven years past against the loyal Presbyterian Church of the United States.

According to the Memphis *Avalanche*, a party of two hundred armed freedmen, living near Columbus, Mississippi, marched upon that town, last week, to the music of fife and drum, and demanded bread of the citizens. The invaders were dispersed without any serious disorder by the detachment of United States troops stationed there.

The magnitude of the commerce of New York was well illustrated by the departure on Saturday of no less than ten large ocean steamers, all well filled with passengers. Of these, two were bound for Liverpool, one for Glasgow, one for Hamburg, one for Antwerp, one for Rio Janeiro, three for New Orleans, and one for Savannah. The passenger list of the Brazilian steamer numbered three hundred and sixty-seven names.

The report of James W. Taylor, special commissioner of mining statistics east of the Rocky Mountains, which will be presented to Congress at an early day by Secretary McCulloch, will contain a fuller description of the gold, silver and copper mines in Montana Territory than has heretofore been published. Special attention is also given to the extensive silver district of Western Colorado, the copper mines of New Mexico, and the recent discoveries of silver on the north shore of Lake Superior, with summaries of a year's mining experience in Southern Allegheny, and the districts of New Hampshire, Canada and Nova Scotia.

*BY MAILS.*

A dispatch from Quebec to the Providence *Journal* says that large numbers of the Canadian working classes are leaving for the United States, because of the scarcity of employment in the Dominion. The *Journal* adds: "God help the penniless people who may come tramping through New England from Canada, looking for work. Their situation will be more trying than it would be if they should throw themselves upon the local charity at home."

Six columns of last week's *Methodist* are filled with a statement of collections made for the Centenary Fund. The total reported from forty-five conferences is $6,981,255 96.

The Cheyenne *Leader* says somewhat frequent occurrences of assassination and robbery have happened within the last few nights; but it is extremely difficult to fasten the guilt of the perpetration of those outrages upon the offenders with sufficient certainty to warrant their punishment.

The failure of the Cincinnati Home Insurance Company, which has been doing an extensive business throughout the West, is announced. Several other Ohio companies, and the Home Mutual of Indiana, are also deemed untrustworthy.

The New York *Tribune* thinks that when the present rage for pedestrianism subsides, a good muscular trial could be had by two men laying a wager to decide which can saw the most wood for poor families—the timber to be contributed by those enthusiastic admirers of muscle, who are now venturing their spare stamps upon the endurance of pedestrians.

A Parliamentary return just issued shows that the total amount of the funded and unfunded national debt of the United Kingdom, on the 31st of March last, was £777,497,804. The total funded debt was £769,541,004, involving an annual charge of £25,890,422. The unfunded debt amounted to £7,956,800, of which £5,656,800 consisted of Exchequer bills, involving an annual charge of £199,750, and £2,300,000 of Exchequer bonds, involving a charge of £87,250. Of the Exchequer bonds £700,000 mature on the 8th of November next, £1,000,000 on the March 27th, 1868, and £600,000 on the 18th of March, 1869. Although the national debt of England is, in round numbers, $3,887,489,020, while that of the United States, on the 1st of the present month, was, less cash in the Treasury only, $2,491,504,450, the annual charge for interest is much heavier on the latter, owing to the British funded debt bearing 3 per cent., while ours carries double that rate.

One of the toilettes of the Empress at Biarritz was a black silk upper robe, over a golden maize colored silk rep petticoat; a short black silk paletot, rayed with gold thread; and on her shoulders a magnificent cashmere shawl. The day after her arrival she appeared in a costume of Bismarck brown silk, over a petticoat of silk rep a shade darker than the dress, and without trimming of any kind. A dinner dress which she wore was of white satin, extremely thick in its texture, and embroidered with flies made of the humming bird's wings, with heads of gold and tiny jewelled eyes. A collarette of emerald and gold bees and a tiny humming bird of green and gold nestled among the short curls at the side of the head, which was also enriched by a bandeau of emeralds and diamonds.

**Magazines.**

Gildenfenny has the *Atlantic* and *Young Folks* for December. Pittock has them, and all the monthlies.

# FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

## THE CAPITAL.

**IMPORTANT INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION.**

**Kentucky Delegation to be Admitted.**

**Effect of Impeachment on Gold Market.**

**The Impeachment Project Losing Ground.**

**MEMBERS COMING OUT AGAINST IT.**

**Detective Baker to be Arrested for Perjury.**

**Mrs. Cobb Threatens Him with Personal Violence.**

**Special Dispatch to the Commercial.**

WASHINGTON, November 27, 1867.

**Internal Revenue Decision.**

A case involving a payment of revenue tax on sales paid by an agent of the State of Missouri, has just been decided by the Treasury Department. It appears the State named, under authority of law, exposed certain railroads of that State for sale to indemnify it for money loaned and not paid when due. The law provided that when roads should be thus sold, if the price should not cover the claims of the State, that the State should bid them in. This case occurred, and the State became the purchaser. The auctioneer making the sale was required to pay the usual tax upon such transaction. The agent claims that it was a sale by the State, and so the tax should be refunded. The Treasury decided adversely to the claim, on the ground that the road did not become the property of the State until after the sale was legally consummated. The amount of the tax was about $6,000.

**Kentucky Delegates to be Admitted.**

The House Committee of Elections have decided to recommend the admission of Messrs. Jones, Beck and Galladay, of the Kentucky delegation, to their seats, and the general impression is that the other members from that State will also be admitted, with the exception of Mr. Jno. D. Young, whose seat will probably be given to McKee, the contestant.

**Impeachment and Gold.**

No little surprise is evinced at the nominal effect produced upon the gold market by the impeachment report, and numerous parties who had been large buyers on the supposition that the premium would shoot up to a high figure are now selling at a loss. Various theories are put forward to account for this fact, among them a report, which, however, is not true, that Secretary McCulloch kept the market steady to the consternation of the speculative ring by selling gold on Monday.

**Repeal of Cotton Tax.**

The House Ways and Means Committee this morning agreed to report a bill for the repeal of the cotton tax. This tax is two and a half cents per pound. The details of the bill have not yet been decided, but there seems to be a disposition to make the law apply to the present cotton crop.

Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, who left here about two weeks ago on a tour of inspection among the freedmen's schools of the West, returned this morning. He visited the majority of the schools in West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri, and reports them in a highly flourishing condition.

**The Mission to Ecuador.**

There is quite a scramble for the mission to Ecuador. Among the dozen applicants are E. W. Spencer, editor of the Cincinnati *Times*, ex-Governor Ford, of Ohio, and Professor Allen, of the same State.

**Mrs. Cobb Highly Indignant.**

Mrs. Cobb gives free expression to her indignation at Detective Baker for his testimony before the Impeachment Committee. She threatens to-day to tear his hair and eyes out as soon she sees him, or if she can't get near enough to him for that, she swears she'll shoot him. She yesterday swore out a warrant for his arrest, on a charge of perjury, but he could not be found.

**Impeachment Losing Ground.**

The impeachment project is losing ground. Well informed members express the belief that if a vote were taken at the next meeting of the House, the subject would be tabled by a decisive majority. Two or three who were known to favor impeachment last summer have come out openly against it since reading the testimony, and as far as can be ascertained, not a single convert to impeachment has been made since the testimony was printed.

**Senate Finance Committee.**

The Senate Finance Committee will have no session for business until next week.

**Not a Test Vote.**

It appears that the vote in the House yesterday on Mr. Ross's resolution, relative to substituting greenbacks for the national bank notes, was not after all a test question, owing to the Parliamentary way in which it was taken. Many friends of the national banks among the members from the West voted against laying the resolution on the table, although opposed to it. It was simply referred to the Banking Committee, and did not instruct them to report a bill according to the tone of the resolution.

**Financial Address to the People.**

Hon. Robert J. Walker will, to-morrow, publish an elaborate letter on National finances, addressed to the American people, instead of the Secretary of the Treasury, as has been stated.

**Corner-Stone Laying.**

Chief Justice Chase to-day laid the corner-stone of a new hall about to be erected by the Young Men's Christian Association here.

WASHINGTON, November 27.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

There were transpositions of names from one to another in the committees below mentioned, as heretofore printed, therefore, the publication of the following correct list becomes necessary:

*Committee of Ways and Means*—Schenck, Ohio; Hooper, Massachusetts; Moorhead, Pennsylvania; Allison, Iowa; Griswold, New York; Logan, Illinois; Maynard, Tennessee; Brooks, New York; Niblack, Indiana.

*Committee on Appropriations*—Stevens, Pennsylvania; Washburne, Illinois; Spaulding, Ohio; Blaine, Maine; Beaman, Michigan; Butler, Massachusetts; Kelsey, New York; Phelps, Maryland; Nicholson, Delaware.

*Committee on Pacific Railroad*—Price, Iowa; Higbee, California; Donnell, Minnesota; Sidney Clark, Kansas; Mallory, Oregon; Ames, Massachusetts; Covode, Pennsylvania; Pruyn, New York; Van Trump, Ohio.

GENERAL BUTLER'S FINANCIAL SCHEME.

General Butler's speech in the House to-day suggested that if Congress should enact that all National Bank bills which find their way into the Treasury should be retained and cancelled, and legal tender notes to the same amount issued, the whole National Bank currency would be withdrawn from circulation in four or five months, and its place would be supplied with greenbacks. This could be done without increasing the circulation, and would save between twenty and thirty millions paid on bonds which are deposited to secure national bank currency. He believed, however, the country could bear a thousand millions of circulation; if that should prove at any time redundant, then that portion of it which was not needed for business purposes would be brought to the Treasury and exchanged for bonds, and when more currency became needed, the bonds would be brought back and exchanged for currency, this currency to be in the legal tender currency of the government. This would enable the government to reduce the interest bearing debt to fifteen hundred millions, twelve hundred of which would be in 5 20's. This he would have changed into a long loan of thirty years, or fifty years would be better, taxable by State and municipal corporations.

He was not for this generation's paying all the debt. He thought it had done its share in contracting. [Laughter.] It has been contracted with the loss of the best blood of the country, in sorrow and in travail, to save the Government for posterity. It was not fair this generation should have all the burden of struggle and agony, and have the over-taxation. At least three things were necessary: First, to stop the contraction of the currency, which contraction amounted last year to one hundred millions; second, to have the gold in the Treasury sold at public auction at fixed times; and third, to repeal the immense numbers of discretionary laws which put the Treasury of the United States in the power of one man.

FREEDMEN'S SCHOOLS.

General Howard, who left here two weeks ago on a tour of inspection of the freedmen's schools in the West, returned this morning. He found them in a highly prosperous condition. The blacks in all the States, adults as well as children, are making rapid progress in learning, and their general condition is much improved. General Howard is of opinion that if properly protected in their rights by the civil authorities, the negroes can get along without the aid of the bureau; both as regards their education and employment. He had an interview with General Grant this morning.

THE ARMY.

Brevet Major Generals McDowell, Rousseau, Schofield, Canby and Ord are assigned to duty according to brevet rank.

The monthly rate of commutation for quarters is increased to $18 at Brownsville, Texas, from September 1st, 1867; Montgomery, from November 1st, 1866, and St. Louis October 1st, 1866.

The following order has been issued.

First—All the regiments of infantry and artillery, except the eighth light batteries, will be reduced to the minimum allowed by law of fifty privates per company. The reduction will be by casualty, and where one company falls below the minimum, it will be recruited by transfers from other companies of the same regiment until all are at the minimum.

Second. The general recruiting service will be immediately reduced by breaking up all except the four principal rendezvous to each arm, cavalry and infantry, and ordering the surplus recruiting officers to their regiments. No more recruits will be sent to regiments until they are reduced as above ordered. This will not be construed to prevent the re-enlistment in their regiments of men who may be discharged by expiration of term of service.

Third. All volunteer officers now retained in service will be mustered out, to take effect January 1st, 1868, except the Commissioner and Disbursing officers of the Bureau of Freedmen, Refugees and Abandoned Lands. By command of Gen. Grant.

E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

THE TURKISH MINISTER

Was upon the floor of the House to-day, and was introduced to the members by General Banks.

CORNER STONE LAID.

The corner stone of the Young Men's Christian Association Hall, corner of Ninth and D streets, was laid to-day. General Howard presided. Chief Justice Chase assisted in the ceremony. He first deposited in the cavity of the stone, a copy of the Bible, saying it was the great corner stone of religious hope and faith; next a copy of the Constitution of the United States, which he remarked was the great corner stone of our political institutions, and he placed it in the receptacle to lie in harmony with that great Constitution of religious liberty already deposited. Senators Frelinghuysen, Wilson and others delivered addresses. Several life members, including President Johnson and Chief Justice Chase, were made by subscription of thirty dollars for each. Some one proposed to make General Grant a life member, and subscribed five dollars, when Chief Justice Chase claimed the privilege of subscribing the remaining five-sixths for that purpose.

## XLth CONGRESS.

**SENATE IN SESSION BUT TEN MINUTES.**

**Papers Called for in Fitz-John Porter's Case.**

**Debate on Finances in the House.**

**Gen. Butler Announces His Platform.**

**Defense of Mr. Stokes of Tennessee.**

**Special Dispatch to the Commercial.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27, 1867.

**House of Representatives.**

The principal feature of Congress to-day was the resumption of the debate in the House on finances. Butler occupied an hour, and concluded with his platform substantially as follows: First, The payment of the principal of bonds in greenbacks when not stipulated to be paid in coin. Second, In the withdrawal of the National Bank Note currency and the substitution of greenbacks. Third, Reduction of taxation and retrenchment in expenditures.

Messrs. Blaine, of Maine, and Mr. Brooks, of New York, replied, the latter showing that in the Thirty-eighth Congress two bills were reported from the Ways and Means Committee, one by Mr. Stevens, to pay the bonds in paper, and one by Mr. Hooper, to pay the principal in coin, and that the latter substantially prevailed and was enacted into a law.

Mr. Stokes, of Tennessee, also occupied half an hour to-day in defending himself from the charge of disloyalty made by Mr. Eldridge, of Wisconsin.

**Senate.**

The Senate sat but ten minutes. Nothing was done but to call on Gen. Grant for the papers in the Fitz-John Porter case.

To Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, November 27, 1867.

SENATE.

Mr. SUMNER offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Secretary of War to communicate copies of any papers on file in regard to Fitz John Porter's request for a review of his case.

The Senate adjourned to Friday, having been in session just ten minutes.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved that when the House adjourned to-day, it be to Saturday, and asked unanimous assent that no business be done Saturday, but that the House shall adjourn until Monday.

Mr. HARDING objected to the latter part of the proposition.

Mr. WASHBURNE moved a suspension of the rules, which was done, and his motion agreed to, so the House virtually adjourns to-day until Monday.

The SPEAKER then presented a letter from the Clerk of the House, accompanied by a communication from the Secretary of State in reference to filing a promulgation by the State Department of the supplementary Reconstruction Bill and joint resolution to carry into effect the several reconstruction bills. Laid on the table.

Also, a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, in compliance with a resolution of March 11th, 1867, with a statement of expenses incurred for the revenue cutter service for 1866. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. STOKES, by leave, made a personal explanation in defense of his colleagues and himself, contending that he could with a clear conscience take the test oath. He also defended Gov. Brownlow, eulogised the colored man, and expressed the hope that the other ten States would come in with substantially the same Constitution as Tennessee.

Mr. ELDRIDGE replied, defending his own course in objecting to the swearing in of the member. He wanted to show the inconsistency and absurdity of the action of the House in the Kentucky case. The gentleman (Stokes) had deserted his rebel friends in 1861, and now he had only the black men to support him and send him to Congress. The old State of Tennessee had not been attacked here; it was only that infamous State government set up by the gentleman (Stokes) and his friends on the foundations of the old and glorious Tennessee.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Indiana, called up the motion to reconsider the vote by which a resolution of his was, on July 11th, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, declaring that the burden of the Government should be borne equally; that taxation should be in proportion to property held, and the exemption of any material portion of the wealth of the country from its due proportion of taxes is wrongful and unjust, and should be avoided, and that to carry out those views the right to tax bonds of the Government should be given in any future system for funding such bonds.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. Agreed to, and the resolution remains with the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. COVODE introduced a bill extending the act of February 28th 1867, for the relief of certain drafted men. Referred to the Committee on Military affairs.

The House at two o'clock went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. DAWES in the chair, and Mr. BUTLER finished his speech of yesterday on currency.

The debate was further continued by Messrs. BLAINE and BROOKS.

Mr. SCHENCK introduced a bill making provision for the widows and heirs of officers in the army and navy, and establishing life insurance. Referred to the Naval Committee.

Mr. SHANKS introduced a resolution directing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for furnishing artificial limbs to soldiers and sailors. Adopted.

Mr. MALLORY introduced a bill to establish a uniform time for holding elections for Representatives and delegates in Congress. Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. MAYNARD asked leave to offer a resolution in reference to compelling National banks to redeem their currency in coin.

Mr. SPALDING objected, and the House at 4 o'clock adjourned till Saturday.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

**Radical Majority in the Convention—U. S. Circuit Court.**

RALEIGH, November 28.—The election returns come in slowly. Enough, however, is known to insure the convention by a pretty strong vote. The radicals have a large controlling majority in the convention, fifteen of whom are black men.

The United States Circuit Court, Judge Brooks presiding, is now in session. There are seven black men on the grand jury.

## WOOL GROWERS.

**ACTION OF NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.**

**Public Meeting at the Court House.**

**Discussion of the Tariff Question.**

**Protection to American Industry Asked For.**

**Speeches by Hon. Columbus Delano, Gen. Harry White, Col. J. M. Cooper, Hon. T. J. Bigham, Dr. F. J. Lemoyne, Hon. R. M. Montgomery and Others.**

In yesterday's *Commercial* we published the proceedings of the Executive Committee of the National Wool Growers' Association, at their meeting held on Tuesday night at the Monongahela House. The Committee adjourned with the intention of reassembling on Wednesday in mass meeting, with such others interested in wool growing and wool manufacturing as might be present. The attendance was not large, and the hour of meeting was postponed until two o'clock in the afternoon.

In the meantime the Executive Committee met and elected the following officers:

President—Hon. Henry S. Randall, Courtland Village, N. Y.

Secretary—W. F. Greer, Painesville, Ohio.

Treasurer—A. L. Wilcox, Canandaigua, N. Y.

Delegate to Washington—Hon. M. Montgomery, Ohio.

THE DELEGATES PRESENT.

It is proper here to state that the National Wool Growers' Association is an organization composed of two delegates from each of the State Associations. The following is a list of the delegates present from the several State Societies:

New York—Hon. Henry S. Randall, John D. Wing.

Vermont—Col. E. S. Stowell.

Ohio—Hon. Columbus Delano, Hon. R. M. Montgomery.

Pennsylvania—Dr. F. Julius Lemoyne, James Slocum.

West Virginia—Thomas Sweeny, Samuel Archer.

Illinois—A. M. Garland, Samuel P. Boardman.

Wisconsin—Eli Stillson.

THE MASS MEETING.

At two o'clock, the Executive Committee, together with quite a number of other gentlemen representing our industrial interests, assembled in the room of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

On motion of Dr. F. J. Lemoyne, of Washington county, Hon. Henry S. Randall, President of the National Wool Growers' Association, was called to the chair, and W. F. Grier, Esq., of Painesville, Lake county, Ohio, was chosen Secretary.

A delegate asked for information in regard to the purposes of the meeting. He was not informed as to the precise object of the assemblage, and would like to be advised on the subject.

THE OBJECT EXPLAINED.

Dr. F. J. Lemoyne stated that the object was to hear public discussion in reference to the topics connected with the organization of the Wool Growers' Association—subjects pertaining to that organization, for instruction and encouragement. With a view to opening the discussion, he would offer the following resolution:

*Resolved*, That the present low price of wool has resulted, not from any defect in the present tariff law, but from the protracted discussions in Congress, and the postponed enactment of the present law, thus giving opportunity to importers to glut our market with wool and woolens, causing an extraordinary and protracted ruling of low prices.

Dr. Lemoyne continued to speak at some length. He said that there was no cause for discouragement on the part of the wool growers, notwithstanding the long period of doubt and despondency. The wool growers of the country were in a very depressed state, their staple never having been so low since it had become an object of interest in the country. We have been in a state of war, which produced artificial prices, and we are now experiencing the reaction. Commercial matters are like a see-saw—if there is an "up," there must be a corresponding "down." Wool growers have had their seventy-five cents per pound and now they have their thirty cents. They must not be discouraged. No brave man is discouraged by ups and downs. All must wait for the good time coming. Another cause of the present depression was the economical fit which had come upon the people, and it was well it had come. In war times, when money was plenty people became extravagant. The state of reaction must come, and we were now in that state. In addition to the other causes, the Government had been throwing a large amount of army clothing into the market, and selling it at very low prices. Army overcoats had been sold in this city at three dollars and fifty cents each. This price was really below the cost of the manufacture, and it was really a commercial necessity that the manufacturers could not pay a higher price for wool. He stated in conclusion that he only commenced this discussion for the purpose of "breaking the ice," as it was called, and hoped to hear from other gentlemen on the subject.

Mr. White, of Indiana, Pa., said he did not wish to have any expression of sentiment confined to Pennsylvania, and as he saw before him a gentleman who represented a large wool growing district in Ohio, and whose views would be acceptable to the people of Pennsylvania, he called upon him for an address.

SPEECH OF HON. C. DELANO.

Mr. Delano spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen who are interested in the industrial interests of the United States: I came to this city in obedience to an invitation of the President of the National Wool Growers' Association. I was informed by him that the Executive Committee of that Association was about to meet in this city, for the purpose of considering the interests and wants of the particular branch of industry which that Association represents. The Executive Committee have already met and acted upon the subject of subjects which were in contemplation. I wish to have it distinctly understood by the reportorial corps whom I see here, that the present meeting is a meeting of the citizens interested in the various branches of industry, and not a meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Wool Growers' Association. With your permission, Mr. Chairman, I will make known the substance of the action of said Executive Committee, because that action has relation to the interests that other gentlemen present are concerned in. We have declared it our opinion that the large national debt inflicted upon the country by the rebellion has created a financial necessity on the part of the Government to seek revenue by duties on imports. We have declared also, that, in our opinion, these imposts ought to be so levied and so adjusted as to give equal fair protection to all industrial pursuits, without reference to any one in particular. We do not set up our interest as superior to any other industrial interest. We do not claim for it any ex[illegible] above other pursuits. We simply claim that we are a part of the great industrial interests of the nation, and that as duties must be levied for revenue purposes, in thus levying these duties protection must be given equally to all industrial interests, ours included. Equality is what we demand, and not exclusive legislation. We recognize in the past action of Congress by our action that as an Executive Committee, that our interest has been regarded and protected as far as we demand for it protection now. We think, as individuals, that we have been long neglected; but we feel that justice, though tardy in her footsteps, has approached us at last; and all we ask now is, that the subject be let alone, and at the same time say to the other interests that our representatives are ready to aid you in securing equal protection, if you have not got it already. We desire to place ourselves, therefore, upon a broad and catholic basis in reference to this subject. We feel that we want your aid, and that you want ours because the free trade interest of this country is making a powerful and consolidated effort to strike down American industry, and subject it to the competition of the cheaper labor and better skill of foreign nations. We feel that we have undeveloped wealth and financial and pecuniary power, and that the legislation of this country, while reaching out its arms for revenue, is bound in all principles of justice to protect, encourage and develop this wealth, and this industry and labor of America.

I feel myself, Mr. President, that our nation at this moment may be said to be in a perilous condition. The enormous debt entailed upon the Government to save the life of the nation must be provided for. It must be honorably discharged or the nation lose her credit, her honor, her position throughout the civilized world. Repudiation, sir, is a disgrace to individuals; repudiation is a dishonor and a disgrace to a nation. Repudiation, when the people of this country come to appreciate it in all its broad consequences, will never, in my opinion, be approved by the American people. How can we better provide against repudiation than by bringing out and developing our resources and our financial power, and how can we better do that than by a just stimulant at all times to the industrial pursuits of the country? He who preaches to us to go abroad for articles that can be produced at home, preaches political heresy, and in my estimation political ruin. These sentiments impress upon me the necessity that all intelligent men should, as individuals and as public men, give encouragement to our own resources. We must stop this contraction of foreign debt, which, if paid at all, must be paid in coin. We must, as far as we can, rely upon ourselves for the results of industry, and not upon foreign nations, because these nations must be paid in coin for what they furnish.

I do not propose to go into the consideration of this subject, but simply to allude to it, because it lies at the basis of our action as National Wool Growers and at the basis of your action who, representing the mining and manufacturing or any other of the industrial pursuits of the country.

Let there be no strife then between us, and let us entertain a sense of justice to each other remembering that after all it is a contest between America and Foreign nations, and in that contest all should be united as much as if the contest were one of arms. Were it a contest of bayonets I know America's sons would stand by the country shoulder to shoulder against rebels that sought to overthrow the land. It is none the less important if instead of being a contest of bayonets it is a contest waged by honest hands in behalf of the industries of the country.

I must not dwell further upon the objects of the National Wool Grower's Association or the action of that body. I have intended to give a plain and candid statement of their object and that action. May I be pardoned for an additional word in reference to the resolution offered by my esteemed friend Dr. Lemoyne. I concur most heartily in its sentiments, and the only objection I have in my mind to the expression of this concurrence even here, is that it may seem to narrow and curtail the great object as national woolgrowers we have in view, and with this indication, perhaps, I can proceed without being misunderstood. I recognize, sir, the fact that our especial interest has been long, and too long neglected by the legislation of the country, that it has at last been recognized and that large prices have not followed in the immediate train of this legislative recognition of our interest. I do not attribute the failure of these large prices to follow to the result of the legislation of the country. I am conscious of the truth uttered by Dr. Lemoyne, that we must accept, as the result of the reactionary consequences of peace, a general diminution in prices, and that as wool growers we can only expect to sympathize with them. The especial reason at this time why wool, notwithstanding the tariff of 1867, is lower comparatively than any other agricultural or manufacturing product, may be summed up and easily understood the intelligent wool grower. There was left upon the market at the close of the war a large quantity of manufactured goods, that the manufacturers had a right and were bound to dispose of; and it is equally true that the importers, anticipating (for they are always watchful of their interests) the enactment of the present tariff, made large importations. These two causes have combined to depress the product of wool during the past season.

To illustrate and prove what I have just said I would refer to a letter recently received from Dr. Kirk, late representative of the United States in the Argentine Republic, and who had been residing at Buenos Ayres. The letter was written by him to Dr. Livingston. The letter states substantially that unless the tariff of 1867 is repealed, the production of wool in South America would be utterly destroyed. Sheep in that county, formerly worth one dollar and seventy-five cents per head, were now unsaleable with even a year's growth of wool upon their backs. Wool in the Buenos Ayres market is worth only ten cents per pound.

Now, gentlemen, you will observe that since the passage of the tariff wool cannot be imported from that country with the duty imposed upon it. In South America there is no expense incurred in wintering sheep, and the price of labor is nominal compared with that in the United States. Our tariff of 1867 was so arranged that this wool could not be imported without a duty, and when the dealers there find themselves unable to export the price of wool is lessened in their own country. A further illustration of the beneficial results of a tariff is that it protects and develops our industries, keeps funds at home, and does not contract our debts to be paid abroad in coin. I cite this letter to show that Dr. Lemoyne is correct in the reasons he has assigned for the present depression in the price of wool. It is our duty to adhere to the tariff we now have, which we as an association have agreed to do—promising to the other industrial interests of the country our aid and co-operation in protecting them. I would enlarge upon this subject, but it is needless, as I am speaking to an intelligent audience, and the thoughts I have presented can be followed out to their legitimate results without further amplification.

REMARKS OF GEN. WHITE.

Col. Harris, of the *Ohio Farmer*, called upon Gen. White, of Indiana, who spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman and members of the Convention: I am a younger man than most of you; my experience in this matter is recent but the interest I feel, individually, is large. I came here to be instructed rather than to attempt to instruct. I am glad that this assemblage is not confined to Pennsylvania, and am sorry that more of the citizens of this State are not with us to-day. This city and State are vitally interested in this great question of protection to American industry, and when the announcement is made that people are to meet and exchange views on so important a matter as this tariff there should be a large attendance. Although we are small in numbers, I hope we shall be faithful and earnest in our action. The resolution offered by Mr. Lemoyne largely affects the interests of the wool growers of the country, and the Executive Committee have passed a series of resolutions upon the tariff which may be regarded as our platform, and when these resolutions are published to the world and sent to our National Congress, no manufacturing interests of the country will fail to be benefited thereby. While we represent an important agricultural product, we do not ask the government to protect this interest alone, but to extend to the manufacturing interests their due share of protection. We are sensible of the fact that in this great country of ours there are many interests to be protected, chief among which are the agricultural, mining and manufacturing, which should be so regulated by the Government as to work in harmony together. The agricultural interests have not heretofore received their full share of protection. Statistics show that the agricultural interests amount to about five billions of dollars, while the manufacturing wealth is half a billion less, yet manufacturers had been largely protected, while agriculture had been neglected. Why was this? Because the manufacturers have been alive to their interests, sent their circulars to all available points in the country, and by united action produced the desired results. But the agricultural interests, stretching from Maine to California, were not so easily united. There have been no combined efforts made to accomplish this result, and it is necessary now to do so. This Association was formed for that purpose, and to present our views to Congress, that proper legislation may be had in our behalf. When the National Wool Growers' Association was first formed manufacturers fought the idea, as they never could see the benefit of protecting the "raw material." Until the meeting at Syracuse the manufacturers did not appreciate the demands of the wool growing interests of the country. Since then new light has been shed on this great subject, and I have in my hand a series of resolutions passed by the Wool Manufacturers' Association, at a meeting held in New York, on the 2d of October last, expressing a most friendly spirit, and declaring that no change should be made on the tariff without the sanction of the Wool Growers' Association. Thus in this year of grace, 1867, we find these two great interests, which, a few years ago, were at arm's length, locked in the embrace of fraternal affection—and we say to this result, Amen! Let us by all means reciprocate their friendship, and unite with them in developing the great resources of the country, asking only what is fair. We will ask nothing more, and be satisfied with nothing less.

It is claimed by some that no beneficial results have followed to us from the tariff. I say this is not so; and in proof of this assertion we have only to look at the large falling off in the importations of wool during the past year. On visiting New York this season I found that many of the importers had abandoned the business. Others had turned their importing houses into wool commission houses. The wool growers and manufacturers should stand fast upon the ground which they have taken. But while we reciprocate the friendly spirit manifested by the manufacturers, we should ask for what we want. If we demand this, and work for it, we will get it. If we fail, all the interests of the country will suffer. I trust that this manufacturing city of Pittsburgh, and State of Pennsylvania, will not fail to accord to the great agricultural interests of the country the same protection which the agricultural interests are willing to extend to them.

General White then called for the reading of the resolutions passed by the Executive Committee of the National Wool Growers' Association, which were read by Mr. Grier, as follows:

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE NATIONAL WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

*Resolved*, 1. That the financial necessities of the nation render a tariff for revenue purposes indispensable, in order to pay our national obligations, and preserve our national honor.

2. That in regulating duties on imports Congress should exempt such articles of general necessity as are not produced in this country; and should so adjust duties on other articles as to give fair and equal protection as far as practicable to all products of American industry.

3. Considering the compact, extensive and persistent efforts of the free trade interest to destroy American industry, and weaken our national resources, it is the duty of all the industrial interests of the nation to unite in a common effort to counteract this foreign free trade policy.

4. We regard the present duties on wool and woolen goods as well adapted to promote and harmonize the true interests of producers and consumers of wool and woolen fabrics; we therefore have full faith in the ultimate results of the tariff, and insist that it be neither modified nor repealed until time shall have fully demonstrated its effects.

5. That "the interests of wool manufacturers and wool growers, being recognized as identical, further measures should be adopted to make each class familiar with the respective wants and necessities of the other."

DISCUSSION CONTINUED.

Hon. Henry S. Randall, Chairman of the meeting, was then called upon, but declined to speak, as he was very much fatigued.

REMARKS OF COL. HARRIS.

Col. Harris, being called for an address, responded in a few remarks. He alluded to the clamor about tariff on wool, having been a failure, and contended that there was no foundation for it. The manufacturers were magnanimous and had always treated the wool growers fairly. At Syracuse they saw that their interests were linked with those of the wool growers, and since then had been in harmony with them. The free traders assert that the growers were asking for special protection, just as though one great branch of industry would prosper or be depressed and the others not be affected by it. The man who raised hogs in the valley of the Scioto was just as much interested in having a tariff as the wool growers in New York or Illinois. No exclusive protection was asked for wool, but that American industry generally should receive the protection of the law.

REMARKS OF MR. BIGHAM.

Hon. T. J. Bigham, ex-State Senator, was called upon and responded briefly. He stated that he was not familiar with the wool growing interest, but he was glad to observe that the resolutions which had been adopted by the National Association were broad enough to cover all the industrial interests of the country. He had always taken a lively interest in the great subject of protection to American industry, and would at all times do what he could to further this important object. Some of the manufacturers of the city had expressed dissatisfaction with the duty imposed upon wool, but these complaints were no longer heard, and the measure was generally acquiesced in.

COL. COOPER'S REMARKS.

Colonel James M. Cooper was next called upon, and responded in a brief speech. He had long been an advocate of protection to the manufacturing interests, and perhaps had acquired some reputation for his efforts in that direction. He was not a wool grower, but a manufacturer of steel. Several years ago he was an importer of steel, and he learned his first lesson on the tariff question from that great American statesman, Henry Clay. These lessons were taught him while engaged in a business, the interests of which were seemingly opposed to protection; but he came to the conclusion that the only way in which he could succeed as an importer was through the general prosperity of the country. During the closing period of the 39th Congress he was in Washington, doing what little he could to assist in securing such legislation as would tend to protect the industrial interests of the country. He was pleased in bearing testimony to the fairness with which the wool-growers had treated the gentlemen representing the other industrial interests, and had no word of complaint to utter against them for the course which they had pursued. He referred to the intimate relation existing between the several interests, and remarked that he might as well expect his right arm to grow and flourish while his body was going to decay, as that one of these interests could prosper without the prosperity of the others.

SPEECH OF DR. M'COOK.

Dr. George McCook was called upon and made a brief speech, stating that he was not prepared to speak upon the question under consideration but would say that he believed the industrial interests should be recognized and appreciated by every citizen in the country, and any one who did not recognize these interests was not, properly speaking, a citizen of this country. [Applause.]

SPEECH OF MR. MONTGOMERY.

Hon. R. M. Montgomery was requested to speak and said he did not feel disposed to occupy the time of the meeting, and the remarks of the gentlemen who preceded him covered the principal points that were deserving of attention. We have as an association expressed our friendship with other interests, and our conviction of the propriety of fostering all branches of mechanical industry, and many of us are committed to protection. We are perhaps in favor of a revenue tariff—that is such a tariff as will be sufficient for revenue purposes. I am in favor of protection, and will say that until we become willing to live as the laboring population of the old countries live, in the kind of homes, and travel in the kind of conveyance—go on foot when we ride; willing to live and go without other clothing than is absolutely necessary; when willing to dispose of our churches, school houses, and all those institutions that make our country great and promote our civilization, then we can consent to free trade and place ourselves on a level with them. In reference to the amount of protection that may be necessary for revenue purposes, some reports made by Mr. Wells and others show that the tariff reaches a large sum annually. Under the present system of financial affairs our money is not worth as much as that of foreign nations by forty per cent. In regard to the matter of wool to which I have given special attention, the amount of money Government receives is not equal to the amount of money we will receive when the bonds that have gone to Germany have been paid.

In reference to the alleged special tariff on wool, it has been said to us frequently, why should you wool men ask protection when it is not given to others?

[illegible]

# SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

## EUROPE.

**BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.**

**Arrest of a Fenian Head Center.**

**French Evacuation of Rome Commenced.**

**NOTE FROM BARON VON BEUST.**

**Maintenance of the Pope's Temporal Power Necessary for the Peace of Europe.**

**Prussia Agrees to the Conference.**

**Treaty of France and Austria on Eastern Question.**

**Territorial Integrity of Ottoman Empire to be Maintained.**

**Fenian Arrested.**

LONDON, November 27.—The notorious Fenian head-center, Francis, who has succeeded in eluding the authorities for a long time, was captured by the police at Dublin late last evening. Papers found in his possession leave no doubt of his complicity in the present Fenian operations.

**French Evacuating Rome.**

PARIS, November 27.—The evacuation of Roman territory by the French troops has already commenced. Several transports with soldiers have left Civita Vecchia for Toulon, and more will follow.

**Debate on the Abyssinian War.**

LONDON, November 27.—In the House of Commons last night, the debate on the Abyssinian war became quite animated, and was prolonged to a late hour. A disposition was shown in the discussion to press the ministry on the ground that they had sent off a military and naval expedition to Abyssinia on the sole advice of General Robert Napier, its Commander, without obtaining the sanction of Parliament, but the Government made a satisfactory defense of its action, and at the conclusion of the debate the supply of two million pounds, required by the Chancellor of the Exchequer to meet the expense of the war, was voted.

**The Abyssinian Expedition.**

Dispatches from the Abyssinian Expedition say large supplies of volunteers from Nubia have been offered to the British Commander.

**Note from Von Beust.**

LONDON, Evening, November 27.—Baron Von Beust, Austrian Prime Minister, has issued a diplomatic note, in which he declares the maintenance of the temporal power of the Pope is necessary for the peace of Europe.

**Liberty of Speech in Prussia.**

BERLIN, November 27.—The Prussian Diet, by a vote of 181 to 160, has adopted a resolution declaring that the Constitution of Prussia guarantees the liberty of speech. This vote was the result of a long discussion on the case of Deputy Twesten, who was arrested, tried and heavily sentenced for words spoken in debate.

**Prussia Agrees to the Conference.**

PARIS, November 27.—Prussia has agreed to the proposition for a general European conference.

**The Eastern Question.**

It is said France and Austria have concluded a special treaty in regard to their future policy on the Eastern question, and that by one of its clauses they pledge themselves to maintain the territorial integrity of the Ottoman Empire.

**London Money Market.**

LONDON, November 27, Noon.—Consols 94¼; Bonds, 70 9-16; Illinois, 88¾; Erie, 47¾.

2 o'clock P. M.—American securities active and very firm; Bonds, 70¾; Illinois, 89; Erie, 47¾.

LONDON, November 27, Evening.—Consols, 94½; 5-20's, 70¾; Illinois Central, 89; Erie, 48.

**Frankfort Money Market.**

FRANKFORT, November 27, Evening.—United States 5-20's 75¾.

**Liverpool Markets.**

LIVERPOOL, November 27, Noon.—Corn advanced to 54s 6d. California white wheat declined to 16s 6d.

2 o'clock P. M.—Cotton heavy and declined 1/8d since opening; Breadstuffs quiet. Provisions dull. Pork declined to 70s, lard to 50s, and bacon to 47s.

LIVERPOOL, November 27, Evening.—Cotton closed heavy at a further decline of 1-16d; middling uplands 7 3-16d; Orleans 8 1-16d; sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs closed quiet and unchanged. Provisions—Lard declined to 50s. Beef steady at 117s 6d. Pork at 70s. Bacon dull at 47s for Cumberland cut middles. Produce unchanged.

**Antwerp Petroleum Market.**

ANTWERP, November 27, Evening.—Petroleum lower; standard white 43 francs, 75 centimes.

## RICHMOND.

**Witnesses in the Davis Case Before the Grand Jury.**

RICHMOND, November 26.—Seddon, Letcher, and several of the witnesses for the Government were before the Grand Jury to-day which shows that Davis will be tried on a new indictment at the March term. He will remain here several days, and will not spend the winter in Canada.

The Confederate Secretary of War, Seddon, was before the Grand Jury all the morning. This afternoon General Lee was before the jury, and questioned for about two hours. The jury has found a new indictment. It is about six times as long as the old one, but only presents the same facts more in detail. On the 22d of March Davis will be taken into custody by the Marshal on this indictment. General Lee and Mr. Seddon were recognized to appear as witnesses. Davis's movements as yet are uncertain.

Delegates to the Reconstruction Convention, which meets on Tuesday, are already arriving. The *New Nation* says the first act of that body should be to vacate all State offices held by rebels and put loyal men in.

At a Republican meeting to-night, a petition to Gen. Schofield was adopted, asking that at future elections the city police be removed from the polls, and military protection substituted.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

**Arrival from Sitka—Soldier Killed by Indians.**

SAN FRANCISCO, November 26.—The United States steamer Ossippee, from Sitka via Victoria, arrived to-day. The English consul to Honolulu is a passenger. The Nicaragua steamship Moses Taylor, from San Juan, and the ship Saint Mark, from New York, and Flatwick, from Hamburg, have arrived here.

John C. Carrol, of the Thirty-Second United States Infantry, was killed by the Appache Indians near Tuscon, November 5th.

The steamship Continental, from Mazatlan, November 18, has arrived. Gen. Allen, Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Pacific, and Col. Leonard Penado, of the Mexican army, are passengers. The reported difficulties about supplies of the army in Arizona and Guaymas by custom house authorities have been satisfactorily arranged.

Shocks of an earthquake were felt at Unionville, Nevada, yesterday, the first accompanied by a sound resembling thunder. Its course was north and south.

## NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 27, 1867.

FAILURE OF A DRY GOODS HOUSE.

The *Post* says the dry goods firm of F. R. Sherwin & Co., on Union Square, failed to-day. Their liabilities are said to be heavy, and assets small. The premises are in the hands of the Sheriff, and creditors are removing goods by writs of replevin. Nearly all the goods on the main floor have already been removed. The capital employed by the firm was $150,000. They expended $100,000 in fitting up the premises, and their lease was for twenty-one years.

SMALL POX.

The ship Palmerston, from Hamburg, lost twelve passengers during the voyage, from small pox.

THE BUCKEYE VISITORS.

The Mayor and Council, of Columbus, visited the charitable Institutions to-day.

## AUGUSTA.

**Meeting of Conservatives—People Urged to Defeat Reconstruction.**

AUGUSTA, November 27.—At a meeting of citizens of Richmond county to-night, a preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted in favor of universal amnesty, the abolition of oaths as a qualification for office, impartial suffrage and urging the people of the State to organize and defeat the reconstruction under the military bills. Twenty-four delegates were appointed to the conservative convention at Macon. The meeting was largely attended and enthusiastic.

## THE NATIONAL FINANCES

**IMPORTANT LETTER FROM HON. R. J. WALKER.**

**He Recommends Immediate Resumption of Specie Payments, and Advises the Abolition of the Internal Revenue System—How our Taxation Can be Reduced.**

The Hon. Robert J. Walker, former Secretary of the Treasury, is preparing, at the request of his friends, an elaborate letter upon the national finances. It will be remembered that Mr. Walker advocated Secretary Chase's national banking and financial system in 1863, and after that became a law he went to Europe, by request of Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Chase, as the financial agent of the Government, and caused our loans to be taken, mainly in Germany, to the extent of several hundred millions of dollars. It is believed that he will in a few days publish this letter, which we learn is to embrace the following points:

1. The immediate resumption of specie payments to be effected by a foreign loan as proposed by him in December, 1864. This, he believes, can be obtained at par in gold at six per cent. This would make all our greenbacks equal to gold, as also our national bank currency, and all deposits in the national banks, and put our whole bonded debt of $2,000,000,000 at par in gold. This, he thinks, would add at once at least $1,000,000,000 to the active wealth of the country as represented by currency and negotiable credit, and prevent a collapse. Governor Walker is opposed alike to paper expansion and contraction, as both necessarily leading in his judgment to repudiation.

2. An immediate restoration of the Union and the reduction of our expenditures to a peace basis. These expenditures thus reduced, including the payment of interest on the public debt, and a very small and gradual reduction of the principal he thinks ought not to exceed $2[illegible],000,000 a year in gold. The payment of [illegible] expenditures in gold, instead [illegible] the Government [illegible] of paper would be equivalent at once to 30 per cent. reduction of these expenses. Thus, immediately resuming specie payments and reducing the expenditures to a sum not exceeding $200,000,000 a year, he thinks that a tariff or revenue would bring at least $300,000,000 a year, increasing every year with our augmented wealth and population.

3d. The immediate abolition of our whole internal system of taxation, including the income tax, the tax on sales, stamp tax, and all other internal taxes, except the excise on [illegible], fermented and spirituous liquors, and tobacco [illegible] or surrendering their taxes on these articles [illegible] he believed that proceeds to fraud and rascality [illegible] be realized. at least $120,000,000 a year [illegible] $320,000,000 in gold per annum, which would [illegible] a very large margin, far more than he thinks is required. Should it yield much more than is wanted, he would still further reduce the taxation by taking off duties on sugar, tea, and coffee. Should there still be a surplus he is in favor of still further reducing or repealing all duties on the necessaries of life not produced in this country. Should there still remain a surplus he favors devoting it to great national works of internal improvement. He thinks, as he always has, that the raw material of domestic manufactures should be duty free, and exempt from excise or taxation.

4. The national banking system should be sustained and improved upon, repealing the monopoly clause and leaving all perfectly free to establish banks who will comply with the laws of Congress, thus giving all sections of the country as large an amount of substantial circulating medium as their interests require.

## ALABAMA.

**Proceedings of Reconstruction Convention.**

MONTGOMERY, November 27.—The Reconstruction Convention passed an ordinance abolishing the County of Colbert, created at the last session of the Legislature.

The action taken yesterday with reference to judicial officers was reconsidered, and an amendment adopted to elect all judicial officers, including Supreme Court Judge, by popular vote. All officers, executive, legislative and judicial, are now to be elected by the people.

An article was offered and referred, providing that the next General Assembly shall have authority to alter or amend the article on the elective franchise of the Constitution, provided such alteration shall not operate to remove the disabilities of any class disfranchised by said article, and that no person shall be disqualified by such alteration or amendment who aided the enemies of the United States in the late rebellion and has assisted in reconstructing this State in accordance with the reconstruction laws of Congress. A test vote shows this article will be adopted. Under it the next Legislature has authority to continue the policy of proscription.

The Convention resolved to observe Thanksgiving day to-morrow.

## LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

**Troubles with Wachitaw Indians—Work on the Lawrence and Galveston Railroad.**

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, November 27.—Information from Indian territory states that agent Shanklin has had difficulty in removing the Wachitaw Indians to their new reservation near Fort Cobb. After going about twenty miles, they refused to go further, and said that they didn't want Shanklin for their agent. One sick Indian and a sick squaw were left behind, who subsequently died and were eaten by wolves.

The Osage Indians say that they will join the Cheyennes in spring in war against the Arapahoes.

Wm. Sturges, President of the Lawrence and Galveston Railroad, states that the first section of the road, thirty miles south of here to Ottawa, will be completed January first. The track is now being laid at the rate of one mile per day, and next week work will be prosecuted day and night.

## LOUISIANA.

**The Reconstruction Convention.**

NEW ORLEANS, November 27.—In the Convention to-day Mr. Wickliffe (white), of New Orleans, offered the following resolutions:

*Resolved*, That we hereby utterly repudiate all desire for class legislation and all desire to Africanize the State; that we do not as a people or a party desire or meditate the countenance of bloodshed or revenge; that all we claim is equality before the law for all men without distinction of race or color or previous condition; that we deprecate the sentiments expressed in a leading article in the New Orleans *Republican*, in its issue of the 23d inst., and denounce said article as uncalled for, incendiary and dangerous to the best interests of the party, and declare said article does not represent the sentiments, wishes or purposes of the radical Republican party of Louisiana or the colored race.

The resolutions were discussed amid considerable excitement, and finally tabled by a vote of 46 to 31. The Committee reported a series of rules and regulations, which were adopted entire. The convention then adjourned till Friday.

## WESTON.

**He is to Arrive in Chicago at Eleven O'Clock To-day.**

CHICAGO, November 27.—Weston left Laporte, Ind., at five o'clock this morning, passing Calumet at eleven o'clock. He will probably stop at the Hyde Park House, five miles from here, to-night. Very extensive police arrangements are made for his arrival here at eleven o'clock to-morrow morning.

## THE PRIZE RING.

**Collyer Whips Kelly—101 Rounds Fought**

WILMINGTON, DEL., November 27.—The prize fight came off in Chester county, Pa., this afternoon. One hundred and one rounds were fought in one hour and fifty minutes. Collyer is the winner and is not much hurt. Kelly is very seriously injured.

Three men entered the First National Bank of Independence, Mo., at five o'clock yesterday afternoon, and while one guarded the door the other two rifled the safe and drawers. Wm. McCoy, cashier, and a clerk were then locked up in the vault, where they remained two hours. Stone, McCoy & Co., bankers, had just placed their funds in the vault of the National Bank for safety during the night, and this was also taken. Amount of the loss not yet ascertained.

Edward K. Webb, John Eagan, Geo. Peebles and Bernard Noltrey, under indictment for counterfeiting and circulating national bank and postal currency, have suddenly disappeared from Albany, N. Y., on the eve of their final examination.

Geo. Francis Train, Mrs. Cady Stanton and Susan B. Anthony entertained a very large audience in Louisville last night. Their speeches on woman suffrage were favorably received by both sexes.

OPENING OF THE CATHOLIC ORPHAN ASYLUM.—The new Catholic Orphan Asylum, situated on Tannehill street, between Wylie street and Center Avenue, was formally opened last night. The corner-stone of the building was laid in June, 1866, since which time the work has been prosecuted with vigor. The main building has a front of two hundred feet, with a depth of fifty feet. The rear edifice is ninety-[illegible] feet in length, by forty four feet in width. The buildings are very substantial and present a fine appearance. A Thanksgiving Festival will be held to-day and to-night.

## CITY MATTERS.

**LABOR REFORM.**

**City Convention of the Labor Reform Party—Candidates for City Offices Nominated.**

The delegates to the City Labor Reform Convention re-assembled last evening pursuant to adjournment, in the Hall of the Firemen's Association, in the City Building. The Convention was called to order by George Baber, Esq., who stated that on the evening of the 6th of November the Convention met and elected him as Chairman. An adjournment had, however, been ordered until the 27th, and in accordance with the resolution the Convention had now reconvened.

The Secretary, Mr. H. B. Hagey, then called over the list of delegates, when the following gentlemen answered to their names:

First ward—Ed. Sullivan, George Baber.
Second ward—Samuel Steel, H. B. Hagey.
Third ward—W. P. McBride.
Fourth ward—Joseph Tatem.
Fifth ward—First Precinct—James Stevens, John Steel. Second Precinct—Joseph Dunn, Samuel Ellison, Jr.
Sixth ward—First Precinct—W. A. McLaughlin, George Snowden. Second Precinct—Samuel Lambert, W. D. Reiter.
Seventh ward—Francis Hanlin, B. A. McGinty.
Eighth ward—Adam Tenemey, Isaac McCord.
Ninth ward—Wm. M. Reed, Matthew Green.
Tenth ward—John M. Eakman, Peter Rattigan.
Oakland township—Joseph Jones, Daniel Coyle.
Pitt township—Henry A. George.
Lawrenceville—First Precinct—James F. Allen, John F. Smith. Second precinct—Geo. W. Clay, Wm. Eeler.

Mr. McGinty moved that the Convention proceed to nominate candidates for the various city offices.

A delegate moved that a majority of votes be necessary to a choice, which was adopted.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate candidates with the following result:

For Mayor—James Blackmore. The nomination was made unanimous.

For Treasurer—Samuel Allinder and Edward A. Frethy. Mr. Frethy withdrew his name, when Mr. Allinder was declared the unanimous choice of the Convention.

For Controller—Thomas W. Wright and Edward A. Frethy.

For City Attorney—Hill Burgwin, Wm. Maginn and J. Alvin Euwer.

A ballot was then entered into for the selection of candidates for Controller and City Attorney resulting as follows.

FOR CONTROLLER.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thos. W. Wright | 20 | Ed. A. Frethy | 7 |

FOR CITY ATTORNEY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hill Burgwin | 21 | Wm. Maginn | 2 |
| J. Alvin Euwer | 3 | | |

On motion of Mr. McBride, the nominations of Messrs. Thomas W. Wright, for Treasurer, and Hill Burgwin, for City Attorney, were made unanimous.

Mr. McBride moved that the Convention pledge itself to sustain the whole ticket. Adopted unanimously.

On motion, Messrs. Lambert, Evans, Sullivan, Reed and McBride were appointed a committee to notify the candidates of their nominations. The chairman was afterwards added to the committee.

The Chairman was instructed to appoint a City Executive Committee, after which the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

**Republican Primary Meeting in the Sixth Ward.**

The primary meeting of the Republicans of the Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, to name candidates for nomination for Ward offices, was held last evening in the School House. Jared M. Brush, Esq., was called to the chair, and J. R. Newman, Esq., appointed Secretary.

The meeting proceeded to name candidates for nomination as follows:

FIRST PRECINCT.

Select Council—A. M. Brown.

Common Council—(Three to nominate,) Jared M. Brush, John Rebman, Charles Jeremy and D. L. Fleming.

Judge of Elections—Geo. W. Gillespie.
Return Inspector—John Marshall.
Inspector of Election—Isaac N. Coursin.
School Directors—(two to nominate,) Thomas Roberts and John Marshall.

SECOND PRECINCT.

Select Council—James P. Tanner.

Common Council—(Two to nominate)—Robert Robb, Wm. Barnhill and Dr. Josiah McCandless.

Judge of Elections—Samuel Scott, Robt. McCreedy and Geo. Cochran, Jr.
Inspector of Elections—John Scott.
Return Inspector—Alex. Seanor, Geo. F. Morgan, John G. Bryant.
School Directors—(Two to nominate,) Wm. K. Hart, George Cochran, Sr., Jos. Hartman, Wm. Coleman, V. G. Elliott, John Boyd, David M. Chambers and Jacob H. Walter.

THE WARD AT LARGE.

Alderman—Joseph A. Butler.

Assessor—Wm. Shore, Sr.

Constable—Wm. Shore, Sr., and Wm. J. Logan.

The election will take place at the usual places of holding elections, on Saturday next, between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M.

On motion, Messrs. George W. Gillespie, Wm. Shore, Jr., and James Lindsay were appointed to conduct the election.

On motion, Messrs. Joseph A. Butler, D. L. Fleming and Charles Jeremy were appointed a Committee on Printing.

The meeting then adjourned.

**Meeting of the Soldiers' League.**

A meeting of the Allegheny County Soldiers' League was held on Tuesday evening, at their hall in Allegheny. The Library Committee announced donations from Mrs. E. Y. Patterson, R. Stephenson and Mrs. J. G. Stephenson, and, on motion, a vote of thanks was tendered to the donors. A resolution was adopted tendering the use of the League hall on Sunday evenings to the Young Men's Christian Association for religious purposes, and the Corresponding Secretary instructed to notify the President of the Association of the action of the League. On motion, the formal opening of the library was deferred to a future period. After some discussion, it was decided to have a public meeting of the League at their hall this (Thanksgiving) afternoon, commencing at three o'clock, at which matters of great importance will be discussed. Some miscellaneous business was then transacted and the League adjourned. After the adjournment, the Board of Library Managers met. The principal business transacted was in reference to the propriety of getting up a series of free lectures, which, after considerable discussion, was referred to the Lecture Committee. The report of Mr. Wright, the canvasser appointed to procure subscriptions to the Library, was read, and proved highly encouraging. The Board then adjourned.

**A Hot Salt Well Struck in Allegheny.**

For months past a company has been engaged in boring for oil or salt on the low grounds in the Fifth ward, Allegheny, opposite the property of John B. Kennedy, Esq. The well had been sunk to the depth of fifteen hundred feet, and the owners fearing that their labors were in vain, were about to abandon the project. At an early hour yesterday morning, however, a vein of hot salt water was struck, and the tools being at once removed, a stream about as thick as a man's wrist was forced a considerable height above the mouth of the well, and continued to flow during the entire day. The excitement in the neighborhood was very great, and during the afternoon it reached fever heat. This is the second salt well that has been struck in the vicinity, W. B. Foss, Esq., having struck one on his property some years since, which proved very profitable.

**Serious Accident to a Well-Known Citizen.**

Wade Hampton, Esq., late Postmaster of this city, met with a very serious accident on Monday night last. He was on board a steamboat coming down the Monongahela river, and while walking about the boat after dark, accidentally fell through a hatchway. When picked up he was insensible, but was soon restored to consciousness. It was found that his collar bone had been broken, a deep gash cut on his forehead and he was otherwise seriously injured. Every attention was paid him by the officers of the boat, and upon its arrival at the wharf in this city, he was removed to the residence of his brother-in-law, R. E. Sellers, Esq., on Penn street. He remained there until Tuesday evening, when he was removed to his residence near Oakland, where he is now lying in a serious condition. His attending physicians however, report that he was considerably improved yesterday.

**The Mendelssohn Quintette Club.**

As has heretofore been announced in these columns, the famous Mendelssohn Quintette Club, of Boston, will give two of their unrivalled musical entertainments in this city at the Academy of Music, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings next. We have watched the progress of this Club since they commenced their present—the nineteenth—annual tour, and confess to no little astonishment at the *furore* they have created wherever they have appeared. In no one instance since leaving Boston have they failed to perform to crowded and fashionable audiences, and musical circles have been all astir during their stay. Judging from the lengthy and able criticisms we have read, the critics have exhausted the lexicon to find words to express their admiration of the Mendelssohn's concerts.

**Relief Fund.**

The following additional subscriptions to the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the late explosion are acknowledged:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mr. Scully | $ 5 00 | Bennett | 25 00 |
| Friend'p Lodge, No. 117, Birmingham | 25 00 | J. H. Shoenberger | 50 00 |
| West Manchester | 11 00 | Shoenberger & Co., and their employees | 333 50 |
| J. W. Kreps, collect on Birmingham | 62 15 | Total | 494 10 |
| Four little girls | 1 50 | Amount previously reported | 12,295 70 |
| Machinists' and Blacksmith's Union, Pittsburgh, by Leo | | Total | 12,788 80 |

W. M. CLANEY, Treasurer.

NINTH WARD NOMINATIONS.—The Republicans of the Ninth ward held their primary meeting yesterday to select candidates for Select and Common Councils to be voted for at the ensuing municipal election. The contest was unusually interesting, and a large vote was polled. The following was the result:

SELECT COUNCIL.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| David McClelland | 465 | Chas H Armstrong | 242 |
| A J Cochran | 460 | Dav Crawford | 240 |

COMMON COUNCIL.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Thos W Welsh | 428 | Ardel Mecklin | 218 |
| Thos Posewell | 441 | James Lewis | 207 |
| W H Berger | 460 | G W Bitner | 174 |

ALLEGHENY CITY AND SNYDER'S HOLLOW PASSENGER RAILWAY.—The friends of this enterprise met yesterday afternoon at Mr. Grey's Hotel, corner of Jackson street and Pasture lane, Allegheny. The Committee appointed to secure subscriptions reported that $15,000 had already been subscribed to the project. The report was received and the Committee continued. It was proposed to change the route of the road from Monterey street to Buena Vista street, but definite action on the matter was postponed until the next meeting, which will be held on Wednesday next, at the same time and place.

THEODORE TILTON'S LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—This distinguished lecturer will speak to-night in Dr. Swift's Church, Beaver street, Allegheny, on the subject, "Art of Using the Mind." Mr. Tilton's popularity as a lecturer should insure to the Association, under whose auspices he lectures, an overflowing house.


**A Remarkable Feature**

At the Concert at the Female College on last Tuesday evening, was the charming Piano used by the performers. Its magnificent tone filled the whole Chapel with a very flood of melody, and even in the very softest and sweetest passages every note rang out as distinctly as the warbling of a bird; especially in the duett for violin and piano, played by Professor and Mrs. Blessner, was its exquisite singing tone manifest, both instruments blending together in sweetest harmony, like two fresh human voices. The piano was one of the now much talked of Decker Pianos, which are making such a stir in our musical circles, and Prof. Blessner evinced superior musical perception in selecting this piano on which to give his first public performance, and for the Decker Piano to be selected by such a thorough musician and accomplished artist, is indeed a noteworthy recommendation. The piano was furnished from the rooms of Mr. C. C. Mellor, the sole agent for the Decker. May we hear more of them in future concerts.



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**Two Thousand Seven Hundred**

*And four* is the actual number of Pianos at present turned out per year by the firm of *Steinway & Sons. Fifty-two* grand, square and upright Pianos per week! And not only do they find ready sale for this vast army of instruments, but they are constantly behind their orders. Their fame extends to all quarters of the globe, and they are rapidly superceding all other manufacturers. The secret of this phenomenal success is simply that they make the finest and sweetest toned Pianos in the world, and last twice as long as any other Piano. Take a man from the plow or the iron forge, play him a tune, in exactly the same way, upon a Steinway, and then upon any other make of instruments, and he will invariably pick upon the Steinway as the one which pleases his ear best. This test has been applied a thousand times, and invariably with the same result.

The Steinways took the first prize medal over all competitors (Chickering received the *second*) at the Paris Exposition, and purchasers who want to procure the *very best* that can be had, and get full value received for their investment, will, in their own interest, have to buy a Steinway and no other. At the Great Western Depot, H. Kleber & Bro., 122 Wood street, Pittsburgh, the choicest stock of these unequaled pianos are offered, and at prices which defy Eastern or Western competition.


## RELIGIOUS.

THANKSGIVING.—THE REV. WM. M. YOUNG, Pastor of the Union Baptist Church, will preach a Sermon appropriate to the occasion, THURSDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. The public are requested to attend; Grant near Sixth street.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner Smithfield and Sixth streets. Rev. Dr. JACOBUS will preach a Thanksgiving Discourse THIS (Thursday) MORNING. Service at 10½. The Third Presbyterian Church will unite in the service. The public are invited.


*Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only—*TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

## WANTED.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Gentlemen can be accommodated with first-class Board by applying at No. 139 Grant street. Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, to rent.

WANTED—MEN IMMEDIATELY—Men looking for business to call and examine the merits of Arnold's Self-Cleaning Curry Comb, patented October, 1866. For its cheapness, simplicity and merits, nothing can equal it. Business seekers, one and all, call and see it, and you will confess that never before was there offered in the State of Pennsylvania such a splendid opportunity to make money rapidly as in this, the most successful invention of the day. CUSHING & LOCKHART, Room 38, St. Clair Hotel.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER—Must be thoroughly reliable, a man of middle age and a thorough accountant. None other need apply. To such a person a responsible and permanent position will be given, with a liberal salary. Address, with references, Box No. 450, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—TO ADOPT—To adopt a little girl from two to four years of age. An entire orphan preferred. Address X. Z. B., Commercial office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—ARMY GUNS—Army Revolvers. $10 cash for Spencer Rifles or Carbines; $5 to $7 cash for Sharp's Rifles or Carbines; $5 to $6 cash for Colt's Army or Navy Revolvers. Cash paid for every description of Fire Arms. Persons having any of above Arms can send them by Express c. o. d. to J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 334 Penn street, corner Wayne, Pittsburgh.

## WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—SPECIAL AGENT—A first-class Life Insurance Company wishes to secure the service of an energetic man to operate in Western Pennsylvania, at either salary or commission. Address with reference, and where an interview can be had, "General Agent," Commercial office.

WANTED—AGENT—An established first-class Company requires the services of a Gentleman, young or middle-aged, who is willing to undertake laborious duties, which, properly discharged, will bring a competence. Indispensable requisites are: Good address, integrity, energy and perseverance. The man who is sufficiently self-reliant to believe that what many others are doing, he can do, and who has the spirit and determination to act in accordance with that belief, may address Life Commission Contract, P. O. Box No. 6,767, New York.

## RAILROAD POSTING.

TO BUSINESS MEN—ADVERTISING—I propose immediately to travel over one of the leading Railway routes running out of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of writing in ineffaceable letters upon rocks, fences and other prominent and conspicuous places, the advertisements of certain representative business houses, and will distribute bills and posters in every city, town and village on the route. I am prepared to make arrangements with a few more first-class houses for similar work. Satisfaction guaranteed and references given. Address "Bill Poster," Commercial office.

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—No. 191 Liberty street. Possession can be given immediately.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—The rooms now occupied by the Secretary of the Union Railroad and Transportation Company, No. 23 Fifth street, over O. McClintock & Co.'s Carpet store. These rooms are very desirable for offices, being located in the center of business, and on Fifth street, now being laid with the Nicolson pavement, rendering them free from noise, etc. Front room contains large fire proof vault. Possession can be had on the 1st proximo. Inquire of OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO. 23 Fifth street.

## FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—BRICK BUILDING—One two story Brick Building, 59x100, Nos. 410, 412 and 414 Penn street, extending back to Spring alley, with Twelve Years Lease of the Ground, suitable for Feed Store or Warehouse, or could be divided into two or three stores, as desired. For particulars, apply at the Office of Excelsior Omnibus Co., opposite Union Depot, Liberty street.

## FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—BARGE—A good Barge, nearly new, 100 feet long 16 feet wide, 4½ feet gunnel. Apply to D. B. THOMAS, St. Clair Hotel, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—STOCK, LEASE, &c—The Stock, Office Furniture, Four Years Lease and the Good Will of a first-class Wholesale Grocery and Commission House, on Liberty street. For further particulars, address Box 39, Pittsburgh P. O.

FOR SALE—TYPE METAL—One Thousand to Fifteen Hundred pounds Type Metal. Apply at this office.

## FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE!

FOR SALE—HOUSE, LAND, &c.—Four and a half Acres in the Borough of Bellevue, on the New Brighton Turnpike, three and a half miles from the Allegheny Market House, and within ten minutes walk of Jack's Run and Neville station, Pitts. Ft. W. & C. R. R., accessible by eight trains daily, on which is erected a two story Frame Dwelling, of seven Rooms, and a Stable for two horses and two cows, with a Carriage Shed. The grounds are planted in Fruit Trees of all kinds, Dwarf and Standard Quinces, Grapes, &c., and a never failing Spring of soft water near the door, convenient to Church, School and Postoffice. For terms, &c., apply to J. L. MILLER, at office of Braddock's Field Gas Coal Co., corner Anderson street and Church Avenue, Allegheny city, Pa.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS—Three very desirable Building Lots, situate with a front of 20 feet each on Bank Lane, near the Hand street bridge, Allegheny, and extending north to Isabella street, now occupied by O. C. Boyle as a lumber yard. Those wishing to purchase will please apply immediately to JOHN STERRITT, Real Estate Agent, No. 70 Diamond, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE—A valuable Property in the center part of Millersburg, the county seat of Holmes county, Ohio, used and fixed up in the most superior style, as a wholesale and retail Liquor business and Restauration, and bringing an annual rent of $934 00. It will be sold with all the Furniture and Fixtures, for the low price of $4,000 cash. Apply to C. KRIMNITZ, owner, at Millersburg.

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Wool Plaids and Plaid Poplins;
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# The Daily Commercial

**THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1867.**

*THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.*

*As proof of the estimate placed on the market reports of the COMMERCIAL, we will state that they are regularly copied by the New York Economist, Shipping List, Iron Age, and other papers of this character in that and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly reprint them with credit. There is within five hundred miles, hardly an Iron Factory, Oil Refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the COMMERCIAL, principally, because its reports are the only full and reliable given of the Pittsburgh markets.*

THE indications are that Congress will speedily relieve domestic manufactures from direct taxation. This will be a practical measure of relief both to labor and capital. The proposition is by no means exclusively in the interest of manufacturers, since the removal of the tax will just so much lessen the cost of articles entering into common consumption. It is, therefore, a proposition that looks to the relief of consumers chiefly, and will prove emphatically a people's measure.

THE majority report on the impeachment question was written by the Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS of the Twenty-third District of Pennsylvania. It was mainly prepared several months ago, and would have constituted the minority report but for the accession to the impeachers of Mr. CHURCHILL, of New York. The extreme length of the document—like most of the productions of that gentleman—is likely to prevent it being generally read. Even the House of Representatives declined to hear more than one-third of it. The report would fill about ten columns, small type, of the COMMERCIAL.

IT is gratifying to note that a movement has already been made in the House of Representatives looking towards economy. Wandering and useless Select Committees, pretending to investigate somebody or something, are themselves to be overhauled, and their clerks and other supernumeraries cut off. This is all right, if carried far enough. The work of economising begun, it is essential that honesty and capacity should be insured in filling the offices. Who will make a movement looking to the rigid and systematic examination of all persons applying for office, and the appointment of none not ascertained to be qualified?

GOVERNOR SEYMOUR has made the public declaration that he will not be a candidate for the Presidency by the National Democratic Convention. That he may not be misunderstood he has printed a letter to this effect. There is not in the land a more ambitious or selfish man than HORATIO SEYMOUR; but he is at the same time extremely cautious. Did he perceive a reasonable prospect of reaching the Presidency, he would be the very last man to decline the opportunity; and the fact that he has so promptly taken himself out of the field, is susceptible of the single interpretation that he believes his party is bound to be beaten.

WE learn that in the best informed financial circles in the East the opinion prevails that the impeachment proposition will not carry. The stern language of Mr. WILSON's minority report, and the fact that it is taking a strong hold on the sober judgment of the people and their representatives, seem to authorize the hope that Congress will also listen to it and vote down impeachment the first moment it gets a chance. Much depends, however, on whether the Republicans have a caucus, which, should the decision be for sustaining the majority report, would carry some voters to that side that would otherwise be given against it, and in this way King Caucus may yet effect the impeachment of the President.

ON our first page will be found a report of the action of the National Wool Growers' Association, together with the proceedings of a citizens' meeting, held for the purpose of discussing the all-important subject of protection to American industry. The resolutions adopted by the National Association are comprehensive and pointed, and at the same time reasonable and conciliatory in tone. Fair and equal protection is demanded for all interests, and all classes are called upon to unite in a common effort to counteract and defeat the foreign free trade policy now so vigorously advocated in this country. The speeches delivered at the citizens' meeting were able, argumentative and dignified, and we bespeak for them a careful perusal by all who are interested in the tariff, and the important questions connected with it. Harmony and unity of purpose among the representatives of the several industrial interests of the country are urgently demanded, and are essentially necessary to success. We are pleased to note the conciliatory tone of the resolutions and speeches, and the desire expressed for general harmony and co-operation.

## THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE WITH A VENGEANCE.

We are reliably informed that so anxious is Mr. BLACKMORE to be the People's candidate for Mayor, he is himself circulating the petition asking him to stand. In a few days we presume we shall see the call published, followed by Mr. BLACKMORE's reply "reluctantly consenting to yield to the pressing invitation of his fellow citizens to run for an office for which he has no aspirations." The game is small, even for small men, to engage in—and it won't win.

## THE IMPEACHMENT BUSINESS.

It is probable that we could not state a more significant fact than that, up to this time, so far as our observation extends, not a representative Republican paper, or indeed a Republican paper of any kind, has come out in unqualified support of the proposition to impeach the President on the testimony reported by the Judiciary Committee, while most of them strongly oppose such a course. This, we think, may be taken as accurately reflecting the Republican sentiment at the present moment. The terse report of the minority, signed by Messrs. WILSON and WOODBRIDGE, we apprehend, is pretty generally approved by the popular judgment. There is to-day no more respect or favor for ANDREW JOHNSON than there was when he was at the height of his treachery; but his impeachment on the testimony adduced, by no means necessarily follows. The gravity of the question, as a precedent, and its effect on our commercial and financial interests, is not lost sight of by the general public; and the Republican masses especially are alive to it, not less in the light of rigid justice than what is expedient to be done. If justice, the public good and honor of the nation demand the impeachment of the President, then let it be done. But this must first be shown, and so clearly, too, that it will be manifest to all the people, so that if the President be impeached, the act will receive the approval of the intelligent and conscientious portion of the American people. It should never be thought of as a mere party measure, and only to meet a high public necessity. That such a necessity actually exists we are compelled to say has not yet been made to appear.

## THANKSGIVING DAY.

The time honored custom of Puritan New England has at length become national. It had indeed been adopted by several of the other States at the recommendation of their Executives. But it is perhaps to the deeper sense of our dependence upon the Almighty, and the clearer view of our obligations to Him, resulting from the necessities and perils, the defeats and the successes incident to the recent stupendous insurrection and civil war, that we are indebted for the extension of this—hitherto a State observance—to the dimensions of a national festival. The genius of our institutions which recognizes the right of the private citizen to regulate all matters pertaining to religion according to his own convictions, and giving to each the utmost freedom consistent with the interest and happiness of the community and the purposes of good government, does not allow that this shall be established with legal sanction and obligation as with respect to the Sabbath day; but a free people in the possession of the blessings of an open Bible and a christianity the most evangelical and pure on the face of the earth, will never need to be driven to the altars of its faith and the shrines of its worhip by the lash of the magistrate or the fear of penalty for violated law. And thus the annual recurrence of the recommendation is looked for not as necessitating but as simply suggesting a day which may be uniformly accepted by the already willing people so that at one time there may go up unto GOD the praise and thanksgiving of the millions who bless the most high for the glorious land—the noble heritage which has fallen to them.

To the nation at large the year has not been without its troubles and difficulties. The clouds have sometimes gathered in the skies, and the sun has but dimly lighted the way. In uncertainty and perplexity men upon whom rested grave responsibilities have groped along the ways, and earnestly looked and longed for clearer light, but even as they went forward in trust and hope—in true and firm faith in Him who loves the right—a real progress was made, elevation and advancement in that which pertains to a noble humanity was secured. In a small part of our domain, "the pestilence that walketh in darkness and that wasteth at noonday" has spread the pall, and ladened the bier, and enriched the grave yards—has made dark shadows to cross the threshhold of many a happy home; and many a heart has bled, and many a cheek been wet with tears, as death has done his cruel work. As we recall the past, some things there are, perhaps, which the man, the citizen, the patriot would lament; some which he would fain amend or retrieve; some he would desire could be blotted from history. But in the general balancing the months of which the year is made up, it is unquestionable that there will be found grounds upon which may be based the most hearty thanksgiving. Our institutions, so recently imperilled, have stood the tests of the year, and stand in all their invulnerability and impregnable strength. The fears which were entertained of financial ruin have not been realized and the credit of the country has been abundantly sustained. The stringency which to some extent has effected financial circles, has as yet resulted in no marked distress or public panic, and the vast resources of the country, its marvelous recuperative energy, give confident assurance that by wise legislation and careful management these difficulties will speedily be overcome. In the lull which has partially obtained in the business and manufacturing activities of our own State and of the Union, it must be gratefully recorded, no severe distress or suffering has fallen upon the "sons and daughters of toil." A beneficent Providence has also "crowned the year with His goodness and His paths drop fatness." The golden ears have been gathered, and the harvest home sung with gladness, and our garners are filled with food. An autumnal season of unexampled mildness and beauty is making fewer the days during which the poor of the land are most in danger of privation and suffering, and even the calamity of the day has served to show how promptly the activity of Christian sympathy and love will afford the needed aid. The great questions of the day are such as pertain to the permanency of institutions which have proved abundantly fruitful in blessings to man—the ennobling and elevation of man—the equalization of rights and privileges, and the extension of knowledge of all truth and the highest moral and religious culture.

In the progress of the past, even in a temporary repulse, men of action and of faith are encouraged to gird themselves for the victory in the future, and all thankfully behold the dawnings of the day when the right shall be everywhere triumphant. The check may be accepted, but while looking for its cause, they are gathering power and momentum to sweep away the obstructions, and to move forward with accelerated speed.

With relations of the most peaceful character abroad, with plenty and increasing wealth, with a real and material prosperity, with the prospect of a firmer bond and a stronger unity between the different parts of our vast domain in the breaking down of fostered wrongs and the gift of withheld rights, with the prevalence of agitations simply designed to be in the interest of humanity and progress and elevation, with manifold evidences of GOD's care and protection, we may thankfully remember our obligations, and from the myriad sanctuaries, let the song of praise and the gushing thankfulness of our whole people, go up unto Him who is our only Sovereign and LORD—the merciful and loving Father of All.

## SHOULD GOVERNMENT OWN AND RUN THE TRUNK LINES OF RAILROADS?

JOSIAH QUINCY, of Boston, who has devoted a large amount of time to the investigation of such problems, read an elaborate paper before the late meeting of the Social Science Congress, advocating the affirmative of this proposition. Coming before the public under such auspices, there must be overwhelming objections to cause its rejection.

We take it for granted that these gentlemen mean that the Federal Government should own and manage these trunk lines of railroad. If not, even less uniformity would exist than at present. No well informed man can doubt that the Pennsylvania and New York Central Railroads to-day are more potent regulators of railroad transportation than their respective States could be if owners of the lines within each State. Nothing would therefore be gained on behalf of uniformity by changing the ownership and management of these trunk lines from corporations to States. In fact, the present tendency of corporation management, is towards the consolidation of a dozen of railroads, chartered by different States, into one mammoth corporation.

Perhaps in our own State it would not materially change the prospect of its adoption, even if the State Government could own our main line and would undertake this proposed reform. Only ten years since the people sold out the canals and railroads constructed and managed by the State Government because they had found out that politicians could manage such public works neither wisely nor well. The Pennsylvania Railroad we do not believe to be a very popular institution with a large majority of our readers; still in the general transportation of merchandise, we fancy the people of this State would vastly prefer its management to a return to the old system of State control.

If State management is out of the question, how would it probably be with the National Government? At the threshold we are met with a shoal of objections. First, how can the National Government get the ownership of these Roads, all of which are now held under State Charters? Is she to assert the right of eminent domain and take them at a valuation by viewers appointed by the Courts? The main lines and their connecting branches being so interwoven, how can she take the trunk lines and leave the branches undisturbed? Then there arises endless conflicts between the rights of the General and State Governments. A lifetime of one generation would not suffice to settle such questions.

But supposing all these questions disposed of, and we would come to the management by the National Government of the trunk lines of Railroads leading East and West, can we hope to avoid the experience of our own State in the character of the men appointed to manage these Railroads? Must the whole Government employees be changed every four years, or at least as often as a new party comes into power? Would such an administration give more of vigor or economy than the corporation system with all its evils? The present system, we admit, has evils—very grave and serious evils. But would you not, in attempting to escape these, probably be jumping out of the fryingpan into the fire? Or is it not the part of wisdom to "bear those ills we have," rather than "fly to others that we know not of?" With the highest respect for the source from which the proposition emanates, with a full appreciation of evils under which the community are now suffering, and with no special dislike to the exercise of all reasonable powers by the General Government, when benefits can confidently be expected from the change,—we confess Mr. QUINCY's proposition does not at first blush strike us as a practical remedy for existing evils.

## THE COMMITTEES.

The country will heartily applaud Speaker COLFAX for having, in making up the committees of the House, aimed so directly and effectually at retrenchment and reform—(words not without significance now)—in the administration of the Government. The two most important committees are Ways and Means and Appropriations. Gen. SCHENCK at the head of the first, and E. B. WASHBURNE, (who is virtually chairman, THADDEUS STEVENS being nominally at the head) of the Committee on Approppropriations, mean economy, anti-jobbing and only just so much robbery as vigilance and experience cannot prevent. It is encouraging to know that in Gen. SCHENCK (and we believe also in a majority of his committee,) we have a steadfast friend of Protection to American Industry. In the Chairman of the Committee on Manufactures—Mr. MORRELL, of the Cambria District in this State—we know for a certainty that we have such a friend. He is not a practiced debater, but as a practical thinker and worker Mr. MORRELL has few superiors in Congress; indeed, few men in the country can cope with him in mastering the details of the question of Protection. We thank Speaker COLFAX and congratulate Mr. MORRELL on this selection. It having been made a rule in the mind of the Speaker to place no member of the Ways and Means Committee at the head of another Committee, Gen. MOORHEAD, who is kept on that Committee, was necessarily dropped from Manufactures, but the substitution of Mr. MORRELL shows that Speaker COLFAX intended that no interest should suffer thereby. Mr. WILLIAMS retains his place on the Judiciary Committee, and in every respect in the formation of the Committees Pennsylvania seems to have been fairly dealt by.

## PANSLAVISM.

Of the eighty millions of inhabitants of the old world who are designated by ethnologists as "Slavi or Schlavi," whose ancient seats were around and near the Carpathian Mountains, some forty millions are Russians, and a large part of the remainder are within the dominions of the Czar. Most of the other tribes of the great family are located in districts contiguous to the Russian Empire, but chiefly within the Austrian domain.

A common origin and identity of race would seem to form in itself a substantial basis for an intimate union in all respects, and their nearness in locality would seem to afford facilities for the accomplishment of a purpose to consolidate all the race under one government. Hitherto numerous family feuds have kept them apart, and the dialectic differences in the languages spoken by the different subdivisions have tended to prevent that intercommunication which otherwise would have existed. For some years a movement has been in progress, under the name of "Panslavism," which aims at a closer union of all the Slavic tribes. Its projectors urged the Slavies "to drop their numerous family feuds, to consider themselves as one great nation, and their related languages as essentially one." By this means it was hoped—especially by the Austrian ruled Slavi—to prevent their being absorbed by the Hungarian and other races, and to vindicate themselves against the contemptuous and oppressive treatment of the Germans. Projected by the literate, rather as a literary movement, it was to some extent favored by Austria. Soon, however, the possibilities of a political union under one great government, was comprehended in its discussion, and Russia, as the "natural head, the great animating soul into which all other parts must naturally be absorbed at last," was not slow to foster the idea of the Bohemian scholars.

It is significant of its covert design that long ago the writer of a history of Russia, in which political Panslavism was strongly developed, and a principal tendency of which was to represent Russia as the natural centralpoint of the Slavonic race, was appointed by the Government to write a compendium or guide for historical instruction in all the schools of the Empire. Still literary and scientific aspects are kept prominent and properly even for the ulterior end, since a literary and scientific union can only tend in the one direction of a political Panslavism. That moreover affords the pretext and presents facilities for bringing together the influential minds of the different sections under the auspices and within the dominions of the greatest of the Slavic nationalities, and thereby less ground for jealousy and suspicion is afforded to those outside. An ethnographic exhibition open to the whole race could certainly give no offense, and would yet conduce to strengthen the bonds created by natural affinity, and would also constitute the place where it shall be held a center of interest to the whole family. Under the auspices of the "Association for the Advancement of Natural History," such an exhibition was, not long since, announced to be held at Moscow, the old capital of the chief Slavonian nation. On condition that all articles should remain in its museum a rich Muscovite offered to pay all expenses. Contributions in abundance began to flow in, and the grateful committee then invited all contributors to come in person, offering to pay all the expenses of their guests after crossing the Russian frontier. They came and were luxuriantly accommodated and feasted. They drank in honor of the Czar, and the Russians drank toasts to Panslavism, and all "went merry as a marriage bell."

In all this, conducted it is true as a private matter, it were preposterous not to recognize more than a mere literary aggregation or scientific purpose, and the rival nations as they looked on with growls thought they detected the sinister design of seducing the Slavic tribes from their allegiance to them and concentrating in this colossal Empire the entire race. If she has given up her remote possessions of Alaska, Russia in the strong attachments which during peace are being formed, and in the clanishness ever the concomitant of linguistic and blood affinities, is preparing to indemnify herself by more valuable acquisitions nearer at home. When the upheavals shall take place in the reconstruction of European nationalities, the northern bear from this place of sure footing will make his grand leap, and Panslavism will have completed its purpose and the colossal Empire which shall consolidate in one the Slavonic nations.

THE Boston *Advertiser*, referring to the attempt in our courts to "injunct" consolidation, suggests that "the objection is made to the annexation on similar grounds to those of the old lady who did not want to have her farm 'set off' to Jonesborough, because she had always heard it was a 'dreadful unhealthy place.'"

## The Extremists in the Episcopal Church.

*To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:*

In your Saturday's issue an extract is given from the Rev. Mr. Tyng's article, deploring the tending of a large section in the Protestant Episcopal Church towards Rome. In my earlier life I was accustomed to have my nerves disturbed every few years by similar prophecies—at one time by the Tyngs that half our church would land in Rome, and at another by the Hopkinses that the other half would land at Geneva. But a careful observation of facts and study of statistics have cured me of all these apprehensions. I have found that the Episcopal Church since I have been an attendant upon her services has annually received about two from the other Christian denominations for every one she lost to both Rome and Geneva. The danger, therefore, does not seem very great, and I have ceased to be alarmed by their prophecies, however loudly they are proclaimed.

In fact nine-tenths of those with whom I associate in the Episcopal Church have about equal regard for the extravagance of St. George and the puerilities of St. Albans. And if the revisers of our venerable Liturgy should add a petition "from the extreme views of the Hopkinses and the Tyngs," the pious would heartily answer, "Good Lord, deliver us." I, therefore, need not say that in my judgment all such pretended prophesies are bosh. The mass of the worshippers prefer the simplicity of the ritual to the baldness of Geneva on the one hand, or the too elaborate ritualism of Rome on the other.

A LAYMAN.

## Well Put.

Congress has postponed the impeachment question to ascertain what is public sentiment. In our judgment the following from the Philadelphia *Ledger*, pretty accurately states what it is: "This proceeding, even though it should fail to receive the indorsement of the House, can hardly fail to disturb the business interests of the country. They are now so seriously unsettled and embarrassed, that even adverse trifles aggravate their condition; but this step, on so exciting a subject, is by no means a trifle. And all to what end? The belief is general that the sense of a considerable majority of the House, although much incensed against the President, is against impeachment. But the immediate effect will be to precipitate Congress into a passionate partisan debate, when the minds of all the members should be devoted to a cool and dispassionate consideration of the great needs of the industrial business interests of the whole country. At this time when so many factories are closed and closing; when so many people are out of employment; when so many of those who are employed are either working on short time, or are threatened with reduced wages; when the currency, the debt and revenue need so much care and attention; when so many men who are in business, and who in ordinary times would regard themselves as prosperous and safe, are apprehensive that some adverse political blast may crumble their substance and their business into ashes. At such a time these interests should have the earnest and important attention of Congress to the exclusion of everything calculated to embarrass their action by arousing partisan passion. These are matters that the toiling millions should think of, and impress their representatives about, for they are of infinitely more importance to them than the question of who shall distribute official patronage for a few months or a year or so.

## Each Inhabitant's Share of the Public Debt.

Mr. Endicott, the Boston merchant who has been extinguishing Gen. Butler's plan of extinguishing the public debt in the Boston *Advertiser*, writes another article to prove that this debt is by no means of itself the "intolerable burden" that mischief-making politicians represent it to be. It amounts to only $69 50 for each inhabitant of the country, and the interest of this is but a trifle more than a cent a day. The increase of property for the present decade, in the States of Ohio and New York alone, if continued at the present rate, will, in 1870, be sufficient to pay the entire debt, leaving a surplus of three hundred millions of dollars. The real hardships, as Mr. Endicott well says, of the laboring men at present grow out of the inflation of the currency, and this the repudiators would aggravate by an indefinite expansion.

THE cost of living is attracting almost as much attention in Great Britain as here, and expedients of all sorts are resorted to for the purpose of cheapening the necessaries of life. Londoners who have to pay ten pence per pound for mutton which can be had in Yorkshire for six-pence, are anxiously experimenting with South American dried beef and Australian preserved meats; some of the more daring even discuss the merits of the recent French diet of horse meat; and all sorts of schemes are tried in the way of purchases made by consumers at wholesale rates. It is said to be an excellent and quite common plan for two or three families to buy a whole sheep together, to be dressed and divided as they please; beef is not so easily managed by this method; but kitchens on the communist plan are talked of and started in all directions.

A LETTER dated at the City of Mexico says: The elections have resulted almost unanimously in favor of Juarez for the Presidency, and Lerdo de Tajida for the Supreme Court, (Vice President,) and the existing Government has undoubtedly a majority in Congress. Thus far all parties seem to acquiesce in the result, though almost daily the papers of the Capital publish communications complaining of the manner in which the elections have been conducted. As a rule, all parties manifest a disposition to give the present authorities a fair trial, hoping that with the assistance of Congress they may develop something to bring the country out of the "slough of despond" into which at the present moment it is so deeply plunged.

HORACE GREELEY says that when the Whigs nominated Harrison for President in 1840, John Tyler, who was an ardent supporter of Henry Clay, indulged in a fit of weeping, and that those tears made him (Tyler) the Whig candidate for Vice President.

Mr. Greeley but repeats a bit of history well authenticated. To those who can remember as far back as 1839 the crying fit of Tyler will be no news; and thousands there were who sympathised with him on account of Mr. Clay's defeat.

SAYS a New York letter: Another sugar firm was obliged to suspend to-day—Messrs. Harris & Dayton. Other houses were reported to be in difficulty, but the reports could not be authenticated. In many cases the statements that are put forth affecting the standing of particular firms, are sheer fiction. For example, one house that was in everybody's mouth in the fore part of the day, as having failed, does not happen to be indebted to anybody to the extent of a single dollar!

WHEN the jubilant Republicans of New York were receiving the cheerful returns from the Presidential election of 1860, and each dispatch brought reports of larger majorities than its predecessor, one enthusiastic individual, who had not been too abstemious, unable to contain himself longer, sprang to his feet and cried: "Mr. chairman and gentlemen, I move that we make the whole d—d thing unanimous."

TICKNOR & FIELDS have published a cheap pamphlet edition of Mr. Dickens's "American Notes," written in 1842, on occasion of his former visit here. They do it for the sake of circulating a book much talked of, and little known.

**COUNTRY MERCHANTS,**

COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

*GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED IN*

Patent Medicines,
Patent Medicines,
Patent Medicines.

Send for Prices.
Send for Prices.
Send for Prices.

And you will save money.
And you will save money.
And you will save money.

McCLARRAN & McKENNAN,
Jobbers of Patent Medicines,
85 Market street, cor. Diamond, near Fifth street.

**PURE LIQUORS.**

Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors.
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors.
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors.
For Medicinal Purposes.
For Medicinal Purposes.
For Medicinal Purposes.
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,
Catawba Wine, Pure Holland Gin,
Catawba Wine, Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky,
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky,

**AT JOSEPH FLEMING'S,**

Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
MTW

**REMOVAL.**

GREAT SALE AT COST.

My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 138 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock AT VERY LOW PRICES.
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
No. 160 Smithfield street.

**A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT,**

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

*IRRITATION OF THE LUNGS, A PERMANENT THROAT DISEASE, OR CONSUMPTION,*

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

**BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES**

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, and do not take any of the *worthless imitations* that may be offered. Sold everywhere. d*

**PITTSBURGH GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY**, 43 Market street, near Third, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUGH FITZPATRICK, PROPRIETOR.

Gold Pens, Gold and Silver Pen Holders, wholesale and retail. Pens carefully repaired. Persons living out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and they will be promptly returned.

**METTAM'S GALVANO ELECTRO METALIC INSOLES, VOLTAIC BELTS AND ARMLETS,**

CURES

**Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cold Feet, &c. Depot 434 Broadway, N. Y.**

For sale by D. S. DIFFENBACHER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, No. 114 MARKET STREET.

## The Presidency in the West.

Evidently intelligent and candid correspondents of the New York *Tribune*, in the West, write as follows about public opinion and the next Presidency: The feeling is very decidedly in favor of General Grant; it might, indeed, be said to be unanimous, for those who are not in sympathy with the movement are silent, so far as any public expression is concerned. To the question, why do you favor Gen. Grant? the almost uniform answer is, because he is the only man we can elect. Defeat is inevitable with any other man, and we had better risk him than suffer defeat. But there are a few men who earnestly desire the nomination of Grant on principle. They say the single question before the Republican party is reconstruction; every other question is subordinate to that in vital interest to the party and the nation; that in seeking a President we should first find a man who thoroughly and heartily believes in the Congressional plan, and second, one who may be elected. Gen. Grant fills each requirement. The Republican party would commit treason to itself and the country to take any action that would hazard reconstruction. If we do not rescue the blacks now, we never can. Among the men who hold thus are some of the best in the State.

Next to Gen. Grant, Mr. Chase is mentioned as the prominent candidate to be talked about, and to be talked of only with respect; but candor compels me to say that I have yet to meet the man, even among Mr. Chase's own friends, who thinks he can be nominated, or if nominated could be elected. Hundreds of the wealthy, the cultivated, the eminently respectable, find in Mr. Chase their first choice, but all acknowledge, so far as my observation goes, that their candidate is not a popular man within the meaning necessary to an election to the Presidency. Indeed it would be difficult to underrate his popularity at the West at present.

Gen. George H. Thomas would command a cordial and very general support. His personal popularity is of a higher grade than General Grant's. Mr. Colfax would awaken more personal enthusiasm, I think, than any other civilian. If the east could consent to it, I think Grant and Colfax would make the strongest possible ticket throughout the West. It will be understood that I am writing now of western sentiment only, and of western sentiment as a whole.

For the Vice-Presidency, if Grant is at the head of the ticket, either Colfax, Morton, Senator Wilson, or Hannibal Hamlin would be strong men in the West. Senator Wilson would be very acceptable. Mr. Hamlin is turned to as the man who ought to have been renominated in 1864, and there is a strong repentant feeling in favor of righting that blunder as nearly as may be by nominating him in 1869.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**CONNELLSVILLE GAS COAL COMPANY.**

We have opened a new Coal Mine, and are now prepared to fill all orders for SUPERIOR COKE either at our mines at Connellsville, or in Pittsburgh. We will deliver at any point along the line of the Connellsville Railway. Address orders to J. S. McHUGH, Connellsville. Every order promptly attended to.

**THE HAYDEN PATENT PRESSED BRICK COMPANY,**

Have just completed a full sized Machine, which can be seen in working order on and after FRIDAY, 29th inst., at the Great Western Planing Mill, foot of Marbury street.

**FIRE EXTINGUISHER**

PORTABLE SELF-ACTING

FIRE ENGINE.

Puts out Fires instantly.

*NO HOUSE SAFE Without Them.*

☞ Send for Circular.
Office, 144 FOURTH ST.,
Pittsburgh.

**WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS:** At Pittsburgh, November 27th, 1867. The undersigned hereby give notice of their appointment as Assignees of WORK, McCOUCH & CO., composed of Saml. Work and Wm. McCouch, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Allen Kramer, Edward Rahm and Florence Kramer, of the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon petition, of Florence Kramer, by the District Court of said District.
WM. M. FABER, Pittsburgh, Pa.
GEORGE K. TAYLOR, Philadelphia, Pa.
TD

**PAGE'S PATENT TANNING PROCESS.**

PATENTED MAY 8TH, 1867.

The attention of Tanners is called to this new process, which combines rapidity, cheapness and simplicity, and insures pliability, durability and strength in the manufacture of Leather.

For Lace Leather it has no equal, and has superceded all other methods of Tanning by actual test in the market. Testimonial and full details given, and State, County or Shop Rights for sale on application to PAGE BROTHERS,
eod Franklin N. H.

**REMOVAL.**

**BUTLER & CHRISTIE,**

ENGINEERS AND MACHINE BROKERS,

HAVE REMOVED TO No. 252 LIBERTY ST., UNDER ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

*FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.*

Harrison's Steam Boilers, American Anti-Incrustators, Brown's Low Water Reporters, Earle's Patent Steam Pumps, Le Van's Grate Bars, Peet's Patent Globe Valves, Giffard's Injectors, Fan and Pressure Blowers, Lathes, Planers and Machinists' Tools, Hangers, Shafting, Couplings and Pulleys, Steam and Water Guages and Machinery and Castings of all kinds.
Office Room, No. 43 Fifth street To-Let. eod

**525 MILES OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD**

RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA,

ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

*ARE NOW COMPLETED.*

This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eighty feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.

The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its Six Per Cent. Bonds at the rate of from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile for which it takes a *second lien* as security, and receives payment to a large if not to the full extent of its claim in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.

The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world, and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.

The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.

The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have been paid in upon the work already done.

**EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.**

At present the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a *Government Work*, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's

**FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS**

Are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. lower than United States Stocks. They pay

**SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,**

Or OVER NINE PER CENT. upon the investment. Subscriptions will be received in Pittsburgh by

HART, CAUGHEY & CO., Third and Wood sts.
McCLEAN & CO., 75 Fourth street.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
KRAMER & RAHM.

And in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau street.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall street.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall street.

And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised agents, or will be sent free on application.

**JOHN J. CISCO,**
*TREASURER,*
NEW YORK.
November 23, 1867. eod*

**FOR THANKSGIVING.**

Atmore's Mince Meat, Winslow's Green Corn, Shaker dried Corn, Lima Beans, Succotash, Green Peas, Fresh Tomatoes, Peaches, Pineapple, Cranberries, Prunes, Raisins, Figs, &c., &c.
For sale at the Family Grocery of
LEWIS & McCLURE,
346 Liberty street.

**CASTILE SOAP.**

40 BXS. FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
eod Corner Wood and First sts.

## NOTICES.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO., No. 98 Water street, Pittsburgh, November 21, 1867.

☞ **AN ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN** DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the OFFICE, No. 98 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, December 3d, 1867, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.
JOHN H. CLANEY, Secretary.

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION, 424 WALNUT ST., Philadelphia, November 22, 1867.

☞ **THE INTEREST IN GOLD** on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railway Company, Eastern Division, due December 1st, 1867, will be paid on the presentation of the Coupons, at the Banking House of DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, New York, on and after that date.
eod WM. J. PALMER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD CO., Pittsburgh, November 11, 1867.

☞ **PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD ANNUAL MEETING.**—Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at their office, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, second day of DECEMBER NEXT, at 10½ o'clock A. M.
eod JNO. H. PAGE, JR., Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE FIREMEN'S INSURANCE CO., 153 Broadway, New York, November 16, 1867.

☞ **KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE** presents, that the certificate of authority issued to Mr. JOSEPH SNOWDEN, to act as Agent for this Company in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., and its vicinity, was revoked on the 20th day of June, 1867, and the said Joseph Snowden is no longer authorized to act on behalf of said Company, in any capacity, and no act of his will be binding upon them since such revocation.
(Signed) J. V. HARRIOTT, President.

☞ **NOTICE.—HAVING VOLUNTARILY** relinquished my connection with the Firemen's Insurance Company of New York as their Agent, on the first day of June last, my account with said company having been promptly settled by me, I have transacted no business for said Company since that date, and hereby give notice that I am not responsible for any of the acts of said Company.
JOS. SNOWDEN.

## DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, November 22, 1867.

☞ **DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE** Directors of the Ralston Oil Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. payable forthwith at the Office of the Company, No. 251 Liberty street.
WILLIAM H. KIRKPATRICK, Treasurer.

OFFICE MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 98 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, November 22, 1867.

☞ **DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT** and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE on the capital stock, payable in cash, on and after MONDAY, 25th inst., free of Government tax.
JOHN H. CLANEY, Secretary.

## ELECTION PROCLAMATION

**PROCLAMATION.**

*CITY OF PITTSBURGH, SS:*

In accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for the incorporation of the City of Pittsburgh, and of the various supplements thereto, I, WILLIAM C. McCARTHY, Mayor of said city, do issue this my proclamation, that on the SECOND TUESDAY IN DECEMBER, A. D. 1867, being the 10th day of the month, the freemen of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth will meet at their several places of holding the elections in their respective wards and precincts and elect by ballot, under the provisions of a supplement to said Act of Assembly, approved the 6th day of April, A. D. 1867, the following named officers:

One person to serve as Mayor of said city.
One person to serve as Controller of said city.
One person to serve as Treasurer of said city.
One person to serve as City Attorney of said city.

On the same day, in conformity to the above cited authorities, the citizens of the

First ward will elect by ballot two persons to serve as members of the Select Council of said city and two persons to serve as members of the Common Council.

Second Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select Council and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Third Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select Council and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fourth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fifth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Sixth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Seventh Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Eighth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Ninth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Tenth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Lawrenceville—First Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Lawrenceville—Second Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Collins Township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Liberty Township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Peebles Township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Oakland Township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Pitt Township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Each of whom shall be qualified to serve as members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, and shall be residents of the wards in which they shall be elected, and shall at the time be qualified voters therein.

At the election to be held as aforesaid, on TUESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF DECEMBER 1867,

The electors of the First ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Third ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Charles Kennedy, corner of Tunnel and Wylie streets.

The electors of the Fourth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of both precincts of the Fifth ward, city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House, corner of Penn and Adams street.

The electors of the Sixth ward. First precinct, of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second precinct to meet at the house formerly occupied by Henry Rea, on Fulton street, in said ward.

The electors of the Seventh ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Eighth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Ninth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Tenth ward, city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Francis Jamison, corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets, in said ward.

The electors of the borough of Lawrenceville, First ward, at Public School House in said ward. Second ward, at Public School House in said ward.

The electors of Collins township, upper precinct to meet at the house of Joseph Ganster, in the village of East Liberty. The electors of the lower precinct of Collins township to meet at the school house on Albion Hill, in said township.

The electors of Liberty township to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Peebles township to meet at the Public School House, commonly known as School House No. 6, on the Braddock's Field Plank Road, near Glenwood Grove, in said township.

The electors of Oakland township to meet at the Public School House in said township.

The electors of Pitt township to meet at the Public School House, near Oakland, in said township.

Given under my hand and seal of the said City of Pittsburgh, this, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1867.
[L. S.] WM. C. McCARTHY, Mayor.
td

## COAL, COKE AND LIME.

**COREY & CO.,**

*MINERS AND SHIPPERS*

OF

PITTSBURGH AND YOUGHIOGHENY

**GAS, BLACKSMITHING AND FAMILY COAL.**

Are prepared to furnish by the car load, on either the Pennsylvania or Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroads, any quantity desired. Particular attention given to filling Western orders, of which they are daily shipping by way of Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad or Pan Handle Road, with which they connect by transfer, and also have made arrangements to run compromise cars of Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to their Mines, which will afford facilities for filling western orders on short notice.
COREY & CO.
Pittsburgh office in rear of Gay & Welsh, Wholesale Dealers in Produce, corner of Penn and Canal streets, and Lloyd & Black's Iron Works, First street. Also by mail, Braddock's Fields Postoffice. MWF

**COAL, COKE, LIME.**

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE

**Gas, Coal and Coke Co**

**Office and Yard on Marion Avenue, near P., F. W. & C. RR., Allegheny City.**

**LEWIS LAMM, Gen. Agent.**

Particular attention given to shipment of COAL and COKE West. fe8

## BANKRUPTCY.

**WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS:** At Pittsburgh, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1867. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of BENJAMIN H. CLARK, of Robinson township, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee, &c.,
TH (Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.)

**PATENT REVERSIBLE PAPER COLLAR,**

**Cheapest Collar Ever Invented,**

Showing the embossed or printed stitch equally well on both sides, and in all the different styles of

**BYRON, GARROTE, SHAKESPEARE, DERBY, YACHT CLUB, &c.**

THESE GOODS ARE MADE IN

**Water Proof Glace, Linen Finish and Bank Note, plain.**

Mens Cuffs, all sizes, in LINEN FINISH, PLAIN AND GLACE. We are prepared to say that we have the finest line of LADIES' GOODS, both in COLLARS and CUFFS now in the market.
For sale to the trade by
F. H. EVANS,
Manufacturer's Agent, 91 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

**TO MANUFACTURERS.**

A COMPLETE

EIGHT INCH TRAIN OF ROLLS,

IN GOOD ORDER, FOR SALE LOW.

Inquire at SLIGO ROLLING MILL.

**ROBERT CHRISTY,**

**GRAVEL ROOFER,**

OFFICE, COR. FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS,
MTh8 Over National Bank of Commerce.

## AUCTION SALES.

**DRY GOODS**

AT AUCTION.

Will be sold at the Auction House, 159 Federal street, Allegheny, on FRIDAY MORNING, 29th inst., at 9 o'clock, a general assortment of

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS, FURS, SHOES, &c.

To which the attention of consumers is invited. Regular sales EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, to which consignments of all kinds of merchandise are received.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
159 Federal street, Allegheny City.

**BY J. PERRY & CO.,**

**136 SOUTH FRONT STREET,**

**PHILADELPHIA.**

LARGE IMPORTERS' SALE.

*FINE WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, RHINE WINES, SAUTERNES, CLARETS, CHAMPAGNE, &c.,*

Of the importation of Messrs. Baltz & Bold, Phil'a.

On MONDAY MORNING, December 2, at 11 o'clock, at the Auction Store, will be sold on a liberal credit, by order of Messrs. Baltz & Bold, their entire stock of fine Wines, Brandies, Gins, Scotch Whiskies, Jamaica Rum, Clarets, Champagne, Rhine Wines, &c.

All in bond, consisting in part of
1,500 packages fine and medium Ports, Madeiras and Sherries.
106 1-3, 1-6, 1-4 pipes Cognac Brandies.
35 pipes 1-4, 1-2, 1-4 Holland Gin.
26 1-4 puncheons Scotch Whiskies.
24 1-2 puncheons Jamaica Rum.
100 cases Champagnes.
125 hhds Clarets. 82 hhds Sauternes.
350 casks and cases Rhine Wines.
25,000 jugs Seltzerswasser, &c., &c.

CARD.—Messrs. Baltz & Bold would respectfully call the attention of the trade to the above sale, which comprises all the best brands, and to be sold to close their importations.

Catalogues will be ready, and the liquors arranged for examination two days previous to sale.

**SMALL HOUSE AND LOT AND VACANT LOTS,**

ON WESTERN AVENUE, ALLEGHENY,

*AT AUCTION.*

Will be sold on the premises, on SATURDAY, November 30, at 10 o'clock, a small Frame House, and Lot on Sheffield street, sixth ward, Allegheny, near the new M. E. Church. The Lot is 20 by 124, and in a very good locality, the street being wide and newly paved. Also, immediately after above sale, Ten Lots on Western Avenue, corner of Manhattan street. Sizes, 20x100 and 25x60. Positive sale. Terms liberal.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
159 Federal street.

**AUCTION SALE OF**

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS.

IN McCLURE TOWNSHIP.

Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, at Auction, on SATURDAY, November 30th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that beautifully situated piece of ground, immediately in the rear of the residence of J. Schoonmaker, Esq., having a front of 520 feet on a township road (33 feet wide), by 243 feet deep. This property is positively the most desirable for building sites to be found in the above township, its exceeding beauty of location and easy accessibility, being but a short distance from the city by the New Brighton turnpike and the Woods Run road, as well as its convenience to the termini of the Passenger Railway, and Woods Run Station of P., Ft. W. & C. RR., and its location in a delightful neighborhood, being immediately surrounded by the residences of Messrs. Bennett, Bakewell, Schoonmaker, Liggett, Dilworth and others. The gas pipes are extended past the property. Parties desiring sites for suburban residences, free from the smoke and noise of the city, and convenient to business, are offered a rare opportunity in the above property. For further particulars inquire of
JOHN D. BAILEY, Auctioneer,
No. 102 Fourth street.

**TRUSTEE'S SALE**

OF

**Valuable Coal Property.**

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Allegheny, made September, A. D. 1867, at No. 111, in partition, the undersigned Trustee will expose at public sale, on the premises, on

*MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1867,*

At the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., of said day: All that valuable vein of Coal, known as the "Clark Coal," situated in Elizabeth township, county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone on John Penney's line; thence by said Penney north 59 degrees, west 67 8-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of H. D. Gamble south 66¼ degrees, west 67 7-10 perches to a white oak; thence by land of Wood and McClure south 6 degrees, east 54 perches to a stone; thence south 16 degrees, east 20 perches to a stone; thence by McClure's heirs south 20 degrees, east 35 5-10 perches to a stone; thence south 22½ degrees, east 35 8-10 perches to a stone; thence south 69½ degrees, east 16 4-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of William Edmundson, north 21 degrees, east 29 perches to a stone; thence south 63 degrees, east 16 perches to a stone; thence by land of John Edmundson north 35½ degrees, east 67 perches to a stone; thence south 55 degrees, east 7 4 10 perches to a hickory; thence north 47½ degrees, east 44 perches to a stone; thence into lands of William Edmundson north 59 degrees, west 69 5-10 perches to a stone; thence north 31 degrees, east 38 perches to the place of beginning, containing One Hundred Acres, strict measure, of Mineral Coal, together with all and singular the underground privileges, usually necessary in the excavation and taking out of Mineral Coal, and also the privilege of opening and keeping open on any part of the land of said William Edmundson, any and all drift and air courses needful for Mining purposes, and also the privilege of using forever, all and singular the aforesaid underground privileges in the excavation and taking out of any adjoining coal, and also the privilege of using sufficient Limestone for their building purposes, with the appurtenances.

This Coal may be taken out either by way of the Youghiogheny or Monongahela rivers, or both, and is of the best quality.

Terms—one third Cash and the balance in One and Two Years, secured by Judgment Bond and Mortgage, on the premises.

For further information inquire of
ALEX. M. WATSON, Trustee,
No. 69 Grant street,
Or THOS. PENNY or DAVID CLARK, McKeesport.

**FOR SALE,**

One 15 inch Engine, 30 inch stroke;
One 8½ inch Engine, 20 inch stroke;
Two 7½ inch Engines, 20 inch stroke.

Apply at WM. FISHER'S Engine Shop,
Pike street, between Harrison and Mechanic, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh.

**REFINERY FOR SALE.**

***A Good Oil Refinery,***

CAPACITY, 125 BARRELS REFINED OIL PER WEEK.

GOOD TANKAGE, STEAM PUMP, &c.,

All in complete running order, ready to start. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of

**JOHNSON & PAINE,**

5 AND 7 HANCOCK STREET,

tf Office of "Superior Lubric Oil Works."

## MILLINERY GOODS.

**MISS L. W. TAYLOR**

*Opens Wednesday, November 27,*

**WINTER BONNETS,**

THE SHEPHERDESS, DRESS, EUGENIE.

All New Shapes HATS, CAPS, &c.

**44 FEDERAL STREET,**

ALLEGHENY.

**A SPLENDID LINE OF Seasonable Goods,**

AT

**JOS. HORNE & CO.'S.**

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

WOOLEN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
SILK UNDERWEAR,
YARNS, WORSTEDS AND
ZEPHYR KNIT GOODS.

Also, a Complete Assortment of

MILLINERY and STRAW GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES AND LACE GOODS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, RIBBONS, FLOUNCES,
VELVET RIBBONS, in Blacks and Colors,
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
LADIES' and GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NOTIONS, &c.,

*ALL AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES,*

AT

**Nos. 77 and 79 Market St.**

**J. BENSWANGER & CO.,**

**55 MARKET STREET,**

**Wholesale Dealers**

IN

**MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS,**

Keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

***Ribbons, Flowers, Hats,***

**BONNETS, &c.**

We have the best facilities for supplying the trade, and earnestly invite a comparison of our styles and prices with those of other city houses. We feel confident that an examination of our stock will prove to the advantage of all WHOLESALE BUYERS.

**STRAW GOODS, &c.**

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

BONNETS, HATS,
RIBBONS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
FLOWERS, &c.,

OF THE LATEST FALL STYLES, NOW OPEN,

*PRICES LARGELY REDUCED.*

**R. H. PALMER,**
84 WOOD STREET.

**A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,**

**No. 98 Fourth Street,**

Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DEAN'S ARITHMETIC, BURT'S GRAMMAR AND COWLEY'S COPY BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. eod

## RAILROADS.

**PITTSBURGH, Ft. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. W. AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.**

From November 25th, 1867, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, North Side, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago Exp. | 2:13 am | Chicago Ex. | 2:43 am |
| Cleveland Ex. | 2:13 am | Cleveland Ex. | 2:43 am |
| Erie & Ygn Ex. | 2:13 am | Wheeling Ex. | 10:58 am |
| Cl. & Whg M'l. | 6:28 am | Chicago Ex. | 11:08 am |
| Chicago Mail. | 6:58 am | Cl. & Whg Ex. | 3:53 pm |
| Chicago Ex. | 9:43 am | Chicago Ex. | 4:03 pm |
| Pitts & Cl'd Ex | | Erie & Ygn Ex. | 6:13 pm |
| via Youngs'n | 9:43 am | Chicago Ex. | 6:58 pm |
| Cl. & Whg. Ex. | 3:13 pm | Cl. & Whg Ex. | 7:08 pm |
| Chicago Ex. | 3:28 pm | Pitt & Cl'd Ex | |
| Whg. & Erie Ex | 4:33 pm | via Youngs'n | 9.28 pm |
| Depart from Allegheny. | | Arrive in Allegheny. | |
| N. Bri'n Acc. | 6:58 am | N. Brt'n Acc. | 7:03 am |
| Leetsdale Acc. | 10:13 am | N. Brt'n Acc. | 8:28 am |
| Leetsdale Acc. | 11:53 am | Wellsville Ac. | 9:58 am |
| Rochester Ac. | 1:33 pm | N. Castle Acc. | 10:13 am |
| Wellsville Acc | 3:43 pm | Leetsdale Acc. | 11:23 am |
| Leetsdale Acc. | 5:03 pm | Leetsdale Acc. | 1:18 pm |
| N. Brt'n Acc. | 5:33 pm | N. Brt'n Acc. | 2:43 pm |
| N. Brt'n Acc. | 6:38 pm | Leetsdale Acc. | 3:43 pm |
| Leetsdale Acc. | 10:43 pm | Leetsdale Acc. | 7:28 pm |

☞ 2:28 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ 10:58 A. M., Chicago Express arrives daily.
F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

**ALLENTOWN ROUTE**

***TO THE EAST.***

SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINE

*Between Pittsburgh and New York, via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown and Easton.*

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.

☞ SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS. ☜

Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3:00 and 11:15 A. M., 4:10 and 7:20 P. M. On Sundays at 11:15 A. M.

Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9:00 A. M., 5:00 and 8:00 P. M.

Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

**PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.**

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after SUNDAY, October 13th, 1867, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

| | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail to and from Uniontown. | 7:00 am | 6:00 pm |
| Express | 3:00 pm | 10:00 am |
| West Newton Accom. | 6:15 pm | 8:30 am |
| First McKeesport Accom. | 11:00 am | 6:40 am |
| Second | 10:30 pm | 3:05 pm |
| Braddock's | 4:10 pm | 5:45 pm |
| Sunday Church train to and from West Newton. | 1:00 pm | 10:00 am |

For tickets apply to J. R. KING, Agent.
WM. B. STOUT, Sup't.

**PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.**—On and after OCTOBER 6, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

| Arrive. | | Depart. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mail Train | 1:30 am | Day Express | 3:00 am |
| Fast Line | 1:50 am | Wall's No. 1 | 6:30 am |
| Wall's No. 1 | 6:20 am | Mail Train | 8:20 am |
| Brinton No. 1 | 7:50 am | Wall's No. 2 | 9:50 am |
| Wall's No. 2 | 8:50 am | Cincinnati Ex. | 11:15 am |
| Cincinnati Exp | 10:10 am | Wall's No. 3 | 11:30 am |
| Johnstown ac. | 10:15 am | Johnstown Ac. | 2:50 pm |
| Wall's No. 3 | 1:20 pm | Wall's No. 4 | 3:30 pm |
| Phila. Express | 1:50 pm | Phil. Express | 4:10 pm |
| Wall's No. 4 | 3:20 pm | Wall's No. 5 | 4:50 pm |
| Wall's No. 5 | 5:50 pm | Wall's No. 6 | 6:05 pm |
| Wall's No. 6 | 7:00 pm | Fast Line | 7:20 pm |
| Altoona Ac. and | | Wall's No. 7 | 10:50 pm |
| Emig't train | 10:30 pm | | |

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information, apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l. Supt., Altoona, Pa.

**WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.**—On and after November 1st, 1867, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny city, as follows:

| Arrive. | | Depart. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sharpbsg No 1. | 6:35 am | Mail | 6:50 am |
| Freeport No 1. | 8:15 am | Freeport No 1. | 9:05 am |
| Express | 10:00 am | Sharpsbg No 1. | 11:20 am |
| Sharpsbg No 2. | 1:25 pm | Express | 1:50 pm |
| Sharpbg No 3. | 4:15 pm | Harmersville | 3:55 pm |
| Mail | 6:05 pm | Freeport No 2. | 6:05 pm |
| Harmersville | 7:10 pm | Sharpbg No 3. | 7:30 pm |

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:45 p. m.

Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

The Trains leaving Allegheny City at 6.50 a. m. and 1.50 p. m., make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through Tickets may be purchased at the Office No. 3 St. Clair Street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.

For further information, apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

**PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD.** *Panhandle Route.*

CHANGE OF TIME. On and after MONDAY, October 7th, 1867, Trains will leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

| | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail Express | 2:05 am | 12:25 am |
| Mixed Way | 6:10 am | 6:10 pm |
| Fast Line | 9:40 am | 7:10 pm |
| Walker's Accommod'n. | 11:10 am | 3:05 pm |
| Fast Express | 3:50 pm | 10:55 am |
| Steubenville Accom'n. | 3:55 pm | 9:35 am |
| McDonald's Accom'n. | 5:10 pm | 8:20 am |

SUNDAY TRAIN leaves at 7:00 p. m., arriving in Cincinnati at 10:00 next morning.

Church Train leaves Sunday at 12:55 p. m.

The 9:40 a. m. Train leaves daily, Sunday and Monday excepted, arriving in Cincinnati at 10:00 same evening, 7½ hours in advance of all other lines.

No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis, Cairo, and the principal points West and Southwest.

When purchasing Tickets be sure and find the Office of the *PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD*, Union Depot, (south side).
M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH, Ticket Agent,
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent,
JOHN H. MILLER, G. E. Agent.

**ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.**

**Running Through to Brady's Bend.**

On and after THURSDAY, July 18, 1867, Passenger trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows:

| | Leave Pitts'gh. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail (to & from Brady's Bd) | 6:40 am | 6:30 pm |
| First Soda Works Accom. | 8:40 am | 7:45 am |
| Hulton Accommodation | 10:00 am | 12:30 am |
| Kittanning Accom'n | 1:00 pm | 9:30 pm |
| Express | 3:20 pm | 10:30 am |
| Second Soda Works Ac. | 5:20 pm | 2:30 pm |
| Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works | 1:00 pm | 8:30 am |

Express, North, makes close connection at Brady's Bend, with Packets for Franklin and Oil City.

Mail, South, connects with Packets from Franklin and Oil City.
H. BLACKSTONE,
Superintendent.

## MARSHAL'S SALES.

**MARSHAL'S SALE.**

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at PETROLEUM CENTER, on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4TH, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

One Hundred and Sixteen Barrels of Refined Coal Oil, Engine, Boiler, Tanks, Machinery and Apparatus for the Distillation and Refining of Coal Oil, being the property of JOHN L. CONE and RANSFORD LAKE BAGALEY. Seized and forfeited to the United States.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal Western District, Pa.
Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Nov. 23, 1867.

FRED. BECKERT. ........ AUG. HARTJE.
CHARLES W. BETZEL ........ FRED. HELM.
JOHN GAST ........ LOUIS THIEL.

**PITTSBURGH *TRUSS COMPANY***

OF

**Chas. W. Betzel & Co.,**

Manufacturers of all kinds of

**TRUSSES,**

After Dr. CHARLES W. BETZEL's Patent, May 9th, 1865.

FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED BY THE PENNA. STATE FAIR, Pittsburgh, Sept. 17, 1867.

Circulars containing the most important Certificates of Physicians and Patients, as well as the direction how orders are to be sent in from a distance, and how the Trusses are to be applied and further price list, without any expense, to be had by applying to FRED. BECKERT,
137, corner of Ohio and West street, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE BY THE FOLLOWING.

**In Allegheny, Pa.**

Druggist EGGERS, 173, corner Ohio and Middle alley.
Druggist KREDEL & SIEDLE, cor. Chestnut and Liberty streets.

**In Pittsburgh, Pa.**

Druggist JOS. ABEL, cor. Grant and Fifth sts.
Druggist FRED. BRAUN, No. 17 Liberty st.
Druggist GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood street.
Druggist J. C. LANGE, 190, corner Penn and Walnut streets.
Druggist E. MANGOLD, 487 corner Penn and Walnut streets.
Druggist R. E. SELLERS & CO., corner Wood and Second streets.
Druggist WHITMORE BROS., corner Wood and Sixth streets.

**In Brookville, Jefferson Co., Pa.**

Druggist K. L. BLOOD.

**In Philadelphia, Pa.**

Bandagists HORN & ELLIS, 307 Race street.

**In Chicago, Ill.**

Druggist DIETSCH, BLOCK & CO., 39 N. Clark street.
Druggist W. EHRMANN & CO.

**In Fort Wayne, Ind.**

Druggist MEYER, BROS. & CO., 118 Columbia street.

**In St. Louis, Mo.**

Druggist O. W. HEYER & CO., Franklin avenue.

**In Baltimore, Md.**

Druggist DAVIS & MILLER, 13 N. Howard street.

**In Louisville, Ky.**

Bandagist F. S. SIEGEL, 135 Third street.

**DR. CHARLES W. BETZEL'S**

CONSULTING ROOMS,

597 PENN STREET,

German Catholic High School Building.

**NEW HEATER FOR PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS.** Having received Letters Patent for an "Improved Air Heater," I am now prepared to furnish it in Allegheny county, or sell to others, the full and exclusive County or State Rights. Persons who are desirous of putting in a Heater, or of buying the right, are referred to the following parties who have it in use:

James King, M. D., No. 97 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
Ira B. McVay & Co., corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh.
A. Arthurs, M. D., 43 Grant st., Pittsburgh.
D. C. Kneeland, 44 Grant street, Pittsburgh.
H. A. Weaver, 185 Second street, Pittsburgh.
A. D. Smith, Allegheny.
E. Ingram, Chartiers township.
BIDDLE ARTHURS,
153 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Patentee.

**No. 1 LARD OIL.**

20 BBLS. FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
eod Corner Wood and First sts.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

WM. HENDERSON ........ LESSEE
M. W. CANNING ........ MANAGER
T. B. HANN ........ STAGE MANAGER

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, November 28th, 1867. Thanksgiving Matinee, commencing at 2 o'clock. The popular young Tragedian,

MR. CHARLES BARRON.

Will appear Afternoon and Evening.

AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, the play in three acts entitled

RUY BLAS.

Ruy Blas ........ Mr. Charles Barron

To conclude with the PERSECUTED DUTCHMAN.

EVENING, at quarter of 8 o'clock, Tom Taylor's great drama of the

FOOL'S REVENGE.

Bertuccio ........ Mr. Charles Barron

To conclude with ROBERT MACAIRE.

Friday Evening, Benefit of Mr. Charles Barron.

**NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

WM. HENDERSON ........ LESSEE
M. W. CANNING ........ MANAGER
T. B. HANN ........ STAGE MANAGER

ONLY BENEFIT

Of the popular Young American Actor,

MR. CHARLES BARRON.

FRIDAY EVENING, November 29th, 1867 will be presented the new romantic and sensation drama of

HILDA.

Henri de Lorraine ........ Mr. Charles Barron

Saturday Afternoon Grand Matinee, on which occasion Mr. Charles Barron will appear.

Monday Evening, first appearance of LADY DO[illegible]

**ACADEMY OF MUSIC.**

**TWO CONCERTS**

BY THE

**Mendelssohn Quintette Club**

**OF BOSTON,**

Aided by Miss ADDIE S. RYAN, the Charming Songstress.

**Wednesday and Thursday Evenings, December 4th and 5th, 1867.**

The MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB has been organized nineteen years, and is composed of

W. H. SCHULTZE, CARL MEISEL,
THOMAS RYAN, E. M. HEINDL,
WULF FRIES,

And their concerts are everywhere pronounced the best Musical entertainments offered the American public.

The programme will embrace Overtures, Quartettes, Quintettes, Pot Pouris, Solos, with Songs and Ballads.

Admission—Parquette and Dress Circle, $1 00; extra charge for secured seats. Family Circle, 50 cents.

The sale of seats will commence at C. C. MELLOR'S Music Store, 81 Wood street, on Monday, December 2d. Doors open at 7½; Concert at 8 o'clock.

**LECTURE**

**ANNOUNCEMENT.**

THE LECTURE ANNOUNCED BY PROGRAMME ON ACCOUNT OF

**Mercantile Library Association**

TO BE GIVEN BY

**THEODORE TILTON,**

Subject: THE ART OF USING THE MIND,

**Will Not be Delivered.**

**JAS. B. SCOTT,**

CHAIRMAN LECTURE COMMITTEE.

**MASONIC HALL.**

**The Morris Brothers Minstrels.**

*POSITIVELY ONLY THREE DAYS MORE,*

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, November 25, 26, 27 and 28.

GRAND EXTRA PERFORMANCE,

Thanksgiving Day, November 28, commencing at 2½ o'clock. An entire change of Programme every night.

Admission 35 and 50 cents. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8.
CHAS. A. MORRIS, Manager.

**MASONIC HALL,**

**Eight Nights in Wonder World,**

COMMENCING

*FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29th.*

**Prof. and Mad. Macallister,**

*THE GREAT ILLUSIONISTS OF THE AGE.*

Will present each evening a choice selection of their Illusions, Wonders and Miracles, embracing Science, Mirth and Mystery.

**100. ONE HUNDRED. 100.**

*ELEGANT AND COSTLY PRESENTS WILL BE GIVEN AWAY EVERY NIGHT.*

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock, commence at 8 o'clock.

GIFT MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, when EVERY CHILD will receive *A HANDSOME PRESENT*. Admission 25 cents.
HARRY WESTON,
Business Agent.

**GRAND FAIR,**

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

*Ladies' Homœopathic Charitable Association,*

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL, AT

**City Hall,**

Opening with an Address by Major WILLIAM FREW, and other appropriate ceremonies, on

*MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 2d,*

And continuing until SATURDAY, December 7th. The Fair will be open each day from 12 M. to 11 P. M. Admission, 25 cents. Children under 12 years, 15 cents. Dinner will be served every day from 12 to 3 o'clock. Tickets for Admission and Dinner, 75 cents.

**MERCANTILE**

LIBRARY LECTURES.

THE LECTURE SEASON TICKETS

Are now ready for distribution, and may be had of any member of the Committee or of Mr. APPLETON, Librarian, at the Association Rooms. Price $4 00.

JAS. B. SCOTT,
JAS. B. MORGAN, JR.,
OLIVER LEMON,
WM. P. HERBERT,
E. Y. McCANDLESS,
B. F. JENNINGS,
O. P. SCAIFE,
Committee.

**ALLEGHENY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION LECTURES.**

THEODORE TILTON,

Of the New York Independent, will Lecture before the Allegheny Library Association and the public generally, on THURSDAY EVENING, November 28th, in Dr. SWIFT'S CHURCH, Beaver street. Subject: Art of Using the Mind. Doors open at 7 o'clock; lecture to commence at quarter to 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents.

**PROF. COWPER'S**

FASHIONABLE

**DANCING ACADEMY,**

At his New Assembly Rooms, 51 Fifth street, opposite the Old Theater. New Classes now forming on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Ladies' Masters' and Misses' Class 3 P. M.; Gentlemen's Class at 8 o'clock P. M. PROF. COWPER can be seen daily at the Academy, or at St. Charles Hotel where circulars can be obtained. Hall to let to Select Parties.

**CITY BILL POSTER.**

**JAMES THACKERAY,**

**63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY.** Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" Office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same.

## BUSINESS CHANGES.

**DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF MILLER & FRAZEY** is this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. M. MILLER retiring from the business, and who alone is authorized to settle all the business pertaining to the late firm of MILLER & FRAZEY.
C. M. MILLER,
GUY S. FRAZEY.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 4, 1867.

**COPARTNERSHIP.—GUY S. FRAZEY** and HENRY E. CAMPE have this day associated themselves under the firm name of CAMPE & FRAZEY for the purpose of conducting a General Produce and Commission Business at the old stand, 185 Liberty street.
GUY S. FRAZEY,
HENRY E. CAMPE.

In retiring from the above business, I cheerfully recommend my successors to the patronage of the public and my acquaintances generally.
C. M. MILLER.

**NOTICE.**

The firm of PHELPS, PARKE & CO., which expired by limitation September 1st, 1867, will be continued, under the same style, from that date.
PHELPS, PARKE & CO.

**COPARTNERSHIP.**

WEBSTER H. PHELPS, JOHN E. PARKE,
JOSEPH P. ESTEP.

**PHELPS, PARKE & CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, TIMBER WHEELS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, we hope, by the same attention to the quality of our work, to merit and receive a continuance of the custom heretofore bestowed.

Warehouse—No. 10 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and No. 37 Perdido street, New Orleans, La.

**TREES, TREES, TREES.**

A very large stock of

FRUIT AND SHADE TREES,

EVERGREENS AND GRAPE VINES.

For sale by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.
Send for a catalogue.

**HEADQUARTERS FOR**

WARM AIR REGISTERS

AND VENTILATORS,

Black or White Enameled, Square or Round, at
BISSELL & CO.'S,
No. 235 Liberty street.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**—Letters of Administration upon the estate of GEORGE McWHINNEY, late of Fawn township, Allegheny county, having been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement to
SARAH McWHINNEY.

# The Daily Commercial

## PERSONAL.

—Kane O'Donnell has a letter from Vera Cruz in the *Tribune*, by which it appears that the State Department sent Senor Romero to Mexico in a vessel "no more fit to weather the Gulf than to navigate the air. Her sailors declare her cruise to have been the most perilous of their lives." Mr. O'Donnell adds that Mr. Seward's courtesy recalls the motto of a celebrated bear—"Yours till death."

—Senator Humphreys, of New York, who was arrested for bribery just before the election, upon the affidavit of a pauper lobbyist, has been before the grand jury of Albany county, and, although a large number of witnesses were called and pumped dry, not a shadow of evidence was produced against him.

—Referring to the advent of Mr. Dickens in Boston, the New York *Herald* says: "The wharves were crowded by an eager multitude to catch the first glimpse of the steamer as she came up the bay. The 'Hub' lost its balance and was nearly shoved overboard. The steamer upon which he arrived was almost swamped as the crowd rushed on board to see the stateroom in which Mr. Dickens slept, and the dirty linen was stripped from the berth as the first sheets of his second American voyage. We are really quite envious; but in New York we shall make an effort to outdo the 'Hub.'"

—The Boston *Medical and Surgical Journal* has an appreciative notice of the late Governor Andrew; and, in relation to the cause of his sudden and lamented death, says that the *post mortem* examination of the deceased revealed an apoplectic effusion more extensive than had ever before come under the observation of our most eminent pathologists. And that though constitutionally predisposed to the disease, Mr. Andrew probably might have lived many years had he not overtaxed his brain, particularly during the war, when, it is said, he did the mental work of four men.

—The statement is contradicted that Secretary Welles has abandoned Connecticut as his home, and is interested in property in Philadelphia. He is not pecuniarily interested in property in Philadelphia, and will return to Hartford when he leaves the Cabinet.

—Mrs. Pratt, a widow of Springfield, and her daughter, have been sent to the lunatic asylum, having become insane through excitement concerning spiritualism. Mrs. Pratt and her daughter attempted a while ago to smother a little niece of the former, having been directed by the spirits, as she said, to do so, but the attempt was fortunately discovered in season to be frustrated.

—Rev. H. M. Storrs, D. D., of Cincinnati, has accepted the call extended him from Brooklyn, N. Y., and Rev. Wayland Hoyt, pastor of the Ninth Street Baptist Church in Cincinnati, has also accepted a call from a Baptist Church in Brooklyn.

—His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of the British army, is said to be addicted to profanity. A waggish Colonel, who had been the object of several emphatic expletives, was asked if the Duke had arrived to take command of a force to be reviewed. "Yes," said the wit, "he swore himself in half an hour ago."

## WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

### The Largest and Best Paper in Pennsylvania.

PRICE, IN CLUBS OF 20 COPIES, ONLY $1 50; SINGLE COPIES, $2 00.

AS A PAPER FOR THE FAMILY IT IS UNEQUALLED.

NO PAPER IN THE COUNTRY GIVES SUCH

**AMPLE MARKET REPORTS.**

*IT CONTAINS ALL THE*

**NEWS OF THE WEEK,**

CAREFULLY PREPARED.

*NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.*

Address, COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

## THE CLIMAX REACHED.

The introduction of Dr. MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS has settled the question of superiority in this kind of medicine. This is, of course, the natural result, which cannot now be changed. The remarkable cures effected solely by the use of

**MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS,**

Where other so-called "Bitters" have failed, and the universal indorsement it has received from the Medical Faculty, stamps these Bitters as the most wonderful in the world. This is the plain fact to which thousands of people are prepared to attest, and to which thousands more have already certified to over their signatures.

The speedy curative effects of

**MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS,**

Makes this medicine invaluable to every household. *It is the family remedy of the age.* Hundreds in this immediate vicinity have experienced its beneficial effects. In all cases of Dyspepsia, acidity of the stomach, general physical weakness or debility, mental depression, &c., proceeding from indigestion, costiveness, or biliousness.

**MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS,**

Are a positive cure. For Cholera, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, and many other ills which are the doom of our nature. These Bitters will overpower and destroy the disease, cleanse the blood, the stomach and the bowels from all unhealthy secretions, and thoroughly regulate the impaired functions of the system and produce health. As a preventative of disease its value cannot be overestimated. Buy a bottle at once of any respectable Druggist, and secure your health, comfort, and add, perhaps, years to your life.

**Branch House, 26 Market St., Pittsburgh.**

**FAHNESTOCK & HOLTON,** MANAGERS.

TThs

## BAILEY & CO.,

**819 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,**

DIAMOND DEALERS,

IMPORTERS OF FINE WATCHES

AND JEWELRY,

MANUFACTURERS OF SILVER WARE.

NOW OPENING,

THE LATEST EUROPEAN

NOVELTIES

FROM THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

ORDERS BY MAIL

CAREFULLY EXECUTED,

**BAILEY & CO.,**

eod No. 819 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

## JACKSON'S UNIVERSAL *WASHING COMPOUND,*

**An Entirely New Preparation.**

We are now engaged in manufacturing this valuable article for cleansing purposes, which we have confidence will give entire satisfaction.

**HOUSEKEEPERS, PLEASE TRY IT.**

With it you can save at least from three to five hours labor on the washboard, besides money, time and facts. For FINE PAINTS it is invaluable, because it cleans them easily and makes them brighter. It is also useful for scrubbing floors, washing dishes, &c. It is warranted to contain

***NO LIME,***

Or other injurious article. For sale by Grocers and Druggists generally, and wholesale and retail at our Office and Salesroom,

***NO. 59 FOURTH STREET.***

**GEORGE B. SLATER & CO.**

TThs

## HAZARD POWDER

I am now prepared to fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

**Hazard's Celebrated Powder.**

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 173 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

**ARTHUR KIRK.**

**PURE WATER, HEALTH AND ECONOMY.**

PATENT LEAD ENCASED

**Block Tin Pipe,**

Recommended by the Water Boards of New York, Brooklyn, Boston and Philadelphia, and by the most eminent medical men of the country. COST NO MORE THAN LEAD PIPE of the same strength.

**WELDON & KELLY,**

eod PLUMBERS, 147 WOOD STREET.

**SUNDRIES.**

20 bbls Sweet Cider; 20 bbls Sweet Potatoes; 50 bxs Cheese, Hamburg, Goshen and Factory; 1,000 bush Potatoes; 500 bbls Apples; 10 bush Hickory Nuts; 20 tubs Mince Meat; in store and for sale by VAN GORDER & SHEPARD, 360 Liberty street.

**POULTRY.**

60 DRESSED TURKEYS,

Received per express this day, and for sale at

VAN GORDER & SHEPARD'S,

360 Liberty street.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ INDIGESTION IS PERMANENTLY cured by METCALFE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS. They also remove all obstructions, and the several varieties of Bilious and Liver Complaints. Price 25 cents a box.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—Nervous Headache, from whatever cause, debility, indigestion, costiveness, liver complaint or nervous disorders, will find a speedy and radical cure in Holloway's Medicines. They invigorate the constitution, restore the torpid energy of the stomach, stimulate the action of the bowels, cleanse the blood and purify the secretions of the bile and liver. Sold by all Druggists.

☞ NEW CURES BY HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT BEVERAGE OF HEALTH.

W. S. Brown, Esq., Olean, Cass county, from HEMORRHAGE OF THE LUNGS.

Charles Beim, Esq., Ninety third street and Eighth avenue, N. Y., from DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

Mrs. Welsh Edwards, N. Y. Theater, from SORE THROAT.

F. W. Wilkinson, Esq., No 17 Beaufort avenue, Brooklyn, from GENERAL DEBILITY.

F. Spicher, Esq., No 905 West Thirty-eighth street, from INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION.

T. Knupter, Esq., 169 Division street, N. Y., from OBSTINATE CATARRH, and his wife from BODILY WEAKNESS.

H. Cohen, Franklin street, N. Y.—GENERAL CONDITION IMPROVED.

Mrs. Johanna Fuchs, 14 Spring street, N. Y.—STRENGTHENED AFTER TYPHUS FEVER.

H. A. Knapp, Rochester, New York—LUNGS STRENGTHENED.

Gustav Hume, No 387 Eighth avenue, N. Y.—CAN NOT BE WITHOUT IT.

L. L. Lee, Essex county, Port Henry—HAS DONE HIM GOOD.

Sold at Druggists and Grocers. Price $6 50 per dozen, or 60 cents single bottle.

FR. SPONHOLTZ, Agent, 215 Liberty street. Also by O. HARTUNG, 172 Smithfield street. C. F. BAUMAN, 107 Ohio street, Allegheny City, and A. KOCH, Birmingham. eod

☞ TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR

**UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL,**

**UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL,**

*A SAFE, CERTAIN AND SPEEDY CURE FOR NEURALGIA AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.*

It is an unfailing remedy in all cases of Facial Neuralgia, often effecting a perfect cure in a single day. No form of Nervous Disease fails to yield to its magic influence. Even the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general Nervous derangements of many years' standing, affecting the entire system, are completely and permanently cured by it in a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost. It contains nothing injurious to the most delicate system, and can always be used with perfect safety. It is in constant use by the best physicians, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of $1 and two postage stamps. Sold everywhere.

**TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,**

eod 120 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.

☞ CAUTION.—We call attention to the fact that *imitations* of our fine ELECTRO-PLATE, consisting of Dinner, Dessert Tea Services, etc., are extensively produced by American manufacturers; also, that there are English imitations in market, both of inferior quality. These goods are offered for sale by many dealers, and are well calculated to deceive. Purchasers can only detect and avoid counterfeits by noting our trade-mark thus:

Trade Mark for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO Stamped on base of every article.

Our goods, which can be obtained from all responsible dealers, bear this stamp. They are heavily plated on the finest Albata or Nickel Silver, and we guarantee them in every respect superior to the best Sheffield plate. GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO., Silversmiths and Manufacturers of Fine Electro Plate, Providence, R. I. TUF

☞ WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure the Itch.

WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Salt Rheum.

WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures Old Sores.

WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures all Diseases of the Skin.

Price 50 cents—by mail 60 cents. All Druggists sell it. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, eod* Proprietors.

☞ COUGHS, BRONCHITIS AND CONSUMPTION

Cured by ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM. d*

## CARPETS.

### CHURCH CARPETS.

We have a large and carefully selected Stock of

*CARPETS,*

Bought especially for

**Carpeting Churches.**

Embracing the Latest Styles used in the Churches of the Eastern Cities, which we offer to

ALL CHURCHES AND DENOMINATIONS

AT COST.

Also, all Grades and Widths of

**Mattings Used for Churches,**

AT COST.

We offer all Goods in our Line at a Great Reduction from last Summer's Prices.

**BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,**

**21 FIFTH STREET,**

OVER BATES & BELL'S.

**McCALLUM BROTHERS,**

51 FIFTH STREET.

**CARPETS. CARPETS, CARPETS.**

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

**LOW-PRICED ALL WOOL INGRAINS.**

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

**OIL CLOTHS**

A NEW INVOICE OF

***CRUMB CLOTHS, DRUGGETS,***

AND EXTRA QUALITY OF

**RAG CARPETS.**

**McCALLUM BROS.,**

51 FIFTH STREET, ABOVE WOOD.

**VELVET CARPETS.**

**BRUSSELS CARPETS.**

**INGRAIN CARPETS.**

***NEW PATTERNS,***

AT PRICES LOWER THAN THOSE OF BOSTON, NEW YORK OR PHILADELPHIA.

*NEW INVOICES JUST OPENED.*

**OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.**

NO. 23 FIFTH STREET.

## EDUCATIONAL.

**MOZART MUSICAL INSTITUTE,**

OF PITTSBURGH,

OVER THE PIANO STORE OF MRS. C. BLUME, NO. 43 FIFTH STREET,

**MISS CARRIE A. MOODY, Principal.**

Terms, per Quarter—For Instrumental, on Piano or Melodeon, $15; for Instrumental and Vocal, $25; Composition, $15. Special attention paid to those wishing to fit themselves for Teachers. eod

**KENWOOD BOARDING SCHOOL, FOR BOYS.**

For Catalogues, address

TThstf REV. J. P. TAYLOR, New Brighton, Pa.

## PIANOS.

CHAS. B. BARR...HERMAN T. KNAKE...W. L. BUETTLER.

**BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER.**

(Successors to Wamelink & Barr,)

***No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET,***

DEALERS IN

PIANOS, ORGANS, AND MUSICAL GOODS GENERALLY.

Sole Agents for the celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMAKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS. Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "Cottage," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "American" ORGAN, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR. The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand.

## PAINTERS.

**REMOVED.**

**JOHN F. CLULEY**

HAS REMOVED TO 134 SMITHFIELD ST.

Directly opposite the old stand.

**BARRY & BROTHER,**

***HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.***

NO. 13 SMITHFIELD STREET.

1728-1y

## DRUGGISTS.

**W. J. McKNIGHT & BRO.,**

**DRUGGISTS, Brookville, Pa.,**

Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Stationery, Books; also, Periodicals, Magazines, &c., &c.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully Compounded.

## INSURANCE.

1867. **1835.** 1867.

**DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY,**

OF PHILADELPHIA.

The following statement of the affairs of the Company is published in conformity with a provision of its charter:

PREMIUMS RECEIVED

From November 1, 1866, to October 31, 1867.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| On Marine and Inland Risks | $660,090 90 | |
| On Fire Risks | 153,596 11 | |
| | | $813,687 01 |
| Premiums on Policies not marked off Nov. 1, 1866 | | 336,305 00 |
| | | $1,149,992 01 |

PREMIUMS MARKED OFF

As earned from Nov. 1, 1866, to Oct. 31, 1867.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| On Marine and Inland Risks | $605,803 79 | |
| On Fire Risks | 136,342 51 | |
| | | $743,146 30 |
| Interest during the same period, salvages, &c. | | 105,445 09 |
| | | $848,591 39 |
| LOSSES, EXPENSES, &c., during the year as above. | | |
| Marine and Inland Navigation Losses | $368,434 11 | |
| Fire Losses | 68,354 95 | |
| Return Premiums | 52,828 87 | |
| Re-Insurances | 40,035 54 | |
| Agency Charges, Advertising, Printing, &c. | 40,690 72 | |
| Taxes—U. S. tax on Premiums, Policy Stamps, &c. | 20,618 59 | |
| Expenses, &c. | 17,082 43 | |
| | | $608,545 21 |
| | | $240,046 18 |

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, Nov. 1, 1867.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $200,000 | United States Five Per Cent. Loan, 10-40's | $201,000 00 |
| 120,000 | United States Five Per Cent. Loan, 1881 | 134,400 00 |
| 50,000 | United States 7 3-10 Per Cent. Loan, Treasury Notes | 52,562 50 |
| 200,000 | State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. Loan | 210,070 00 |
| 125,000 | City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent. Loan (exempt from Tax) | 125,625 00 |
| 50,000 | State of New Jersey Six Per Cent. Loan | 51,000 00 |
| 20,000 | Pennsylvania Railroad First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds | 19,800 00 |
| 25,000 | Pennsylvania Railroad Second Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds | 23,375 00 |
| 25,000 | Western Pennsylvania Railroad Six Per Cent. Bonds (Pa. RR. guarantee) | 20,000 00 |
| 30,000 | State of Tennessee Five Per Cent. Loan | 18,000 00 |
| 7,000 | State of Tennessee Six Per Cent. Loan | 4,270 00 |
| 15,000 | 300 shares stock Germantown Gas Co., principal and interest guaranteed by the city of Philadelphia | 15,000 00 |
| 7,500 | 150 shares stock Pa. Railroad Company | 7,800 00 |
| 5,000 | 100 shares stock North Penna. RR. Co | 3,000 00 |
| 20,000 | 80 shares stock Philadelphia & Southern Mail Steamship Co. | 15,000 00 |
| 201,900 | Loans on Bond and Mortgage, first liens on City Properties | 201,900 00 |
| $1,101,400 | Par. Market value | $1,104,802 50 |
| | Cost, $1,089,679 26. Real Estate | 36,000 00 |
| | Bills receivable for Insurance made | 219,135 67 |
| | Balances due at Agencies—Premiums on Marine Policies—Accrued Interest, and other debts due the Company | 43,334 36 |
| | Stock and Scrip of sundry Insurance and other Companies, $5,076 00. Estimated value | 3,017 00 |
| | Cash in Banks $103,017 10; Cash in Drawer 298 52 | 103,315 62 |
| | | $1,507,605 15 |

PHILADELPHIA, November 13, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a CASH DIVIDEND of TEN PER CENT. on the capital stock and SIX PER CENT. interest on the scrip of the Company, payable on and after the 1st of December, proximo, free of National and State tax.

They have also declared a SCRIP DIVIDEND OF TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the earned premiums for the year ending October 31, 1867, certificates of which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same on and after the 1st of December, proximo, free of National and State taxes.

They have ordered, also, that the SCRIP CERTIFICATES OF PROFITS of the Company, for the year ending October 31, 1863, be redeemed in cash at the office of the Company, on and after the 1st of December proximo, all interest thereon to cease on that day.

☞ No certificates of profit to be issued under $25. By the act of incorporation "no certificate shall issue unless claimed within two years after the declaration of the dividend whereof it is evidence."

DIRECTORS:

Thomas C. Hand, John C. Davis, Edmund A. Souder, Theophilus Paulding, John R. Penrose, James Traquair, Henry C. Dallett, Jr., Samuel E. Stokes, Henry Sloan, William G. Boulton, Edward Darlington, H. Jones Brooke, Edward Lafourcade, Jacob Riegel, James C. Hand, William C. Ludwig, Joseph H. Seal, George G. Leiper, Hugh Craig, John D. Taylor, George W. Bernadou, Jacob P. Jones, James B. McFarland, Joshua P. Eyre, Spencer McIlvaine, John B. Semple, Pittsb'g, A. B. Berger, " D. T. Morgan, "

THOMAS C. HAND, President.

JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice President.

HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.

HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary.

**P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,**

95 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

**NATIONAL Insurance Company,**

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office in the ALLEGHENY TRUST CO.'S BUILDING, DIAMOND, opposite City Hall.

☞ FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

**W. W. MARTIN, President,**

**JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.**

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Martin, John Brown, Jr., John Thompson, O. H. P. Williams, A. H. English, Jas. Lockhart, Robert Lea, Joseph Myers, George Gerst, John A. Myler, Jas. L. Graham, C. C. Boyle. eod

**CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.**—Office, corner of Market and Water streets, second floor.

WM. BAGALEY, President.

WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.

Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Seas.

Insures against loss by fire.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Bagaley, James Park, Jr., W. G. Johnson, B. F. Jones, Samuel Rea, Joshua Rhodes, Barclay Preston, S. M. Kier, John Shipton, James M. Cooper, S. Harbaugh, J. Caldwell, Jr., John S. Dilworth, George Bingham, Wm. A. Rodgers.

Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

**MONONGAHELA *INSURANCE COMPANY,***

OF PITTSBURGH. INCORPORATED 1854.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL $500,000.

CASH 175,000.

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office: No. 98 WATER STREET.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. A. Caldwell, John McDevitt, Geo. A. Berry, John Atwell, James Woodburn, Samuel B. Robison, R. H. Palmer, Jas. A. Hutchison, William Rea, Robert Dalzell, William Means, R. Wallace, John E. Canfield, D. S. H. Gilmore, James McCandless.

WM. A. CALDWELL, President.

JNO. McDEVITT, Vice President.

JNO. H. CLANEY, Secretary.

Capt. F. A. Dohrman, Genl. Agent and Surveyor.

**PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.**

Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.

Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Phillips, John Watt, John E. Parke, Frank S. Bissell, J. F. Kirkpatrick, Capt. James Miller, Samuel P. Shriver, Capt. J. F. L. Rhodes, Wm. Vankirk, Jas. D. Verner, C. Hanson Love, Chas Arbuckle.

WM. PHILLIPS, President.

JOHN WATT, Vice President.

WM. F. GARDINER, Secretary.

CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

**WESTERN INSURANCE CO.**

OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEX. NIMICK, President.

WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

Capt. Geo. NEELD, General Agent.

Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick, James McAuley, Alexander Speer, Wm. Morrison, Charles J. Clarke, William S. Evans, Philip Reymer, Reuben Miller, Jr., Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, John R. McCune, D. Ihmsen, Joseph Kirkpatrick.

WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

**CALL AND SEE THE**

**PRIVATE GAS APPARATUS,**

FOR

**Country Villas, Churches, Schools, Hotels, Manufactories, Railroad Stations, &c.**

The attention of gentlemen residing in the country, manufacturers and others, outside of line of city pipe, is especially called to an examination of the

WORKING MODEL GAS APPARATUS,

Now on exhibition at the Warehouse of

**LUPTON & CHRISTY.**

362 PENN STREET, opposite Ft. Wayne Depot.

The Gas is made from Residuum of Petroleum, in combination with Lime, costs less and is richer in illuminating power than Coal Gas.

The Apparatus is simple, and can be operated by any laborer of ordinary capacity with perfect safety, and has been in successful use in Wheeling and New York.

**Petroleo Calcium Gas Co.,**

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

**RYE.**

A FEW THOUSAND BUSHELS

WANTED BY

DANIEL WALLACE,

353 Liberty street.

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### NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

BEAUTIFUL FURS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**

180 and 182 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

**VELVET HATS,**

STRAW HATS,

*RIBBONS AND FLOWERS,*

CHEAP AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**

180 and 182 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.

**HEAVY BARRED FLANNELS,**

ROB ROY FLANNELS,

PLAIN AND OPERA FLANNELS,

UNBLEACHED CANTON FLANNELS,

COL'D CANTON FLANNELS, &c.,

*A LARGE STOCK AT VERY LOW PRICES,*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**

180 and 182 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

**SHAWLS,**

SONTAGS, HOODS, NUBIAS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, &c.

The attention of Country Merchants and Retail Purchasers is respectfully invited to the large stock and MODERATE PRICES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT

**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**

180 and 182

**FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.**

**VELVET SACQUES,**

*Cloth Sacques, Broche Shawls,*

PLAID SHAWLS,

FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES, BY

**WHITE, ORR & CO.,**

25 FIFTH STREET.

**1867. FALL 1867.**

**DRY GOODS.**

**M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO.,**

***103 WOOD STREET,***

Invite the attention of close buyers to their large and attractive stock of

**DELAINES, PRINTS, MUSLINS, FOREIGN DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, FLANNELS, SHAWLS, WHITE GOODS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY AND NOTIONS.**

Also, Sole Agents for Magill's Superior

**FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS**

AND

***Country Blankets.***

These Goods are excelled by none. We furnish them to the trade at manufacturers' lowest prices.

**M'CANDLESS, JAMISON & CO.,**

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**NEW GOVERNMENT BLANKETS.**

LESS THAN ONE-THIRD THE ORIGINAL COST

30 BALES LARGE, HEAVY

NO. 1 GRAY BLANKETS,

From Jeffersonville sale: weigh from 10 to 12 lbs to the Pair. MUST BE SOLD.

Great chances for Country Merchants and Pedlars. Only 25 Pairs in a Bale.

**M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,**

54 WOOD STREET.

**CHEAP GOODS.**

**DRESS GOODS.**

**FRENCH POPLINS.**

**IRISH POPLINS.**

**FRENCH CHINTZES.**

**YARD WIDE LINENS, 25c.**

**YARD WIDE MUSLINS, 12 1-2c.**

**HUCKABACK TOWELS, very cheap.**

**TABLE LINENS.**

**10-4 SHEETINGS, QUILTS, &c.**

**JOHN PORTER,**

**91 MARKET STREET.**

eod

## WINES, BRANDIES, &C.

JOHN ROTH.................J. F. ROTH.

**JOHN ROTH & SON,**

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS

*FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC*

**WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, RUMS, WHISKIES, &c.,**

**No. 307 LIBERTY, opposite Smithfield st.,**

Beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have opened a Wholesale Store at the above place, and will be ready from MONDAY, the 21st day of October, to fill all orders in their line to the satisfaction of all who will favor them.

The long and well established reputation of JOHN ROTH will be a sufficient guarantee for the superior qualities and purity of their goods, and it will be their aim to uphold the same.

For medical purposes particular attention is expressly directed to the large stock of OLD GERMAN WINES and superior qualities of FRENCH COGNACS.

Orders left at No. 26 DIAMOND will also promptly be attended to.

tf JOHN ROTH & SON.

**SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,**

**Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.**

ALSO,

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

*VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.*

**SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,**

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable

**Tonic and Strengthening Properties**

Are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect,

**A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.**

Invalids use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.

Females use SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.

Weakly persons find a benefit by its use.

SPEER'S WINES in hospitals are preferred to other wines.

☞ Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

A. SPEER'S VINEYARD, New Jersey. Office 243 BROADWAY, New York. TThs

**R. P. GETTY,**

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

**CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS,**

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**GENT'S UNDERWEAR,**

LADIES' UNDERWEAR, MISSES' UNDERWEAR, BOYS' UNDERWEAR, CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,

A COMPLETE LINE OF SIZES IN

*Silk, All Wool and Merino,*

AT PRICES AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR.

**MACRUM & CARLISLE,**

19 FIFTH STREET.

**THE NEW**

**Glove Fitting Corset,**

GENUINE FRENCH CORSETS,

ELEGANT KNIT SHAWLS,

***Alexandre's and Courvoisier Kids,***

NEW STYLES TRIMMINGS,

JUST OPENED BY

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*THE WELL KNOWN*

**KITTANNING**

*BARRED*

*FLANNEL,*

IN

BLACK AND RED, & BLACK AND WHITE.

*A LARGE STOCK,*

OFFERED AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

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**FALL GOODS**

A FULL LINE JUST OPENED AT THE

**NEW WHOLESALE**

**DRY GOODS HOUSE**

OF

**DUNCAN & HUGUS.**

Brown and Bleached Sheetings,

TICKINGS, CANTON FLANNELS, BAR'D COUNTRY FLANNELS,

LADIES' CLOAKING CLOTHS,

ALL COLORS.

**Dress Goods,**

MERINOS, COBURGS, DELAINES, PRINTS,

SATINETS, TWEEDS,

KENTUCKY JEANS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, BLANKETS, COUNTERPANES,

Cotton Batting and Carpet Chain.

W. C. DUNCAN,

DANL. HUGUS,

**53 and 55 Wood St.**

**DRY GOODS,**

AT

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**

**J. W. BARKER & CO.**

**59 MARKET ST.**

**We invite the particular attention of WHOLESALE BUYERS, to our Stock, complete in all the Various Departments of FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS, and to the fact that we sell everything at the VERY LOWEST EASTERN PRICES, and cut all kinds of goods into quantities to suit purchasers.**

**NEW STOCK.**

**IRISH POPLINS, POPLIN PLAIDS, FRENCH POPLINS, EMBROIDERED SKIRTS, ALPACA SKIRTS, PLAID SHAWLS, PLAID SILKS, FRENCH CORSETS, BALMORAL SKIRTING, CLOAKING PLAIDS, CLOAK TRIMMINGS,**

*A Complete Assortment of These Goods Just Received.*

**BATES & BELL,**

**21 FIFTH ST.**

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***IRON WORKS.***

**AMERICAN IRON WORKS,**

**JONES & LAUGHLINS,**

*PITTSBURGH,*

MANUFACTURERS OF

*AMERICAN AND CLAIR BAR, HOOP,*

SHEET AND PLATE IRON.

BRIDGE IRON; ANGLE AND T IRON; GUARD IRON; COAL SCREEN IRON; T RAILS, 16 and 30 inch to yard; TRAM RAILS, punched and countersunk; BOILER, BRIDGE AND TANK RIVETS; CUT NAILS AND SPIKES; SHIP AND BOAT SPIKES; RAILROAD SPIKES; RAILROAD FISH BARS AND BOLTS; RAILROAD CAR WHEELS AND AXLES; STREET CAR WHEELS AND AXLES; COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS AND AXLES; PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTINGS; PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS; MOWER AND REAPER BARS.

*WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE:*

120 WATER AND 120 FRONT STS.

*BRANCH OFFICE:*

NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 FRONT STREET,

1y CHICAGO, ILL.

**CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE**

**D. R. ECKER,**

*DEALER IN*

HYDRAULIC CEMENT; CALCINED PLASTER; TYRONE WHITE LIME; CHESTER VALLEY WHITE LIME; FIRE BRICK AND CLAY; FIRE TILE, for Furnaces, Gas Houses, Oil Refineries, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Grates, Stoves, &c. All sizes and patterns; CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN AND WATER PIPES; STONE HEARTHS, ½ to 4 inches thick.

*ALSO,*

ENCAUSTIC TILE, plain and inlaid, every pattern for Floors, Halls, Vestibules, Hearths, &c. MARBLE AND SLATE TILE. MARBLE AND SLATE MANTLES, furnished at lowest New York prices.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

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Opposite Monongahela House.

**MONONGAHELA IRON WORKS.**

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*MANUFACTURERS OF*

CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS; THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES; WAGON AND SKEIN BOLTS; COACH AND LAG SCREWS; SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS; CAST AND WROUGHT IRON WASHERS; MACHINE AND PLOW BOLTS; WROUGHT IRON HINGES; TUYERE IRONS; BRIDGE BOLTS AND CASTINGS; ROOF AND TRUSS BOLTS; COAL CAR WHEELS AND AXLES; BARGE AND COAL CAR BOLTS; STOVE AND SAW RODS; R. R. SPLICE BARS AND BOLTS, &c.

A full assortment of standard sizes kept in stock.

WORKS:

SOUTH END OF BIRMINGHAM BRIDGE.

WAREHOUSE:

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**Boiler, Still and Tank Works.**

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MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER

*STEAM BOILERS.*

CHIMNEYS, BRITCHES, FIRE BEDS, ASH PANS, STEAM PIPE, SALT PANS, IRON BRIDGES, OIL STILLS, OIL TANKS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, CONDENSERS, PRISON DOORS, GASOMETERS, STEAM BOILERS.

Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

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**Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,**

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipe are all cast vertically in Pits, in Dry Sand, in TWELVE FEET LENGTHS.

Also, a full assortment of

GENERAL CASTINGS FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

JOHN M. COOPER......JOS. KAYE......HENRY BIER

**JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,**

**BRASS FOUNDERS,**

**Steam and Gas Fitters,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

**PUMPS AND BRASS WORK,**

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; DEALERS IN

**Gas Fixtures and Tubing**

OF ALL KINDS.

**Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts.**

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Call and examine our Steam Pump before purchasing elsewhere. It is plain and substantial; equal if not superior to any Pump now in use.

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**BRADLEY STOVE WORKS,**

**STOVE WORKS.**

MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF

***COOK, PARLOR and HEATING***

**STOVES,**

Among which are the celebrated NATIONAL, TALISMAN, TROPIC and EUREKA—Coal Cook Stoves. Also, VETERAN, POMONA and IRONSIDES Wood Cook Stoves.

**Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c.,**

Agents for Leise's celebrated HOTEL and FAMILY RANGES.

Office: Corner of SECOND AND WOOD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

**JAS. B. LYON & CO.,**

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***FLINT GLASS WARE,***

WAREHOUSE, NO. 116 WATER ST.,

FIVE DOORS BELOW MONONGAHELA HOUSE

PITTSBURGH, PA.

**PITTSBURGH**

LAMP AND GLASS COMPANY.

*NO. 23 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA*

**JOHN H. BOYTS & CO.,**

(SUCCESSORS TO JOHN ROSS & CO.,)

Manufacturers of all kinds of

LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, &c.

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade. TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

**LYON, SHORB & CO.,**

**SLIGO IRON WORKS,**

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PITTSBURGH PA

**PITTSBURGH FLINT GLASS WORKS—Established 1808.**

**BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.**

Factory, SIDNEY STREET, Birmingham. Warehouse, 31 and 33 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.

J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, JR.

B. B. CAMPBELL. J. W. PAUL.

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**MACHINE CARD CLOTHING.**

ESTABLISHED 1845.

**E. P. STETSON,**

(Successor to Everett Stetson),

MANUFACTURER OF

*Machine Card Clothing,*

Of Every Description,

FOR COTTON AND WOOLEN MACHINERY,

WALPOLE, MASS.

An extensive reference given if desired.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

**EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.**

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE,

**165 FIRST STREET,**

*OPPOSITE REAR OF MONONGAHELA HOUSE,*

PITTSBURGH.

W. T. JAQUITH....L. O. LIVINGSTON....W. H. BURT.

**LIVINGSTON & CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

**Fine Ornamental and Machine Castings, Steam and Gas Fittings, Loose Butt and Shutter Hinges, all sizes. Improved Sash Pulleys & Weights, Badgley's Patent Carriage Jacks, &c.**

We warrant our work equal in point of finish and smoothness to best Eastern manufacture. Orders may be left at our WORKS, corner of Washington avenue and Sedgwick street, Allegheny city, or sent through Pittsburgh Postoffice, and receive prompt attention.

**ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.,**

**Pittsburgh Novelty Works,**

*CORNER OF GRANT AND FIRST STREETS,*

MANUFACTURERS OF

FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES.

JANUS FACED PATENT DOOR LOCKS AND LATCHES.

PAINT AND COFFEE MILLS, MALLEABLE IRON, &c.

**Mackintosh, Hemphill & Co.**

**Founders and Machinists,**

***IRON CITY WORKS,***

COR. PIKE AND O'HARA AND PIKE AND WALNUT STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

*MANUFACTURERS OF*

**BLAST ENGINES, ROLLING MILL ENGINES, SAW, GRIST AND PLANING MILL ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND OTHER MACHINERY, CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.**

☞ Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.

**DASH, WRIGHT & CO.,**

**Sheffield Cutlery Works,**

SOHO BRIDGE, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF THEIR

**PATENT PEN KNIFE AND SCISSORS COMBINED.**

Also, Pen and Pocket Cutlery. Cutlery repaired at short notice; also, Tailors' Shears Ground and Set. All orders left at the store of G. W. DASH, No. 1 Merchant's Hotel Building, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention. tf

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO. PURE WHITE LEAD. PITTSBURGH.

**WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE AND ZINC,**

**DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,**

***WHITE LEAD WORKS,***

MANUFACTURERS OF

WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE AND ZINC.

Office, 9 SMITHFIELD ST., Monongahela House.

ROBERT C. TOTTEN. NATHANIEL B. HOGG.

**FULTON FOUNDRY.**

**NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.**

Warehouse, 121 Wood street.

**TOTTEN & CO.,**

Successors to Joseph Pennock and Pennock & Totten. Manufacturers of Chill Rolls, warranted; Nail Machines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling Heating and Punneling Furnace Plates, of improved patterns, plain and corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches, of latest improved patterns. Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery generally.

Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Sugar Kettle; House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either boul or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. Sole manufacturers for Allegheny County of Helme's Patent Benzole Burner, adapted to all heating purposes. jali-a

**SWORD'S**

**Self Tempering Steam Power**

***BRICK MACHINE,***

MANUFACTURED BY THE

**PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE**

AND

***BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.***

This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking, necessary for "soft mud" machines), and tempers it thoroughly, pressing, in steel moulds, brick stiff enough to be packed up eight high in the yard as made. For cutting with the trowel, bearing hard usage, and making a strong, true wall, there are no better brick known. The cost of making them by this machine is from 95 cents to $1 10 per 1,000, according to the rates of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built entirely of iron and steel, and in the best style for strength and permanent use in working clay. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,

**359 LIBERTY STREET, 2d Story,**

Near the Union R. R. Depot,

d* Pittsburgh, Pa.

**WASHINGTON WORKS,**

OFFICE:

No. 12 SMITHFIELD, COR. FIRST STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

**ROBINSON, REA & CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

BLAST ENGINES, BOAT AND STATIONARY ENGINES, STEAM HAMMERS, ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of all descriptions, MACHINERY AND CASTINGS, of every description. BLAKE'S ROCK AND ORE CRUSHER, BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORKS.

Agents for "GIFFARD'S" INJECTOR for Feeding Boilers.

**KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.**

**LLOYD & BLACK,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

**Best Common Refined Charcoal and Juniata Bloom Iron.**

**MERCHANT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON; HOOP, BAND AND SHEET IRON; BOILER PLATE IRON; ANGLE AND T IRON; CYLINDER, GUARD AND FINGER IRON; DRAG AND DROPPER BARS; SMALL T RAILS, 20, 16 and 14 pounds to the Yard. WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same; FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk; COAL SCREEN IRON; NAILS AND SPIKES;**

**Warehouse and Office at the Works,**

GREENOUGH STREET,

A continuation of First street, above Ross street, adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders left in Box at No. 89 Water street, will receive prompt attention.

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***CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,***

**BOILER PLATE, SHEET IRON,**

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**Horse and Mule Shoes,**

Would call especial attention to our Shoes, which we claim to be of a

**Very Superior Quality.**

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SHEATH, BRAZIERS AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER, &c.

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Warehouse, 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. 3p

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**A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S**

*STEAM PUMPS,*

For Coal Mines, Oil Refineries, Rolling Mills, Supplying Boilers, &c.

ALSO,

*BLOWER ENGINES,*

For Oil Refineries and Blast Furnaces.

Every Pump warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

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**Steam Brick Manufacturing Co.**

***THE BEST PRESSED BRICK EXTANT.***

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Office, over the People's National Bank of Pittsburgh, corner of FIRST and WOOD STREETS. Office hours from 8½ to 9 A. M.

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***Builders & Contractors.***

**GREAT WESTERN PLANING MILL AND BOX FACTORY,**

COR. MARBURY ST. AND DUQUESNE WAY,

Will furnish Flooring, Weather Boarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds and Brackets of every variety.

MOULDINGS of the Latest and Neatest Styles. WINDOW and other FRAMES made on shortest notice. PALINGS also on hand, all made in the best workmanlike manner and of first-class material. SCROLL AND RESAWING done with neatness and dispatch. BOXES of every description made on shortest possible notice. All work and material delivered to any point within city and its suburbs.

Particular attention given to Stair Building, and everything pertaining to that Branch. Under the supervision of O. CHESTER, Esq.

**JOHN HEATH.**

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**WM. B. SCAIFE,**

NOS. 119 AND 121 FIRST STREET,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

**OIL WELL TUBING,**

GENUINE

**Lap Weld Gas Pipe,**

CASING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS,

GAS TONGS, cheap for Wholesale Trade.

SHEET IRON LINING FOR CASING WELLS, &c.

EVERYTHING NEEDED IN,

PUMPING OIL WELLS.

**Sheet and Plate Iron Work,**

IRON TANKS, FOR STORING OIL, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, &c.

COPPER PIPES, LIFE BOATS, BLACKSMITH WORK, BUILDINGS WARMED BY FURNACES, REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, HAIR FELT, for Covering Steam Pipes and Boilers.

Those in want of the *BEST GOODS AND WORK*, are invited to give us a call,

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**DAVIS & PHILLIPS,**

**BRASS AND IRON**

**FOUNDERS AND FINISHERS**

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MANUFACTURERS OF

MALLEABLE AND GRAY IRON GAS & STEAM FITTINGS, PLUMBERS' AND GAS FITTERS' GOODS, ALL KINDS OF FINISHED BRASS WORK, EASTMAN, ASHCROFT, ALLEN'S, AND ALL KINDS OF STEAM AND WATER GUAGES, GIFFORD'S INJECTORS.

Agents for JUDSON'S GOVERNOR VALVES, (same price as at works).

We also manufacture the ECLIPSE STEAM PUMP of capacity from 20 to 1,500 gallons per minute, and saves from 60 to 70 per cent. of fuel over all other Pumping Engines in Pittsburgh. The Eclipse Pump is sold cheaper than any steam Pump in the market. Oil men and others wanting Steam Pumps please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Agents for the CAMDEN GAS PIPE CUTTING MACHINE, the best in the market for cutting screws on pipe.

STEAM ENGINE INDICATORS, an instrument to demonstrate the cut-off at each end of the stroke, and to regulate the same by it. Engineers are invited to call and examine. ROTARY DYNOMOMETER. NEER'S PATENT RADIATORS. HIGH PRESSURE STEAM. Steam Whistles, Oil Globes, Gong Bells, Baggage Checks, Pipe Hooks, Locomotive Spring Balances, Test Guage and Pump, Water and Oil Pumps of all kinds. Also, Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, Stocks, Dies, Taps, Screw Plates, Tongs, Gas Pliers and Pipe Vises.

We employ competent labor to fit up public and private houses, Oil Refineries, Rolling Mills, or to put up in place all goods we manufacture or sell.

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**Nos. 110 Water and 104 First Sts.,**

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## STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

**SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.**

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Patent Rolled Cast Steel Saw Plates, Extra Quality Tool Cast Steel, Patent Rolled Saw Plates, Cast and German Spring and Plow Steel, Springs, Axles, Steel Tire, Plow Molds, Shares, Shovel Wings, &c., &c.

**83 WATER and 100 FIRST STREETS,**

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**PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS,**

(ESTABLISHED IN 1845.)

**ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,**

Manufacturers of every description of

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BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut

**SAW PLATES,**

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Locomotive and R. R. Car Springs; R. R. Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Springs, Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc. Oil Drill Steel.

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**HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

**All Descriptions of Cast Steel,**

Best Refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross Cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.

Office and Works, CORNER HARRISON and PIKE STREETS, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 FIFTH STREET.

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**STEEL WORKS,**

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**PARK, BROTHER & CO.,**

Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, square, flat and octagon, all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 FIRST, and 120 and 122 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

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JOS. SPENCER....JAS. M'KAY....ROBT. LIDDELL.

**PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.**

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

*MALSTERS AND BREWERS,*

OF ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

**PRODUCE.**

15 bbls Rye Flour, fresh ground; 120 bush bolted Corn Meal; 50 bush bolted Corn, white; 5,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Oats; 3,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Rye; 500 lbs White Middlings; 15 bush Barley; 20 bush Shelled Corn. Now receiving and for sale: 100 boxes prime Old Cheese; 100 bxs new, to arrive; 1,000 lbs fresh May Butter. In store and for sale by H. RIDDLE, No 184 Liberty street.

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**H. CHILDS & CO.,**

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***WOOD STREET,***

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**WHOLESALE DEALERS**

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**JOBBERS**

IN

***BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS and LEATHER,***

INVITE THE INSPECTION OF

**City and Country Merchants**

To our large and well selected stock of

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

Of every variety and style, and particularly to full lines of

**CUSTOM WORK,**

MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED.

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**EASTERN PRICES.**

To Cash or prompt short time buyers.

☞ Agents for sale of HOPE MILLS COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAIN, SEAMLESS BAGS AND BATTING

**H. CHILDS & CO.**

**FUR AND WOOL**

**HATS,**

MENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S,

ALL QUALITIES AND STYLES.

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84 WOOD STREET.

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JOSIAH WEBB & CO.,

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PREMIUM CHOCOLATES, PREPARED COCOA, COCOA SHELLS AND PASTE, BROMA SPICE AND UNION STICKS, &c., MILTON, MASS.

Having accepted the Agency of this celebrated make of Chocolate and Cocoa preparations, we can now offer them to the trade at Manufacturers' Prices, warranted equal in quality to any manufactured.

**REYMER & BROS.,**

WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS AND FRUIT DEALERS.

**NOS. 126 AND 128 WOOD ST.**

**CHOICE BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.**

10,000 POUNDS

***Choice Buckwheat,***

IN STORE AND FOR SALE BY

**JAMES CONNOR,**

WHOLESALE GROCER,

NO. 355 LIBERTY STREET.

**JUST RECEIVED**

AND FOR SALE BY

**J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,**

130 and 132 Second street.

25 BBLS. PRIME NAVY BEANS;

25 BBLS. CHOICE DRIED APPLES;

10 BBLS. BRIGHT HALVES DRIED PEACHES.

**WM. MILLER,**

(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON),

*WHOLESALE GROCER,*

IMPORTER OF BRANDIES, WINES & CIGARS,

AND DEALER IN

**OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKY,**

Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin sts.,

Is now receiving

MOET & CHANDON CHAMPAGNES,

*OF THE CELEBRATED VINTAGE 1865.*

SILLERY, FLEUR DE SILLERY,

VERZENEY & VIN IMPERIAL (GREEN SEAL).

And would invite the attention of dealers and others to these superb and rich Champagnes.

The vintage of 1865 is even superior to that of 1848, and is considered the finest Wine ever produced.

Sherry, Port, Claret, Madeira, &c., always on hand.

**MEANS & COFFIN,**

**Wholesale Grocers,**

**COR. OF WOOD AND WATER STS.,**

*PITTSBURGH, PA.,*

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A WELL SELECTED

***Stock of Groceries,***

Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers. ap15-eod

SAML. P. SHRIVER,............JASON M. HOFFSTOT, JOS. NEWCOMER.

**S. P. SHRIVER & CO.,**

**WHOLESALE GROCERS,**

Nos. 27 and 29 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Corner of Second, Pittsburgh.

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**MALIN & HAMMETT,**

**IRON COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

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**PIG METAL AND BLOOMS**

Nos. 69 and 70 WATER STREET,

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**DAV. CRAWFORD,**

**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**

In PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c.

Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited.

G. S. BRYAN.....................JOHN A. CAUGHEY.

**BRYAN & CAUGHEY,**

(Successors to George S. Bryan & Co.,)

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

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## WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

**SPECTACLES,**

*WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,*

AT

DUNSEATH & HASLETT'S,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,

56 FIFTH STREET.

## ATTORNEYS.

JOHN M. TIERNAN..............MALCOLM HAY.

**TIERNAN & HAY,**

**LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE,**

NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Real Estate bought and sold, and Mortgages negotiated.

**PAPER BAGS,**

**PAPER BAGS.**

W. A. McCLURG, 57 HAND STREET.

ALWAYS ON HAND, PRINTED TO ORDER, the BEST PAPER BAGS made for Flour, Buckwheat and Groceries. Also,

**WRAPPING PAPER AND TWINES.**

# The Daily Commercial

## CITY MATTERS.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.—A regular semi-monthly meeting of the Allegheny City Councils will be held to-night.

THE POSTOFFICE.—This being Thanksgiving Day, the postoffice will be open this morning but from seven to nine o'clock.

ROBBED.—A man named Michael Kuntz, residing in Temperanceville, was knocked down by an unknown villain near the railroad bridge, in that borough, on Tuesday night, and robbed of four dollars, all he had with him.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The new Catholic Church of the Assumption at Pine Creek will be dedicated to Divine worship this morning at half-past ten o'clock, by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec. Refreshments will be provided for persons coming from a distance.

DRY LATH.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Messrs. McQuewan & Douglass, large lumber dealers on Penn street, near the Point, have for sale three hundred thousand feet of dry lath, which is at present a scarce article in this market.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT.—Wm. Tyler, a colored lad, made an information yesterday before Acting Mayor Owston, charging Calvin Gray with knocking out his left eye with a stone. The alleged offense took place in Uniontown some weeks since, but since that time the defendant has removed to Temperanceville. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

OFFICERS OF THE Y. M. C. A.—At a recent meeting of the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association, the following named officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Oliver McClintock; First Vice President, J. A. Emery; Second Vice President, Benjamin Page; Corresponding Secretary, H. K. Porter; Recording Secretary, E. T. Cook; Treasurer, W. B. Edwards.

AN INCORRIGIBLE BOY.—A boy named William J. Brown, aged thirteen years, residing in East Liberty, was arrested yesterday on complaint of his father and taken before Alderman McMasters, for incorrigibility. The father states that the boy is a common vagrant, is in the habit of constantly absenting himself from home, and has committed several thefts. At the instigation of Mr. Brown, the lad was committed to the House of Refuge.

SABBATH SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.—The Ninth Anniversary of the Sabbath Schools connected with the various Reformed and United Presbyterian congregations of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity, will take place this (Thanksgiving) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock, in the Academy of Music, Liberty street, this city. The exercises will be of a very interesting and entertaining character, and a happy time for the young folks is expected.

THE NICHOLSON PAVEMENT.—The work is progressing finely, having reached Diamond alley, and a force was at work to a late hour last night in making a crossing at that place in order to guard against the flow of water through the alley. Mr. Allen, the contractor, has, in order to complete the work as speedily as possible, secured nearly his entire force to work to-day, and should the weather be favorable will reach Fifth street on Friday.

ARTICLES IN THEIR PURITY.—Just where to find a genuine article that one may be in want of is always an object of solicitude. To those in quest of choicest cosmetics and most delicious perfumeries, or pure, unadulterated liquors for medicinal purposes, Joseph Fleming's, corner of Market street and the Diamond, near Fourth, is the place to get them. Every article to be found in a first class drug store may be had at Fleming's, and that, too, of the best quality no matter what its nature.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.—Thanksgiving services will be held to-day in a number of the churches in the two cities and vicinity. Several of the Presbyterian congregations in Allegheny have accepted an invitation from the First Presbyterian congregation of that city, Rev. E. E. Swift, pastor, to unite with them in thanksgiving service this morning, in their church on Beaver street. Services will commence at half-past ten o'clock with a sermon by Rev. A. A. Hodge, D. D., of the Western Theological Seminary.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—A man named Thos. Kearny, while walking on the track of the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Conemaugh Station, on Tuesday afternoon, and while endeavoring to get out of the way of the freight train going West, fell through a culvert, sustaining very severe injuries in the head and back. He was picked up and kindly cared for by the employees of the road. He was found to be destitute and a perfect stranger in the neighborhood. It was ascertained that he lived in Lancaster, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company kindly furnished him transportation to his home.

A TIN WEDDING.—A number of the members of the Liberty Street Methodist Episcopal Church on Tuesday evening assembled at the residence of their pastor, Rev. W. H. Locke, and gave him a substantial token of their appreciation of his services as a minister, and of esteem for himself and family. It was the tenth anniversary of his marriage, and the occasion was celebrated by a tin wedding. Presents of useful and fancy articles to the amount of over two hundred dollars were made him, and the evening was spent in the most pleasant manner.

A YOUTHFUL VAGRANT.—On Tuesday night a member of the night police picked up a little colored boy who was wandering around the streets and took him to the watch house. The lad states that his name is Alfred Gale, is ten years old, and resided on Gaskill street, Philadelphia. On Monday morning he concluded to run away from home, and visiting the depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad managed to secrete himself in a freight car. He reached this city on Tuesday, and not having any acquaintances here, fell into the hands of the police. He appears satisfied to return home, and his parents have been informed of his whereabouts.

### Citizens' Meeting in Manchester—Reading Room to be Established Under the Auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

In pursuance of a call issued by a Committee from the Young Men's Christian Association of Pittsburgh, a meeting of the citizens of the Fifth and Sixth wards, Allegheny City, (formerly Manchester) was held on Tuesday evening at the Union M. E. Church, on Ohio Avenue, for the purpose of considering the feasibility of opening a Reading Room in that part of our sister city. The meeting was quite a large one, and considerable interest was manifested in the proceedings.

On motion, J. F. Brady, Jr., Esq., was called to the chair, and J. A. Moore, Esq., appointed Secretary.

Mr. Emery, Vice President of the Association, was then introduced, and developed the plan by which the Reading Room might be secured. An impression prevails in the community that the Young Men's Christian Association was designed for Pittsburgh only; that the boroughs have no interest in it; such is not the fact; the name is "the Young Men's Christian Association of Pittsburgh and vicinity," and the last part of the name is as important as the first. Every section of this great assemblage of cities and boroughs is interested in the work, and it is very desirable that all young men become members of the Association and help extend its influence to every house. The Reading Room is to be part of the Association: "For the body is not one member, but many." The room will be opened, provided sufficient encouragement be offered to justify it; its advantages are acknowledged and its anticipated results are appreciated. This will be the beginning of other action. Willing hands are ready to do the work; material aid is now the desideratum.

Mr. F. Woods said he had been engaged in canvassing in the interest of the proposed Reading Room and everywhere had met with a cordial welcome, and that a strong interest seemed to be manifested by the citizens. He said that a suitable room in an eligible location would be procured at once.

Brief, stirring addresses were made by W. M. Clancy, R. S. Morrison, and Jonathan Gallagher, Esqs., and Rev. John Gamble, each advocating immediate action in the movement.

An opportunity being given for subscription, quite a large sum was responded, after which, on motion, the chairman, Mr. Brady, in conjunction with the pastors of the several churches, and the foremen of the different shops were authorized to appoint a committee for soliciting aid from the citizens. The meeting authorized the chairman of the Committee to report to the Young Men's Christian Association, that the establishment of a reading room might be considered a fixed fact.

After devotional exercises, the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place next Tuesday evening.

### Court Proceedings.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE WILLIAMS.

The counsel in the case of T. J. Simpson for use vs. John A. Verner, agreed upon a settlement and jury was set aside.

Foster & Co. vs. the Pittsburgh Coal Company. This was an action to recover a balance of $1,600 alleged to be due on the price of a locomotive built by plaintiffs for defendants. The contract price was $[illegible], of which amount $1,500 was paid. The defense contended that the locomotive was not delivered at the time agreed upon, was constructed of inferior qualities of material, and was imperfectly constructed. On trial.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGE STERRETT.

The jury in the case of Mersterfield vs. Busch, previously reported, rendered a verdict for plaintiff for $[illegible].

D. H. Ryall vs. Hugh Swearingen. This was an action in replevin for a brown mare valued at $250. Jury out.

George M'Comb vs. Hugh Swearingen. This was an action for trespass, the plaintiff alleging that the defendant had removed a fence enclosing some land of plaintiff abutting on the Putney road. On trial.

### The License Court.

The Commissioners of the county met yesterday morning, for the purpose of considering the eleventh list of applications for license to retail liquors. The following petitions were acted upon:

LICENSES GRANTED.

John Horn, tavern, Third ward, Allegheny.

Thomas Tschudy, eating house, Third ward, Allegheny.

George Garber, tavern, Fourth ward, Allegheny.

John E. Buettner, tavern, Fourth ward, Allegheny.

R. & A. Carson, other goods, Fourth ward, Allegheny.

Philip Wagner, tavern, Sixth ward, Allegheny.

Stephen Hoffman, eating house, Seventh ward, Allegheny.

APPLICATIONS REFUSED.

Philip Heckler, tavern, Third ward, Allegheny.

Patrick Craney, eating house, Fifth ward, Allegheny.

Elizabeth Young, eating house, Tarentum borough.

Joseph Dillman, eating house, Shaler township.

Robert E. Hanson, eating house, Harrison township.

The list comprises sixty-eight applications, and the Board will pass upon the balance of them during the present week.

### Police Intelligence.

[Before Alderman Taylor.]

ATTEMPT TO DEFRAUD CREDITORS.

A. P. Williams made an information yesterday against George Bechtold, a resident of East Liberty, charging him with disposing of his goods with intent to defraud his creditors. A warrant for the arrest of the accused was issued.

WIFE ABANDONMENT.

Mrs. Annie Mullin brought suit against her husband, Hugh Mullin, for abandonment, alleging that he has deserted her, and refused to provide for her support. Hugh was arrested and held for a hearing.

ARRESTED.

Deitrich Farmholz, charged with larceny by bailee of a watch, belonging to Wm. Shillcan, was arrested yesterday and held to bail for a hearing.

[Before Alderman Strain.]

AN ALLEGED DISHONEST EMPLOYEE.

Mrs. Mary A. Voight appeared yesterday and entered suit against Bernhardt Steuben, for larceny by bailee and obtaining money under false pretenses. The husband of the prosecutrix was a fresco painter, and died a short time ago. The defendant was in his employ, and it is alleged, after his death, defendant came into possession of a quantity of paints and painting materials which belonged to the deceased, and which he refused to return. Steuben is also charged with having collected bills of Mr. Voight, representing that he is authorized to do so, which was false. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing on both charges.

[Before Alderman Butler.]

WIFE BEATING.

Ellen Laugham brought action yesterday against her husband, James Laugham, for assault and battery, alleging that he beat and abused her. He was arrested and committed to jail for trial, in default of three hundred dollars bail.

[Before Mayor Morrison, of Allegheny.]

AN ALLEGED THIEF ARRESTED.

A man named John McClinton was before the Mayor of Allegheny yesterday, charged with larceny, on oath of Mr. Perry Bonham. The prosecutor keeps a pump manufactory on Third street, Allegheny, and states that one night last week the shop was broken open and a large hand saw stolen. On Monday night the shop was again entered and a large steel square carried off. Suspicion attached to McClinton, who had been seen loafing about the premises, and he was accordingly arrested by Officers Swain and Snyder, of the night watch. Since his arrest it has been ascertained that he sold the saw to a farmer, and the square to a tavern keeper in the Third ward. The accused had a hearing, and in default of three hundred dollars bail was committed to jail for trial.

[Before Justice Kelly, of Temperanceville.]

FALSE PRETENSES.

John Apple was before this magistrate yesterday on a charge of false pretenses, preferred by Lewis Seibert, a storekeeper. Apple is charged with having obtained goods to the amount of thirty dollars from the prosecutor's store, by making false and fraudulent representations. The accused was held for bail.

## SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

### Meeting of the Ladies' Committee—Balance of Fund Collected, $24,647—Petitions for Appropriations—Location of the Monument to be Selected at Once.

A special meeting of the Ladies' Executive Committee of the Allegheny County Soldiers' Monumental Association was held yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. John Watt, on Penn street, this city, the President, Mrs. McKee, presiding.

The following communication from Mr. Park, Treasurer of the Monumental Fund, was presented and accepted:

*Mrs. McKee, President of the Monumental Association:*

I hand you a statement of the amount of funds in possession of the Association, showing total receipts and expenditures in the aggregate:

| | |
|---|---|
| Total receipts | $26,843 00 |
| Total expenditures | 2,196 00 |
| Balance | $24,647 00 |

Of the above balance $23,000 are on deposit bearing interest, the balance having been retained to meet incidental bills, which may not have been presented.

Yours, Respectfully, JAMES PARK, Jr.,
Wednesday, November 27, 1867. Treasurer.

On motion, Mr. Park was instructed to report and publish the receipts of the respective booths in the Soldiers' Monumental Fair held at City Hall.

On motion, the Committee on Incorporation of the Association were instructed to insert the names of the ladies composing the Executive Committee in the letters of incorporation.

On motion, it was resolved that communications be sent to the City Councils of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and to the County Commissioners, requesting an appropriation to the Soldiers' Monumental Fund.

After the transaction of some important business, the Committee adjourned, to meet again on Thursday afternoon next, December 5th, at half-past two o'clock, in the Firemen's Association Rooms, in the City Building, Diamond, when the gentlemen connected with the Monumental Association, are requested to be present. At this meeting the location of the monument will be permanently settled, and it is earnestly desired that every member of the Association will be in attendance. The ladies connected with this noble object are earnestly engaged in the work and it is designed that when a location for the monument is selected, the contract will be given out immediately and the work of erecting it pushed forward to rapid completion.

### Pedestrianism.

A MAN TO WALK FROM NEW CASTLE TO ALLEGHENY CITY.

Another aspirant to pedestrian honors, a man named John Schomaker, a resident of New Castle, Lawrence county, has made a wager that he will walk from New Castle to Allegheny City, a distance of forty-nine miles, in ten hours. The wager is for two hundred and fifty dollars, and the trial will be made to-day. Schomaker will leave the Leslie House, in New Castle, this morning at four o'clock, and if successful will arrive at the Grant House, in Allegheny, at two o'clock this afternoon.

SYMONS, THE PHILADELPHIA PEDESTRIAN, ON HIS TRAVELS.

Frederick W. Symons, who left Philadelphia on Friday morning last to walk to Leavenworth, Kansas, a distance of nearly thirteen hundred miles, in thirty eight days, on a wager of five thousand dollars, reached Sprecher's Leopold Hotel, in Lancaster, at noon on Sunday, and remained over until eight o'clock on Monday morning, when he started on a walk to Middletown, a distance of twenty-six miles. On Friday he walked forty-one miles in eight and three-quarters hours. He expects to reach Greensburg on next Monday and this city on Tuesday. When he reaches Pittsburgh he will be accompanied by interested parties in carriages who will go with him all the way to Leavenworth. The route marked out thus far extends to Alton, Illinois, a distance of eight hundred and seventy-seven miles. Should he succeed in accomplishing the feat he will attempt a return walk, in much shorter time and for a larger wager. Symons is six feet in height, slim, but shows considerable muscular development.

### The Homœopathic Fair.

As the time draws near for the opening of the grand Fair at City Hall next week, the expectations of the people grow apace, and we think not without reason, for the extent of the preparations going on would seem to indicate that it is to be an occasion of more than usual interest and importance. Aside from the noble object for which the Fair is held, the inducements offered cannot fail to ensure a large attendance during its continuance. The ladies have been so fortunate as to secure a band under the leadership of Mr. Puchringer, late of Grover's Opera, so that we may expect good music without fear of disappointment. One of the great attractions will be the central booth or Floral Temple, presenting a bright and beautiful appearance such as will arrest the attention of all. There will also be a Gipsy camp, and many other novelties and objects of interest, which space will not permit us to describe. Monday evening will be the opening night, and as Major Wm. Frew delivers the address, we may be sure of a large attendance.

### Public Amusements To-Day.

OPERA HOUSE.—Manager Canning announces a Thanksgiving Matinee this afternoon, at three o'clock, and a very entertaining bill. The clever young actor, Mr. Charles Barron, will appear as "Ruy Blas," and Hotto will do the "Persecuted Dutchman."

In the evening, Tom Taylor's admired play of "The Fool's Revenge" will be presented, with Mr. Barron in the character of "Bertuccio." The play of "Robert Macaire" will conclude the entertainment. On Friday evening Mr. Barron will take a benefit, when the new sensational drama of "Hilda" will be performed. He is a very deserving young artiste, and if such an audience be present as his merits deserve he will have a crowded house.

MASONIC HALL.—The Morris Brothers Minstrels will give a performance this afternoon, at two and a half o'clock, and will give their last entertainment this evening. During their stay they have delighted large audiences by their unique performances, and have acquired a popularity that will insure them a hearty welcome on their return. They perform in Harrisburg Friday and Saturday nights.

FRIDAY NIGHT.—Prof. and Madame Macallister will open their magical cabinet at Masonic Hall, on Friday evening. An attractive feature of their entertainment is the distribution of gifts among their audiences.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The James E. Murdoch Dramatic Troupe will perform this evening at the Academy of Music. The plays are "Lucretia Borgia" and "The Wrecker's Fate."

THE GREAT AMERICAN PREPARATION, valued at home and abroad, a real Hair Restorer or Dressing, (in one bottle.) A great triumph of science. Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved, (new style.) Every Druggist sells it. Price one dollar. TThs

### Thanksgiving Day.

Oppenheimer's Great Fashionable Merchant Tailoring Emporium, No. 83 Wood street, contains a new invoice of fabrics for fall and winter wear. Gents' furnishing goods of every description. Shirts, undershirts, drawers, collars, handkerchiefs, bows, ties, scarfs, hosiery, gloves, etc. Call and examine.

### Where Will I Buy?

Is a question in the minds of every person who are about purchasing a first class sewing machine. Our readers are cordially invited to go to the new sewing machine depot, No. 49 St. Clair street. Carson Bros., General Agents for the Empire and Wilcox & Gibbs'.

### Reduced Rates.

Heavy arrivals of fine new cargoes Japan Teas, by the chest, caddy or pound, at the reduced prices. American Tea Company, No. 3 St. Clair street.

### To be Good Looking.

Old faces made to look young and beautiful. You may obtain a handsome complexion, exempt from pimples, blotches, etc., by using the Indian Herb Doctor's Pimple Banisher. The Pimple Banisher, taken inwardly, will prevent night dreams and the weakening effects they have on the human system. Office No. 194 Liberty street.

### Dr. Aborn,

Eye, Ear, Head, Throat and Lung Physician and Surgeon, 134 Smithfield street.

THE Nicolson pavement and hard times appear to be all the talk these days. But we are ready for the good times at No. 240 Liberty street, where we have a large assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods, Variety Goods, Brushes, Blacking and Matches, at Thompson's. Call and see. ws

### Is Stimulation Necessary?

This question is practically answered in the affirmative by thousands of physicians every day. Sometimes they prescribe the ordinary forms of alcohol; sometimes tinctures which are simply *inferior alcohol*, more or less medicated; but no small proportion of the faculty give the preference to HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as the most carefully prepared medicinal stimulant at present known. It is impossible for prejudice itself to be blind to the marked success with which this extraordinary tonic and alterative has been administered in cases of DYSPEPSIA during the last twenty years. If it were possible to canvass the whole country for cases in which it had effected a cure of this obstinate and agonizing disease, *they would number millions*. No wonder, then, that it has become a STANDARD MEDICINE in every State, city, town and village in the United States, and that names, the most distinguished in literature, art and science, are the vouchers for its remarkable properties. The immense manufactory at Pittsburgh, with its extensive storehouses, is the largest establishment of the kind in this country, and, probably, in the world. The amount of manual labor employed in the preparation of the Bitters, to say nothing of the steam driven machinery, is greater than that of any other proprietary medicine establishment on this continent, and, by the blessing of Providence, the beneficial results of this unequalled tonic and alterative are co-extensive with its continually increasing sales.

### Thanksgiving Proclamation.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.
BY JOHN W. GEARY, GOVERNOR.

From the creation of the world, in all ages and climes, it has been customary to set apart certain days for special religious observances. This has not always been influenced by the light of Christian knowledge, nor by any proper conception of the character of that Great Being "who ruleth the earth in righteousness," and "who daily loadeth with his benefits;" but by an innate sense of the existence of an over-ruling Power, by which the world and all it contains are governed and controlled. Aided by the dictates of cultivated reason, and the teachings of Divine revelation, we, however, are taught to recognize in that Supreme Ruler a Heavenly Father, to whom we are indebted for existence and all the blessings we enjoy, and to whom we owe constant and fervent thanksgiving and praise. It is he who "visiteth the earth and watereth it;" who "setteth the furrows and blesseth the springings thereof;" who "crowneth the year with his goodness, and whose paths drop fatness;" who "clotheth the pastures with flocks, and covereth the valleys with corn; who "maketh the out-goings of the morning and of the evening to rejoice;" who "is our refuge and strength;" who "maketh wars to cease," and "saveth us from our enemies;" whose "throne is forever and ever," and who "blesseth the nations whose God is the Lord."

On all sides we have increased assurances of the "loving-kindness" of an All-wise Parent of Good, who has conducted our nation through a long and terrible war, and permitted our people to repose once more in safety, "without any to molest them or to make them afraid." The monstrous sentiment of disunion is no longer tolerated. The Flag, the Union, and the Constitution are esteemed as the safe-guards of the rights and liberties of the people, and are revered and defended as the ark of their political safety.

A kind Providence has not grown weary of supplying our continuous wants. A bounteous harvest has rewarded the labors of the husbandman. Flocks and herds are scattered in countless numbers over our valleys and hills. Commerce is uninterrupted, and vessels laden with the products of nature and of art, speed unmolested, over the trackless deeps. Neither pestilence, famine, political or social evils, financial embarrassments or commercial distress have been permitted to stay the progress and happiness of the people of this great Commonwealth; but peace, health, education, morality, religion, social improvement and refinement, with their attendant blessings, have filled the cup of comfort and enjoyment to overflowing.

Recognizing our responsibility to Him who controls the destinies of nations as well as of individuals, and "from whom cometh down every good and perfect gift," and to whom we are deeply indebted for all these and the richer blessings of our common Christianity, let us unitedly give our most devout gratitude and hearty thanksgiving.

I, therefore, do hereby recommend that THURSDAY, the 28th day of November next, be set apart as a day of praise and thanksgiving, that all secular and worldly business be suspended, and the people assemble in their various places of worship to acknowledge their gratitude, and offer up prayers for a continuance of Divine favor.

GIVEN under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-second. JNO. W. GEARY,

By the Governor:
F. JORDAN, Secretary of State. td

### Another Cure of Sore Eyes.

Nancy Hunsberger, of No. 66 Pitt alley, Allegheny City, whose eyes were so inflamed that she could not see to do any work, called on Dr. Keyser in October of the present year, having heard of the wonderful cure of Christina Fisher, and she is now entirely well. The cure was effected entirely by the use of medicines to purify and repair the system through the blood. Hundreds of cases of sore and blind eyes, and deafness could be cured by the same kind of treatment.

### Another Case of Fistula Cured.

This terrible disease, which has been an object of such terror to many persons ever since the days of Shakespeare, who has rendered it quite famous in his play of "*All's well that ends well*," which is supposed to have been written nearly three hundred years ago; the subject in that instance being no less a personage than the king, and the disease regarded as incurable. Dr. Keyser, of this city, reports a cure without the usual operation of cutting the fistulous part open. The cure is entire and perfect, and is that of a well-known and respectable coal dealer in South Pittsburgh, namely, Andrew Zeitzman. It is well worthy the attention of all those who desire to avoid the painful operation of cutting. Dr. Keyser's office is on Penn street, corner of Evan's alley.

### Whooping Cough.

Below will be found a certificate from Doctor M. Dupuy, one of our most respectable dentists, in regard to Dr. KEYSER'S Pectoral Syrup. The Pectoral Syrup is also an infallible cure for every form of cough and cold to which we are liable.

PITTSBURGH, June 23, 1863.

DR. KEYSER:—Dear Sir: I have for a long time been opposed to advertised or patent medicines, and it is with reluctance that I recommend any of them. The consideration, however, that I am doing the community a service, induces me to overcome my objections, and to publicly recommend your Pectoral Syrup. We have kept it in our family for the past five or six years and have given it for coughs, such as are produced by colds, &c., with the effect of alleviating or entirely arresting them. During last winter our children were exposed to the infections of whooping coughs, and each one of our three boys was attacked with what we believed to be that malady. We administered your Syrup liberally, and the result was that the whooping cough lasted with neither of them more than ten or twelve days. I hope others will at least make a trial of your medicines in such cases, as we have found it beneficial.

Yours,
M. DUPUY, No. 21 Wylie street.

### Rupture—Trusses.

The prevalence of this ailment has become so common that Dr. Geo. H. Keyser, of 140 Wood street, has given special attention to the subject. During the past twenty years he has not only studied the anatomy of hernia, but has brought to his aid appliances and devices that will retain any kind of hernia, and in a vast majority of cases effect a thorough and radical cure. Every kind of truss of the most approved sort will be found in his establishment, besides every other mechanical appliances used in the cure of disease or deformity. Any of our readers who may stand in need of any article of this kind, will, we are assured, be accommodated at this establishment. The Doctor has recently visited the Eastern establishments for the purpose of procuring the best modern improvements, so that he now has an assortment that cannot be surpassed for usefulness and variety in the United States. Particular attention in the application of trusses to children. Medical office and consultation room, 120 Penn street, corner of Evan's alley.

### Selling Off at Cost.

A rare stock of jewelry at Reineman, Meyran & Seidle's, No. 29 Fifth street, prior to removing into their new and elegant building, No. 42 Fifth street. tf.

## MARRIED:

EARSMAN—BLACK—On Wednesday, November 27th, by the Rev. J. B. Graham, Mr. WALTER S. EARSMAN and Miss MARY McDONALD, daughter of J. B. Black, of Allegheny city.


BUY THE BEST.

All the Important Fairs in Europe and America have most emphatically decided the "WHEELER & WILSON" AS THE BEST.

SALESROOM, NO. 27 FIFTH ST.


## BANKS AND BANKERS.


TRADESMENS' NATIONAL BANK, OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wood Street, corner of Second.

A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
GEORGE T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

CAPITAL ........ $400,000

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada, on the most favorable terms. United States securities bought and sold. Correspondence solicited.

DIRECTORS:
ALEXANDER BRADLEY, of A. Bradley & Co., Stove Manufacturers.
WM. M. FABER, of Wm. M. Faber & Co., Engine Builders.
SAMUEL M. KIER, of Kier, Moore & Co., Oil Refiners, &c.
WM. F. McKEE, of S. McKee & Co., Glass Manufacturers.
S. S. McELROY, of McElroy, Dickson & Co., Wholesale Dry Goods.
JOHN DUNLAP, Dealer in Tin Plate and Tinners' stock.
JOSEPH WALTON, dealer in Coal.
JOHN F. DRAVO, dealer in Coal.
WM. VANKIRK, of A. Bradley & Co., Stove Manufacturers.
Discounts Daily, 11½ o'clock. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

BANKERS.

N. HOLMES & SONS, BANKERS, No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.

Collections Made on all the Principal Points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES. eod

BANKING HOUSE OF Geo. A. Torrence & Co., CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Deposits Received and Discounts Made.

Particular Attention Paid to Collections.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

GEO. A. TORRENCE & CO. eod

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Hart, Caughey & Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS, CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in EXCHANGE, COIN, COUPONS, &c. Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS. SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS ARE Superior to All Others.

BOSTON CRACKERS, WINE CRACKERS, SODA CRACKERS, OYSTER CRACKERS, FARINA CRACKERS, WATER CRACKERS (J. Davis), BUTTER CRACKERS (J. Davis), SUGAR CRACKERS (J. Davis), GRAHAM CRACKERS, DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS, CREAM CRACKERS, GRAHAM WAFERS, MILK BISCUIT, GINGER SNAPS, PILOT BREAD, CRACKER MEAL, ALMOND NUTS, FANCY CRACKERS, GINGER CAKES, JUMBLES.

NO. 91 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.


NOTICE.—WHEREAS, LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of JOHN HEBLER, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them properly authenticated, without delay to CHRISTIAN W. SCHEIRECK, At Peter Peterson's Store, No. 41 Federal street, Allegheny city.
Pittsburgh, Nov 28, 1867. TH


300,000 DRY LATH, Just received and for sale by McQUEWAN & DOUGLAS.

ECONOMY IN FUEL.—50 PER CENT. SAVED! Spear's Anti-Dust Gas Burner STOVES for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Chambers, Stores, Offices, etc., secures perfect cleanliness when poking the fire; entire safety of the fire and freedom from dust; requires very little attention; facilitates ventilation of room, and is a first-class gas consumer. Six sizes. Send for a circular, or call and examine. ROBERTS & SHERRATT, Agents, No. 61 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the Second and Third Series of SEVEN-THIRTIES, INTO THE New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO., Dealers in Government Securities, COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO., Bankers, AND DEALERS IN Government Securities, Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange 5-20 Bonds of 1867, Interest in Gold at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.


## FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 27, 1867.

It is generally conceded in financial circles that the condition of the local money market this week is much more favorable to borrowers than it has been for the past fortnight. Although the amount of maturing paper is large, it is met with surprising promptness. The offerings at hand continue large, generally much beyond there ability to accommodate, but well-tried customers can get pretty much all their business paper through. The rates on the outside market are unchanged, and private bills are taken at about ½ per month.

—It is constantly being urged against commercial credits that merchants have sustained heavy losses during the past two years in consequence of the decline in prices. This is undoubtedly true; and yet we are disposed to think that these losses are over estimated, for there ways in which a shrewd merchant can make profits even upon a decline in prices. Moreover it is entirely overlooked that for three or four years previous to the process of decline, traders made immense profits upon the rise in prices, which they invested in real estate or in securities and have since held as a sort of reserve fund. This must not go for nothing in the account. Merchants may complain and feel despondent at having to fall back upon these resources; but, nevertheless the reserve exists; and until it becomes exhausted we are forced to regard the mercantile interest as in a generally sound condition.

The contraction of the currency, by withdrawing from circulation a class of public credits, has called for a freer use of individual credits, and it is doubtless this process of substitution which has, to a large extent, caused the pressure in the discount market. It is much to be regretted that the process should be obstructed by any unwarrantable depreciation of the standing of mercantile credits. As a rule, merchants are now as well deserving of credit as in ordinary times. They are conducting their affairs in a strictly conservative manner; there is no expansion of credit among them; on the contrary, they are doing much more cash business than before the war; and the inference is, therefore, a fair one that they have an amount of capital in their business which entitles them to a fair degree of confidence.

—United States securities in New York are firmer and more active. The return of comparative ease in the money market has produced a more confident feeling, and there are fewer sellers and more buyers. Ten-forties are still in demand from London; the orders from Saturday morning until noon yesterday are reported at about $1,500,000; and the consequent demand caused an advance.

The reports to-day of quotations received by Messrs. McVay & Co. and James T. Brady & Co., show the following current rates:

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. 6s 1881 | 113 |
| U. S. 5-20s, 1862 | 107¼ |
| U. S. 5-20s, 1864 | 105⅛ |
| U. S. 5-20s, 1865, May and November | 105 |
| U. S. 5-20s, 1865 January and July | 107½ |
| 10-40s | 102 |
| December '64 Compounds | 119¼ |
| June 7-30s | 105¼ |
| July 7-30s | 106¼ |
| Gold | 139 |
| 5-20s, 1867 | 107¼ |

—Gold is weak. There is a general feeling of disappointment at the nominal effect produced by the impeachment report, and parties who had been large buyers on the supposition that the premium would advance freely, are to-day sellers. It is calculated that Mr. Wilson's minority report will have more weight with the House than the report of the majority, and, in short, that there will be no impeachment.

—The stock market has been dull and weak. The clique appears to have unloaded a considerable amount of Erie upon the street during the past week, and from current indications it would seem that they are still selling, although seeking to produce an impression that it is their purpose to engineer a fresh rise in the stock. The position of the clique, however, is a matter of much uncertainty, and it would not be surprising to find them soon "bearing" the stock. The noon quotations do not indicate any material change in the market to-day:

| | |
|---|---|
| Michigan Southern | 80½ |
| Cleveland & Pittsburgh | 83½ |
| Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago | 97¼ |
| Erie | 71⅝ |
| Chicago & Northwestern | 58⅝ |

—The holders of the United States *registered* stocks, January and July interest, which include the six per cents. of 1881, the five per cents. of 1871–74 and the new consolidated five-twenties of 1865–67, are reminded that the transfer for the January dividend will close *on Saturday next*, November 30. Where they have been bought and held, since July, in other names than the present owners, the certificates should be transferred at Washington at once, so as to conform the registration to the names of the parties entitled to the January dividend. The holders of the 7 30 per cents., second and third series, who desire to convert them into five-twenties in season for the gold dividend upon the latter *on the first of January*, are also reminded that this is the last week for such conversions into either registered or coupon bonds. On and after Monday next, December 2, will be continued as for the succeeding *first of July* dividend, that is, interest in currency will be allowed on the 7 30 per cents surrendered for exchange up to the 31st December and the 5 20 bonds delivered, *with the January coupon detached*, and if registered 5 20 stock be preferred the name of the parties and the amounts will go on to Washington, and the certificates of registration returned on the re-opening of the transfer books on the 1st January.

—At Chicago the week opens with a general quiet prevailing in financial circles. The banks, with one or two exceptions, report business light and the demand for money less active than on Saturday. The favorable change from warm to colder weather will stimulate a more active demand for money from the packers, but the close of navigation, which will probably not be long deferred, will diminish the wants of dealers in grain. The season will close with some of the banks carrying a considerable amount of grain paper, which is held on speculation. The market for money is not reported close to parties of undoubted responsibility, and prime business paper is negotiated without difficulty. Second-class names cannot obtain loans unless they are able to put up wide margins. The rate of interest is steady at 10 per cent. per annum. On the street money commands 1½@3 per cent. per month. There is an increasing demand for money for shipment to interior points.

—At Cincinnati the *Gazette* says there is still an active demand for money, in which all branches of business are represented, but the pork packing interest is now the leading one, and considerable currency is being drawn to the country to move the hog crop. On the other hand there were some receipts of currency from the country to-day to purchase exchange. On the whole, the money market, although close, is not quite as stringent as it was last week. In the open market there is plenty of first class paper to be had at 12@15 per cent., and not a little is obtained at 1½ per cent. per month. There is less doing in call loans, although the demand is good at 10 per cent on good collateral.

—It has been definitely ascertained that only $180,000 of the spurious 7-30s were put in circulation, and that the rest that were printed were destroyed, so that holders of 7-30 notes who had them in possession previous to August, 1867, may be sure that they are genuine, as the spurious issue was not issued until afterwards, as nearly as can be ascertained, between the 15th and 20th of September.

### IRON AND NAILS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, Nov. 28, 1867.

The following are the card rates:

PRICES FOR PUDDLED IRON.

| | |
|---|---|
| Common Bar sizes | 4¼@ 4½ |
| Horse Shoe | 5¼ |
| Heavy Band | 5 @ 5½ |
| Hoop and Light Band | 5½@10 |
| Round and Square | 4½@ 6¼ |
| Oval | 4¾@ 5½ |
| Half Oval and Half Round | 6 @6½ |
| Boiler Iron | 5½ |
| Tank Iron | 5½ |

All sheets over 28 in. wide, ½c ℔ extra.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flat Rails, punched and countersunk | 4¾@ 5¼ |
| T. Rail, 12, 16 and 20 ℔s | 4¾@ 5¼ |
| Nail Rods | 5¾@ 6¼ |
| Coal Screen Iron | 5¾@ 6 |

| | Amer'n. | Charc'l | Juniata. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sheet Iron, 10 to 17 | 5¾ | 7¼ | 9¼ |
| " 18 to 24 | 6¼ | 7¾ | 10 |
| " 25 to 26 | 6½ | 8 | 10¼ |
| " 27 | 6¾ | 8¼ | 10½ |

All sheets over 28 in. wide, ½c ℔ extra.

NAILS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10d to 60d Nails, Fencing and Brads | $4 50 | 3d | 7 75 |
| 8d and 9d | 5 75 | 3d fine | 8 75 |
| 6d and 7d | 6 00 | 2d fine | 9 25 |
| 4d and 5d | 6 25 | ⅜ in lining | 7 00 |
| 3d | 6 75 | Clinch | 5 75 |
| | | Cut Spikes | |

Casing Nails—6d, $6 50; 8d, $6 25; 10d, $6 00; 12d, $6 00; 16d, $6 00.

Finishing Nails—6d, $7 00; 8d, $6 75; 10d, $6 50; 12d, $6 50; 16d, $6 50.

Barrel Nails—⅞ inch, $8 25; 1 inch, $7 50; 1¼ inch, $6 75; 1½ inch, $6 75; 1¾ inch, $6 25.

Tobacco Nails—6d, $6 25; 8d, $6 00; 10d, $5 75.

ABATEMENT—12½c per keg off, in lots of 100 kegs and upwards.


OIL WELL TUBING, Gas Pipe and Fittings, AND EVERY THING NEEDED IN Pumping Oil Wells, FOR SALE BY WM. B. SCAIFE. NOS. 119 and 121 FIRST ST.


### PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY MORNING, November 28, 1867.

Business yesterday was dull. The sales made were by no means on a liberal scale. Buyers were very shy, manifesting no disposition to operate. Eastern dispatches quote the market as follows: Philadelphia—P L S to W, 24c; S W, 25c; Crude, 16½@17c. New York—P L S to W 25c; S W, 26@26½c; Crude, 16@16½c ℔ gallon. Oil City dispatches quote the market as follows: Sales were made at $2 25@2 35 ℔ bbl. The weather was cloudy and getting cold.

CRUDE OIL—The market was dull, with the advantages on the side of buyers. The figures were pretty low. We are reported the following sales: 2,000 bbls bulk, delivered as follows: 1,000 bbls in May; 1,000 do in June, at 8c; sales 7,000 bbls do, at Oil City, at $2 30 ℔ bbl; sales 600 bbls spot, barrels returned, at 8c.

REFINED OIL—The market was very dull. The entire sales as reported were 1,000 bbls, sold as follows: 500 bbls S. W., Philadelphia delivery, B. O., 27c. Sales 500 bbls do, December, 26½c, B. O.

#### Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bly & Pinkerton, V | 180 | Brewer, Burke & Co. V | 221 |
| J. T. Glass, S. F. | 54 | Waring & King, V | 620 |
| S. M. Cuming, S. F. | 20 | Morgan & Co, Ref. | 45 |
| J. Gallagher, V | 113 | W. A. Sneathen, V | 37 |
| J. Wilkins, V | 80 | J. C. Kirkpatrick | 880 |
| Total | | | 2,350 |

#### Oil Shipped East from Duquesne Depot.

Hutchinson Oil Ref Co, 101 bbls ref. to L Wilcox, Philadelphia.
Buffum, Kehew & Co, 126 bbls ref to Emil Schalk, Philadelphia.

#### Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co, 300 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Forsyth, Bro & Co, 161 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philada.

#### Oil City Oil Market.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
OIL CITY, November 27, 1867.

Market for crude opened at $2 35@2 40, steady, with good inquiry, closing dull and nominally lower. Weather cloudy and cool. L.

### PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 27, 1867.

There was only a moderate trade doing to-day—business of all kinds, not only in this market, but in all others, seems to drag, the only demand for staple articles is the supplying of the wants of the local retail trade and city consumers.

The receipts per river and rail, since our last report, were as follows: Flour, 747 bbls; apples, 338 bbls; cheese, 26 boxes; corn, 274 sacks; wheat, 70 sacks; barley, 1,266 sacks; rye, 355 sacks; oats, 809 sacks, and butter, 21 packages.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—Prices nominal. We quote at $2@3 50 ℔ bbl, as to quality.

BEANS—We continue to quote new beans selling at $3@3 25 ℔ bush.

BUTTER—We quote choice butter at 30@35c ℔ ℔.

EGGS—Receipts fair. We quote at 30c ℔ dozen.

BACON—Trade very moderate. We quote new sugar-cured hams at 20c; new rib sides at 14½c; new shoulders at 12½c, and new sugar-cured dried beef at 21c ℔ ℔.

LARD—In tierces we quote at 13½c, and in kegs at 14½c ℔ ℔.

LARD OIL—We quote No. 1 lard oil at $1 10, and No. 2 at 88c ℔ gal.

ONIONS—We note sales at $4 25 ℔ bbl.

CRANBERRIES—Prices range from $10 00 to $13 00 ℔ bbl.

CHEESE—We quote Goshen at 18c ℔ ℔; Factory at 17c, and Hamburg at 16c ℔ ℔.

POTATOES—We quote Peachblows from country wagons at 95c ℔ bush, and from store at $1 00 ℔ bush. Jersey Sweets are selling at $5 00@5 50 ℔ bbl.

HAY—We quote from country wagons prime loose timothy hay selling at $17@23 per ton.

HOGS—At the Central Railroad Stock Yards on Tuesday some 700 head of live were sold at prices ranging from $6 25 to 6 40. We quote dressed hogs selling at 8c to packers, averaging in weight 200@225 pounds. In the Diamond market they were retailing at 8@9c per pound.

BARLEY—Market unchanged, but maltsters and brewers are buying very slowly. Sales reported of 1000 bushels, from Elevator at $1 45, and 2 cars do at $1 40 per bushel.

CORN—Sales noted of 2 cars new shelled at 90c; 2 cars old shelled at $1 18, and 280 bush new ear at $1 ℔ bush.

WHEAT—No sales reported. The only dealers are the millers, who are amply supplied at $2 45@2 50 for red winter, and $2 55@2 60 for white wheat.

FLOUR—Trade moderate at $10 25 for choice spring brands; medium at $9 50 and winter at $11@12 ℔ bbl. Buckwheat flour is selling at $5 25 ℔ hundred and flour at $4 25@4 50 ℔ sack. The City mill prices continue as follows:

| | Barrels. | In Paper Sacks, ℔ bbl. | Retail, bbls. |
|---|---|---|---|
| White wheat, XX | $12 50 | $12 50 | $12 75 |
| City Mills | 12 50 | 12 00 | 13 00 |

Retail, white wheat, in sacks, $3 40, and red wheat flour $3 20 ℔ sack.

FEED—At the mills the prices for shorts, ℔ hundred, wholesale, are $1 90, and middlings $2 00 ℔ hundred.

The Washington street mill prices are $1 30, wholesale, for corn meal ℔ bush; chop corn and oats, ℔ hundred, $2 50; chop corn, ℔ hundred, $1 60; corn bran, ℔ hundred, $1 60; barley shorts, ℔ hundred, $1 75, and barley flour, ℔ hundred, $4 25.

#### Groceries.

Coffee dull. Sugar rather more active at an advance of ¼ to ½c ℔ ℔. Molasses quiet and prices nominal. The stock of New Orleans sugar is estimated at 60,000 hhds, which is 20,000 hhds short of the estimation made six weeks ago. This discrepancy has affected the market at New Orleans, and the planters are realizing high prices, sales having been made at 13@13c. The first arrival of new crop N. O. molasses sold last week in New York at $1 15@1 15 ℔ gal. Demerara molasses are selling in this market at 85c, and are choice goods for baking purposes.

We quote:

COFFEE—Old Government Java, 37c; Laguayra, 28@30c; Rio, choice 26c; prime, 25½c; good, 24c; roasting, 21@23c.

SUGARS—Porto Rico, 14@14½c; Cuba, 13@14c; Sugar House, 11¼@13½c; Granulated, 17¼c; Powdered, 17½c; Crushed, 17½c; A Coffee, 15¾c; B do, 15½c; extra C, 15c; C 13½c.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, ——; Porto Rico, 70@80c; Cuba, 60@70c; Demerara, 85c.

SYRUP—Lovering's, $1 00; other choice brands, $1 00@1 06; fair to good, 60@80c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, common to finest, 90c@1 85; Imperial and Gunpowder, do, $1 25@2 00; Japan, 90c@1 25; Oolong, 90c@1 75.

RICE—Carolina, 10@11½c; Rangoon, 9½@10½c.

VINEGAR—Pure white wine vinegar, in original packages, 75c; common 25@30c.

FISH—No. 1 Shore Mackerel, $21; No. 1 Bay, do, $21; No. 2 Bay, do, $15; No. 3 large do, $12 50@13 00; Lake Herring, $5 75; White Fish, $6 75. No 2 Shore, $16.

SODA—English Bicarb 9c. American 8c.

SPICES—Pimento, 35c; Pepper, 30c; Cloves, 45c; Nutmegs, $1 60; Cassia, 75c.

SOAP—McKeon, Van Haagen & Co.'s Chemical Olive, 10c; Babbett's, 12c; Oakley's, 11½c.

LYE—Concentrated Lye, $7 80.

LARD OIL—Proctor & Gamble's extra No. 1 Lard Oil $1 15.

CANDLES—Proctor & Gamble's star candles, 24c for full weight.

INDIGO—Madras 90c@$1 50; Manilla 90c@$1 45.

BAR LEAD—12½c.

DROP SHOT—13c.

### ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, November 28, 1867.

CATTLE—The market was not a very active one. There was but little animation manifested among dealers. The sales, however, were larger than the previous week, whilst the extreme prices were a shade higher than last week. The weather being warm for the season, together with a good deal of country dressed meat coming in, had no doubt something to do with operations. The current rates were: Prime retailing cattle $7 00@7 62 ℔ cwt.; fair to medium, $6 00@6 50; common, $3 50@4 50 ℔ cwt. The operations for the past three weeks were:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| November 14 | 140 | $5 50@7 37 |
| November 21 | 750 | 3 50@7 50 |
| November 28 | 847 | 4 00@7 62 |

The increase in the sales this week were 83 head.

HOGS—The market was dull. This may fairly be attributed to the warm weather for the season. Packers were not inclined to commence operations. The sales were restricted at a decline in prices of 25c ℔ hundred. The operations for the past three weeks were as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| November 14 | 285 | $6 25@7 75 |
| November 21 | 425 | 6 25@8 00 |
| November 28 | 450 | 6 00@7 75 |

The increase in sales were 25 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The market was well supplied with this description of stock, but as the principal offerings were of an inferior description, the market was a hard one. As an evidence, one lot of Ohio sheep sold at eighty cents per head. The entire drove did not realize one hundred dollars, whilst the freight on the same was over forty dollars. The following sales were reported:

E. Katz sold 119 head of very common at 80c ℔ head.

Wm. Duff sold 100 head of Geauga county, Ohio, sheep at $1 25@2 50 ℔ head.

G. A. Bingham sold 65 head of Lawrence county sheep at $3 50 ℔ head.

John W. Young sold 98 head Lawrence county sheep at $1 15 ℔ head, and 98 head at an average of $2 ℔ head.

Adam Eckert sold 100 head at $1 50@4 50 for sheep and $1 50@3 50 for lambs.

Stakely & Hare sold 50 head at $2 50@4 50 ℔ head.

McQuiston sold 128 head of Butler county sheep at $1 25@3 50 ℔ head.

P. Brannon sold 59 lambs at $2 25@2 75 ℔ head.

Shaw sold 250 head Lawrence county sheep and lambs at $1 25@3 25 for the former and $1 50 for the latter.

TRANSACTIONS IN CATTLE PER CWT. AND HEAD.

Hedges & Taylor sold in lots 43 head at prices ranging from $4 50@6 00@6 90 ℔ cwt.

Smith & Talmage sold 16 head of common at $4 50@5 00 ℔ cwt.

Charles Schomaker sold 19 head of prime Belmont county steers at $6 00@7 ℔ cwt. The same lot was re-sold to another party at a profit of $50.

E. Katz sold 15 head fair to medium stock at $1 00@6 00 ℔ cwt.

M. Verner sold 27 head Washington county cattle at $5 50@7 00 ℔ cwt.

Stakely sold 5 steers at $4 68; also, a cow and a bull for $75 00.

James McAllister sold 64 head stockers at $4 74@6 50 ℔ cwt.

N. Carr sold 15 head Washington county cattle at $5 00@7 62; also 15 head Stockers at $5 00@5 50 ℔ cwt.

Charles Hartman sold 60 head Green county, Pa., cattle at $4 00@7 25 ℔ cwt.

L. Rothchild's sold 39 head at $5 50@6 75 ℔ cwt.

Harlcund & Blackstock sold 10 head at $5 00@5 75; 21 head do $4 00, 5 50@6 ℔ cwt.

Kahn & Greenwald sold 60 head Ohio and Kentucky cattle at $6 00@7 50 ℔ cwt.

Marks & Trauerman sold 84 head Chicago cattle at $5 50@7 50, and 14 head Ohio at $6 00 ℔ cwt.

Keorsin & Dolan sold 24 head Ohio stock at $5 00@6 50 ℔ cwt.

Glass & Lafferty sold 53 head, a common lot, at $4 50@5 25 ℔ cwt.

Kraus & Hass sold, in lots, 50 head at $5 50@7 00 ℔ cwt.

Myers & Needy sold 35 head Washington county cattle at $6 25@7 00, and 36 head Ohio cattle at $4 50@6 00 ℔ cwt.

### PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL STOCK YARDS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, November 28, 1867.

CATTLE—The market during the week was a poor one. The sales show a large falling off. Prices, however, were fairly maintained, and in some instances an advance was maintained. The sales for the past three weeks were as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| November 14 | 609 | $3 00@7 00 |
| November 21 | 638 | 3 00@6 50 |
| November 28 | 490 | 4 00@6 00 |

Being a decline in sales of 148 head.

HOGS—The weather was not favorable for packing, hence the sales show a falling off as compared with the previous week. The sales were as follows for the past three weeks:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| November 14 | 10,880 | $6 00@7 25 |
| November 21 | 11,840 | 5 75@7 05 |
| November 28 | 9,203 | 5 40@7 00 |

SHEEP—The market was dull. The sales show a large falling of as compared with the week previous. The operations for the past three weeks were as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| November 14 | 3,694 | $2 00@4 50 |
| November 21 | 3,697 | 2 00@4 50 |
| November 28 | 1,663 | 3 00@4 35 |

Showing a falling of in sales of 2,031 head.

TRANSACTIONS IN SHEEP PER CWT.

| Seller. | Purchaser. | No. | Weight. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Smith & T | H Deatrich | 215 | 16,725 | 3 25 |
| Smith & T | H Deatrich | 180 | av 69 lbs | 3 60 |
| Glass, L & Co | Hesser | 190 | 15,415 | 4 35 |
| McCalmont & W | Hesser | 194 | 14,150 | |
| Glass & Lafferty | Hesser | 176 | 16,925 | 3 85 |
| R M Hunter | John Lloyd | 187 | 17,565 | 4 25 |
| Hedges & Taylor | Pidcock & Co | 86 | 4,628 | 3 50 |
| Hedges & Taylor | Pidcock & Co | 91 | 8,160 | 3 20 |
| Hedges & Taylor | Pidcock & Co | 31 | [illegible] | 4 00 |
| J Wells | Pidcock & Co | 102 | 6,982 | 3 00 |
| Glass, L & Co | J Raul | 89 | 7,815 | 3 62 |
| Glass, L & Co | J Raul | 99 | | $2 50 ℔ head. |

TRANSACTIONS IN CATTLE PER CWT. AND HEAD.

| Seller. | Purchaser. | No. | Weight. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Glass, L & Co | R Black | 16 | 15,550 | $4 87 |
| Glass, L & Co | James Hall | 19 | 16,750 | 4 25 |
| Glass, L & Co | McHllister | 16 | 16,140 | 5 00 |
| Glass, L & Co | W Reed | 22 | 19,358 | 4 00 |
| Glass, L & Co | J Elmer | 24 | 18,800 | 4 05 |
| Smith & T | A R Black | 22 | 24,400 | 5 25 |
| Low | S Peachy | 59 | 60,800 | 5 50 |
| Farrell | P Klemens | 39 | 39,250 | 5 50 |
| Earsman | Casey | 19 | 29,200 | 4 80 |
| Farrell | P Klemens | 20 | 18,250 | 4 75 |
| Ward & McD | Elgin & Co | 27 | 26,050 | 4 50 |
| Ward | Kase | 4 | 2,425 | 4 40 |
| P Klemens | Vanvoorhis | 10 | 8,000 | 4 60 |
| J Meyers | C Marshall | 40 | 39,200 | 5 00 |
| P Klemens | Rothchilds | 44 | 41,175 | 5 62 |
| Myers | C Rober | 17 | 18,975 | 6 00 |
| Ward & McD | C Marshall | 18 | 21,300 | 6 00 |
| D Markly | Hostetter | 17 | 19,075 | 5 75 |
| J McArdle | J Myers | 4 | 3,875 | 4 00 |
| W Duffy | Shamburg | 6 | 6,775 | 6 00 |
| Smith & T | J Elmer | 20 | 20,725 | 5 25 |
| M Deitz | C French | 20 | 18,650 | 4 50 |

TRANSACTIONS IN HOGS PER CWT AND HEAD.

| Seller. | Purchaser. | No. | Weight. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| B Heffner | Gilchrist & Co | 90 | 21,110 | $7 00 |
| J P Hoglane | Gilchrist & Co | 91 | 20,380 | 7 00 |
| B Sailor | Gilchrist & Co | 104 | 27,405 | 7 00 |
| J Dial | Gilchrist & Co | 132 | 31,820 | 6 75 |
| S McClaine | Gilchrist & Co | 50 | 11,850 | 6 90 |
| J Henderson | Gilchrist & Co | 92 | 22,335 | 6 90 |
| Wm Erwin | Gilchrist & Co | 49 | 11,775 | 6 80 |
| D James | Gilchrist & Co | 50 | 12,490 | 6 60 |
| D Zimmerman | Gilchrist & Co | 105 | 25,225 | 6 60 |
| R B Long | Gilchrist & Co | 195 | 47,360 | 6 60 |
| R H Cochran | Gilchrist & Co | 66 | 15,350 | 6 25 |
| J Little & Kerr | Gilchrist & Co | 211 | 54,075 | 6 60 |
| T Porter | Gilchrist & Co | 105 | 25,125 | 6 25 |
| S Farrar | Gilchrist & Co | 206 | 49,560 | 6 10 |
| F Childs | Gilchrist & Co | 35 | 8,225 | 6 50 |
| E Gaines | Gilchrist & Co | 90 | 22,960 | 6 60 |
| J E Beals | Harbaugh | 209 | 49,750 | 6 40 |
| Messenger & Co | J Maisel | 38 | 7,575 | 6 15 |
| D B Williams | N H Burtz | 127 | 28,609 | 6 15 |
| Glass, L & Co | Wm B Albeist | 91 | 22,925 | 6 25 |
| Crouse & Co | John Evens | 107 | 21,350 | 6 40 |
| H Walters | C Krau | [illegible] | 6,840 | 6 [illegible] |
| H Walters | J Stark | | 4,500 | 6 [illegible] |
| L Sargent | Holmes & Glass | 95 | 20,240 | [illegible] |
| C French | Holmes & Glass | 58 | 13,078 | [illegible] |
| C French | Holmes & Glass | 114 | 19,773 | [illegible] |
| G Holmes & Bro | Holmes & Glass | 217 | 45,250 | 6 00 |
| Hedges & T | Waltzer | 58 | 11,290 | [illegible] |
| J Braden | Aull & Myers | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Messenger & Co | Singer & Im | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

[illegible: continuation of the hog-transaction list, chiefly sales to Singer & Im., S & Im. (Chicago), Messenger & Co., Crouse & Co., Pidcock & Co., Dripps, S & Co., T F Orr, R Barnes, Halligan & Co., E Smith, Hedges & P. and D Casselman]

J. Pfaff sold to Springer Harbaugh & Co., 308 head, average weight, 130 ℔s, at $6 25 ℔ cwt.

#### Flour and Grain in Chicago.

The receipts and shipments of Flour and Grain at Chicago for the week ending November 23d, for two years were as follows:

RECEIPTS.

| | 1867. | 1866. |
|---|---|---|
| Flour, bbls | 41,211 | 70,223 |
| Wheat, bush | 415,403 | 366,241 |
| Corn, bush | 225,450 | 391,790 |
| Oats, bush | 159,246 | 122,987 |
| Rye, bush | 14,061 | 56,655 |
| Barley, bush | 30,199 | 11,732 |

SHIPMENTS.

| | 1867. | 1866. |
|---|---|---|
| Flour, bbls | 53,222 | 56,481 |
| Wheat, bush | 304,166 | 471,972 |
| Corn, bush | 254,224 | 365,466 |
| Oats, bush | 208,250 | 244,546 |
| Rye, bush | 67,574 | 71,777 |
| Barley, bush | 39,872 | 39,882 |

#### Value of the Hop Crop.

The hop product of the United States this year is estimated at 25,000,000 pounds, of which 7,000,000 pounds are credited to Wisconsin, and 4,000,000 of that to Sauk county, in that state. This year's crop in Sauk county was raised on 2,548 acres, took 25,000 pickers to gather it, and brought into the county $2,000,000.

Estimating the value of hops at 30c per ℔ in the producers' hands, the total crop of the United States would amount to $8,000,000.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

### CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, November 27, 1867.

FLOUR—Moderately active at $7 50@9 25 for spring extras.

WHEAT—Steady at $1 81@1 82 for No. 1; $1 72@1 73½ for No. 2, closing firm at $1 73½ for fresh receipts of No. 2.

CORN—Closed steady at 82½c for No. 2 old; 79½c for new.

OATS—Unsettled and 3½@4c lower, at 57½@58c; closed quiet at the inside.

RYE—Quiet at $1 35 for No 1; $1 34 for No. 2.

BARLEY—Steady at $1 41@1 45 for No. 2.

PROVISIONS—Firmer; mess pork $20, cash; $20 50 seller's option, January. Sweet pickled hams 11@11½c. Green meats firmer; hams 10c; shoulders 6½c. Lard active at 11¼@12c.

DRESSED HOGS—Quiet at $6 50.

LIVE HOGS—Active and 10@15c higher, at $5 55@6 50 for medium to choice.

BEEF CATTLE—Quiet at $4 50@5 70 for packing and second-class steers.

### New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, November 27.—The most important incident connected with the trade is the closing up of the Maison Doree, after a lapse of twenty-three days' session, insolvency. In the prices of goods there is very little change to observe in staple styles, and business only 13½ to 15½c for heavy brown sheetings. Fine goods in brown are weak, and certain styles can be bought from first hands at reduced figures; the same is true of medium bleached muslins. Brown drills are scarce and firm at 15@16½c, the inside figures for large lots for shipment. Brown and bleached Canton flannels are scarce and held with firmness, as are print cloths. Calicos 12@13½c for standard and best makes. Delaines are in good demand at 16@17c for old styles, and 19c for new patterns.

### Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, November 27.—Flour and Wheat steady; not much done. Corn firmer; new ear 75c. Oats quiet at 65@66c. Cotton dull and prices nominal at 14½c for middling. Tobacco active; the sales reached 136 hhds; trash at $4 to lugs at 6¼@7½c; medium and good lugs 12@16c; medium to good leaf 21@25c, and fine to choice do 30@35c. Whisky unchanged. Mess Pork active; all offered taken at $19 50 for old, and $21 00 for new; now held at $20 00@22 00 for old and new. Lard held at 12½c, with buyers at 12c. Green meats closed at 7@11½c for shoulders and hams; nothing new in bacon, not much here; it is held more firmly. Butter and cheese unchanged. Eggs 28c. Cloverseed 11½@11¾c, and dull. Gold 139. Money light. Hogs active and higher, closing at $7 00 gross, and $8 75@9 00 net, for the best grade; receipts 4,000.

### Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, November 27.—Flour quiet and steady; demand is light; held at $9 25@11 50 for XX spring; $10 50@12 for XX red winter; $12 50@14 for XX and XXX white. Wheat dull and lower; small sales of No. 1 red winter at $2 45; No. 2 do offered at $2 35; No. 1 Milwaukee spring at $2 03@2 05. Corn dull and 2c lower for old; steady for new; old No. 1 shelled is held at $1 02; new shelled at 95@97c. Oats dull but steady at 55c for No. 1 State and western. Rye nominally unchanged and the market quiet; held at $1 35@1 40 for state and western. Barley quiet but firm; held at $1 50@1 55 for No 1; $1 35@1 40 for No. 2 State and Canada. Petroleum quiet and nominal; free is held at 43@44c; bonded at 23@24c.

### St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, November 27.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton lower, not over 14c can be got for middling. Flour flat and unchanged. Wheat very dull and five cents lower on all grades; prime to fancy fall $2 37@2 55, spring $1 80@1 95. Corn steady 95c@$1 00 for new and old. Oats firm at 67@70c. Barley firm at $1 40@1 45 for choice. Rye firm at $1 30@1 35. Pork steady at $20@20 50 for new and old. Bacon dull and lower at 11¼c for shoulders; 14c for clear ribs, and 15c for clear sides. Hogs $6¼@6¾; number packed to date 44,000.

### Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, November 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet; sales 21,000 bush spring on private terms; buyers offered $1 85@1 90, and sellers ask $1 90@1 95 for No. 2 and No. 1 spring. Corn quiet; sales 25,000 bush new, in lots, at $1 03; old western is quoted at $1 14. Oats nominal; sales 26,000 bush western to arrive at 66½c. Other articles dull and unchanged. Barley—sales 10,000 bush Canada, delivered, at $1 50.

### Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, November 27.—Sales 39 hhds tobacco; lugs $5 25; elections $23. Flour dull and down; superfine $7 75. Wheat inactive at $2 35@2 40. Oats steady at 66c in bulk. Corn—new ear 75c. Bacon quiet; shoulders 12c; clear rib 15½c; no clear sides in market. Lard 12½c. Mess pork $22 50. Whisky nominal at 35c in bond. Cotton 14½c. Hogs firm at 6¼@7c; receipts by rail 1,650.

### New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 27.—Cotton declining; middling 15½@15¾c; sales 4,500 bales; receipts 2,329 bales; exports 813 bales. Sugar in good demand and firm; common 9½c; prime 12½c. Molasses dull and declined; good 67½c; choice 83c.

### Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, November 27.—Flour very dull; city XX $8 75@9 25; country do $8 50@9 00; XX $8 00@8 50. Wheat dull and declining at $1 80½ for No 1; $1 70 for No 2; $1 64 for No. 3. Oats firm at 61c for No. 2. Corn firmer at $1 04 for old; 92c for new.

### Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, November 27.—Flour very quiet and drooping. Wheat steady but dull. Corn dull; mixed western $1 23. Oats strong at an advance of 2@3c; fair to prime 68@77c. Rye scarce at $1 60. Provisions dull and unchanged.

### Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, November 27.—Flour dull; superfine $7 50@8 50. Wheat heavy; prime red $2 40@2 58. Corn declining; mixed western $1 35, yellow $1 40. Oats unchanged.


7-30 BONDS CONVERTED WITHOUT CHARGE INTO 5-20 BONDS, Or Bought at Highest Market Rates ALSO, Gold and Coupons, Sterling and Continental Exchange, For sale in sums to suit purchasers.

PH. R. MERTZ, 118 WOOD ST., NEAR FIFTH.


## New York Finance and Trade

### Gold Closed at 139⅞.

NEW YORK, November 27—P. M.

MONEY

A shade easier at 6@7 per cent. for call loans.

STERLING

Quiet at 109@109¼, gold, for first class bills.

GOLD

Without change, opening at 139⅞, advancing to 139⅞, and closing at 139⅞. Export of specie $158,000.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

Without decided change. Coupons '81, 113@113¼; do '62, 107⅜@108⅛; do '64, 105½@105⅝; do '65, 105⅝@106⅛; do new, 107⅝@108; do '67, 107⅝@108; 10-40s, 102⅛@102¼; 7-30s, 105⅜@105½.

STOCKS

Firm. There was no second session of the Stock Exchange, or third session of the open board this afternoon, both boards having adjourned at 3 P. M., and business on the street after that hour was quite moderate. 5:30 prices: Ohio certificates, 26⅛@26½; Canton, 45@45½; Cumberland, 27; Quicksilver, 13½@14; Mariposa preferred, 12⅜@13⅛; Western Union Telegraph, 33⅞@33¾; Pacific Mail 122⅞@122⅞; Atlantic Mail, 113@113⅜; New York Central, 113⅝@114; Erie, 71⅝@71⅝; Hudson, 125@125½; Reading, 96½@96⅝; Michigan Central, 109½@110½; Michigan Southern, 80@80⅛; Illinois Central, 130⅞@131; Pittsburgh, 83⅞@83⅞; Toledo, 101⅛@102; Rock Island, 96⅛@96⅜; Northwestern, 57⅝@57⅝; do preferred, 67⅝@67⅝; Fort Wayne, 97⅛; Adams Express, 79⅛; American, 78⅛; United States, 79; Wells, 58; Merchants', 41.

MINING SHARES

Dull and unchanged. Corydon 45c; Edge Hill $3 50; Davidson 70c; Quartz Hill $1 40; Eldorado $1 30; Smith & Parmelee $2 70; Gregory $5 45.

BUSINESS AT THE SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $4,407,568; payments $2,840,866; balance, $110,789,813.

### New York Market.

NEW YORK, November 27.—Cotton dull and lower; sales 1,800 bales at 16½@16¾c for middling uplands. Flour—Receipts 9,928 bbls; dull and drooping; sales 7,200 bbls at $7 75@8 60 for superfine state and western; $9 00@10 60 extra state; $8 90@11 75 for extra western; $9 20@12 50 for round hoop Ohio; $9 50@10 00 for common St. Louis; $10 00@11 50 for good; $11 50@15 00 for good to choice do, closing quiet. California dull and heavy; sales 675 bags at $11 00@13 25; and $14 00 for small parcels via Isthmus. Sales 250 bbls rye flour at $7 00@9 00. Whisky nominal. Receipt of wheat 41,060 bushels; dull and drooping; sales 48,000 bush at $2 12@2 13 for No. 3 spring, $2 26@2 27 for No. 1 do; $3 00 for white Michigan, and including 10,000 bush white California at $3 00. Rye quiet. Barley active and very firm; sales 39,000 bushels Canada [illegible] ... [illegible: the rest of this report (corn, oats, rice, coffee, sugar, molasses, pork, beef, cut meats, bacon, lard, butter, cheese, freights) cannot be read]

### IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

#### Pitts, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 15 cars pig iron; Bryan & Caughey, 3 do do; J Moorhead, 20 do do; Loomis & Collord, 2 do do; Shoenberger & Blair, 11 do iron ore; H Myers & Co, 1,278 green hides; H Tucker, 1 car oats; J H Lippincott, 25 do do; Seibert & Co, 60 do grease; Culp & Shepard, 1 car wheat, 1 do rye, 1 do barley; Wallace, 20 bbls hams; Haworth & Dewhurst, 1 do eggs ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Pattys & Robertson, 2 cars staves; Pa Salt Manufacturing Co, 4 cars salt; Watt, Kerr & Co, 1 bbl tools; Knox & Co ... [illegible]

#### Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 3 cars pig iron; McKnight, Porter & Co, 10 do do; Preston & Co, 2 do do; M K Moorhead, 1,917 blooms iron; Rees, Graff & Dull, 2 cars ore ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Wallace & Haney, 35 sks; ... [illegible]

#### Pitts, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

Campbell & Brown, 2 cars corn; F H Myers & Co, 8 tight picking bbls; Eagle Cotton Works, 13 bales cotton; Kennedy, Childs & Co, 37 do do ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

#### Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

H Woodside, 2 cars pig iron; C Miller, 1 do stone; McKnight, Porter & Co, 1 do pig iron; Everson, Preston & Co, 1 do do; D A Hawk, 1 do corn; J & W Fairley, 1 do hay ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

#### Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Knox, Kimm & Co, 5 sks oats; A & D H Chambers, 2 do do; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 5 kegs washers ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

### IMPORTS BY RIVER.

#### Pitts, Brownsville and Geneva U. S. Mail Line.

L Sales, 2 bbls apples; J Rhodes & Co, 45 sks barley; Newcomer, Gue & Co, 1 do dried apples; Frank Aull, 1 cow and calf ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

#### Pitts Brownsville and Geneva People's Line.

W Lindsay, 50 sks oats, 2 do beans, 2 do rags, 16 bbls apples, Capt Conner, 2 coops chickens ... [illegible: remainder of this list]

## HARDWARE.


SADDLERY AND CARRIAGE HARDWARE.

Just Received, a full line of SADDLERY and CARRIAGE HARDWARE and CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Direct from the manufacturers, at greatly reduced rates. Also, a large assortment of HORSE BLANKETS AND LAPPING ROBES,

All of which we offer to the Trade at New York Prices.

Those in want of any goods in our line, are respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

THOMAS HARE & BRO, NO. 135 WOOD STREET.

HARDWARE.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE, CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE, MACHINISTS' TOOLS

JOS. WOODWELL & CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF Hardware, CORNER OF WOOD AND SECOND STS., PITTSBURGH, PA.


## RIVER TELEGRAMS.

### Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
WHEELING, W. VA., November 27, 1867.

The Laura No. 2 arrived from Sunfish. It commenced a drizzling rain at half past three P. M. River twenty-nine inches and stationary. Weather cloudy and raining. H.

### Brownsville.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Line.]
Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
BROWNSVILLE, November 27, 1867.

About four feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy with light rain. P.

### Greensboro.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Line.]
Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
GREENSBORO, November 27, 1867.

Twenty inches in the channel. Raining a little. P.

### Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, November 27.—The river is on a stand, with three feet in the canal by the mark. Light rain all day.

### St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, November 27.—Weather cloudy and damp. Another heavy rain fell last night.

## RIVER NEWS.

### STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fayette | Donaldson | Brownsville. |
| Franklin | Carmack | Brownsville. |
| E. Bennett | Cox | Brownsville. |
| Elector | Phillips | Brownsville. |
| Elizabeth | Houghton | Elizabeth. |

Departed.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fayette | Donaldson | Brownsville. |
| Franklin | Carmack | Brownsville. |
| Chieftain | Hendrickson | Brownsville. |
| Elizabeth | Houghton | Elizabeth. |
| Elisha Bennett | Cox | Brownsville. |

THE RIVER AND MATTERS ALONG THE WHARF.—Below the suspension bridge we have nothing new to notice. Our steamboat friends are waiting for a rise of water. How long they will have to wait time only can determine. Above the bridge activity was the order of the day. Business was brisk. Freights and passengers were plenty. The Mail or old line leaves daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. The People's line leaves daily at 5 P. M.

A SAINT LOUIS dispatch says the steamer Neptune has entered the Keokuk trade. The steamer Glendale and Belle Vernon were loading for New Orleans.

THE high rate of freight from New Orleans up Red river, on account of low water, causes a backwardness in shipping freights. An improvement is not likely to take place until there is a rise in the river.

THE Evansville packet Nashville struck a rock at Grand Chain last week, breaking sixty timbers, and is still fast on the rock, and in a perilous condition. Assistance has been sent to her. She will be lightened off, and go on the ways at Paducah.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Rose & Batchelor, steamboat agents, now occupying a room in the second story of No. 8 West Front street, will remove in a day or two to the room recently occupied by Sprigman & Stall, west corner of Sycamore street and Public Landing, first floor.

AT New Orleans on the 21st the levee is said to have presented an appearance of activity and [illegible]

[illegible: several further River News items]

... Troxler, of the Nina Simmes. He left here on the Simmes last Saturday and was complaining at the time, and on Monday morning at five o'clock, of cholera. Captain Troxler, at the time of his death, was about forty-five years of age. He leaves a family to mourn his untimely death. He has been long and favorably known as Pilot, Captain, &c., with the Bayou Sara Company's line of steamers, and we sincerely sympathize with his numerous friends and his afflicted family for his loss.

SHIPMENTS BY WAY OF NEW ORLEANS.—The *Times* in its on 'Change talk, says: The numerous arrivals of steamboats the past three days have imparted a liveliness and animation which was not expected during the present low stage of water in the Mississippi river. Notwithstanding the increased cost of transportation from St. Louis hither, large quantities of flour are received for forwarding. Possibly many consignments are made for sale. If our market does not admit of sales at limits, or pay paying prices, the alternative is to ship to New York or Boston. Flour can be brought from St. Louis to our levee at 75c ℔ bbl, from here to New York at 65c, making $1 40, which is 30c ℔ bbl less than the cost by railway from Chicago to New York.

A BIG TOW.—The OceanWave left Dubuque on Thursday, 21st, for New Orleans, towing four barges. At the mouth of Fevre river she received a barge of oats from Galena, and at Sabula another addition of two barges, each loaded with one hundred tons of mess pork and bulk meats, of this season's packing. The Herald says: The Wave had in tow an empty barge to be left at Bellevue, to be loaded with oats for shipment, and will leave Sabula with a freight list of over $10,000. She will meet with some good luck ... the principal mover in the project, joins the ... rapids, but with good luck will reach St. Louis in a week's time. H. C. Merry, ... and accompanies the shipment to New Orleans.

MEMPHIS, November 25, 7 P. M.—Heavy rains during the past two days, and weather now clear and mild, but tending to cold. Business dull at the landing. The movement of cotton is light since the late decline. The Mississippi river and all its tributaries are falling, and the river condition is about the same as last reported. There is six feet to Cairo. Down—Adam Jacobs. Up—Abeona and Adam Jacobs. The Edinburg arrived, and will return to Cincinnati to-morrow. The Dora is aground at Horne Lode, a little out of the channel. The Mollie Hambleton picked up a snag in St. Francis river, and damaged her hull slightly. In a fog, she collided with the St. Patrick at Commerce during a fog, which broke down her starboard gallows frame and damaged the wheel. The St. Patrick was only slightly damaged.

ST. LOUIS.—The *Democrat* has the following: All boats lately, wherever bound, have been detained by the hazy atmosphere. Numerous upper Mississippi boats have laid up. A sensible diminution in grain receipts and business generally is the place. There is a ... navigation of the Ohio is in a deplorable condition. Boats are reported aground at numerous places—several below Louisville as well as above. There is very little on the Mississippi ... No improvement has yet been announced in any of the rivers above St. Louis. There is a fine and valuable lot of Ohio river steamers in port—the B. Vernon, Emperor, Ann White, &c.,—not one of which is announced to return. They will probably, like the Glendale, Lawrence and Nightingale, look elsewhere for freight.

The Press of the 21st says: This is the last trip of Northern line boats to the city until next year. Last year the Northern Line boat is there we believe on the 17th of November. The weather yesterday did not indicate that there was any danger of winter interfering with navigation for some time to come.

### COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership for the purpose of supplying STEAMBOATS with SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at No. 10 PUBLIC LANDING, under the firm of CULLEN, CUNNINGHAM & CO.

JAMES CULLEN,
JOSEPH CUNNINGHAM,
CHARLES B. RUSSELL,
JOHN WILLIAMSON.

Capt. Andy Robinson, Jr., will remain with the new firm.

Cincinnati, Nov. 6, 1867. eod


JAS. H. HOLMES, GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENT, OFFICE, 36 MONROE STREET, WHEELING, W. VA.

HARRY ROSE ........... STANT. J. BATCHELOR.

ROSE & BATCHELOR, STEAMBOAT AGENTS, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS, AND CONTRACTING AGENTS, For Vicksburg & Meridian and Meridian & Selma Railroads. Office, No. 8 WEST FRONT STREET, CINCINNATI, O.


## PETROLEUM.


EUREKA OIL WORKS, MANUFACTURERS OF EUREKA CARBON OIL, THE CELEBRATED Eureka Sperm Lubricating Oils, And Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.

R. C. MACHESNEY, Agent, No. 10 IRWIN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

C. BUFFUM ... C. A. KEHEW ... W. H. WHITEHEAD.

SOHO OIL WORKS.

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of LUBRICATING OILS, NO. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET, BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

B. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS, Office, No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.


## COMMISSION MERCHANTS.


T. C. JENKINS, CHECKERED FRONT, 273 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN FLOUR AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.


## HOTELS.


MANSION HOUSE. FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, NO. 244 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

This first-class Hotel has been purchased by the undersigned and will hereafter be CONDUCTED IN THE MOST APPROVED MANNER. It contains over ONE HUNDRED WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, comfortable and well ventilated. Day Boarders received on moderate terms. The MANSION HOUSE is within two minutes walk of the UNION RAILWAY DEPOT, and convenient to the business part of the city. Connected with the establishment is a Lager Beer Hall, in which Evening Entertainments, Concerts, &c., will be given. The new proprietors promise to spare no pains or expense to render their Hotel one of the best in the State.

tf WAGNER & ZIESSLER.


## AUCTION SALES.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., 55 and 57 Fifth st.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF WILLOW GROVE BREWERY, FURNISHMENT AND GROUNDS, AT AUCTION.

On SATURDAY, December 7th, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold per order of Messrs. John White, Jr., and James Reese, Trustees, the valuable property known as "Willow Grove Brewery," situate in Duquesne Borough, on line of Western Penna. Railroad, opposite Hare's Island and between Allegheny city and Sharpsburg, comprising 5 acres and 31 perches, more or less, on which is erected the nearly new and very completely arranged Ale Brewery, having all the late improvements in machinery requisite for carrying on an extensive business. Also the stock of Ales, Barrels, one pair of fine Black Horses, one pair of Mules, three Wagons, Harness, &c., &c.

If desired the property will be sold entire, or if preferred, the Brewery and entire Furnishment and one Acre of Ground will be disposed of separately. This building could readily be converted into a Lager Beer Brewery, being built against the hill, rendering the making of Vaults an easy matter; being supplied with an abundance of spring water.

The remainder of this property (4 acres, 31 perches) will be sold separately. To parties desiring a paying investment this could be sub-divided into Lots suitable for private residences, being in an excellent neighborhood, convenient to either city. It is proposed to erect a bridge from this point to connect with Wainwright street, Lawrenceville.

Terms on movable property cash; on Brewery and grounds, one-half cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by Bond and Mortgage.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Aucts.,
55 and 57 Fifth street.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY, ON FIRST AND SECOND STS., AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, December 5th, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold the valuable Lot of Ground, fronting 20 feet on First street, being No. 96, and extending back 80 feet to an alley, on which is erected a large and substantially built two and a half storied Brick Fire Proof Building, which has been accepted by the U. S. Government as a bonded warehouse.

ALSO—Those two desirable Lots of Grounds, Nos. 168 and 170 Second st., each having a front of 20 feet, and extending back 80 feet to an alley, on which is erected the large two and a half storied Brick Warehouse, having double cellars and well of water. This building could be at a trifling expense converted into a superior machine shop.

ALSO—One powerful Engine and large Boiler, and nearly all the necessary machinery for a brewery or distillery (contained in above building).

Terms on Property—One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage. Engine and Machinery on same terms if purchased with the building; separately cash, or short bankable paper. Brewers, distillers, merchants and capitalists are specially invited to examine this property.

SMITHSON, PALMER & Co., Auct'rs,
eod 55 and 57 Fifth street.

## STOCK SALES.


JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO., Stock and Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers,

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms. Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale. Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office 102 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, REAL ESTATE, STOCK AND Insurance Broker. STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES, NOTES, &c., BOUGHT AND SOLD.

INSURANCE on Life or Property obtained in the Safest Companies.

GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, 146 WOOD STREET, (Board of Trade Rooms), Pittsburgh, Pa.


## RIVER PACKETS.


Monongahela River.

1867 MONONGAHELA RIVER 1867 PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA MAIL LINE, PACKET COMPANY.

Will run four elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets:
ELISHA BENNETT ........ M. A. COX.
FAYETTE ........ CAPT. P. DONALDSON.
GALLATIN ........ CAPT. A. S. CARLISLE.
FRANKLIN ........ CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.
TELEGRAPH ........ CAPT. D. BOUGHNER.

To all Points on the Monongahela River, Leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. No Commission on Eastern Freights.

J. L. MOORHOUSE, AGENT, PITTSBURGH;
LEVI COLVIN, Brownsville.

TO ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

PEOPLE'S LINE. 1867. 1867!

The new and elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets
CHIEFTAIN .... CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON.
ELECTOR ........ CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
LEAVE PITTSBURGH DAILY AT 5 P. M.
Wharfboat foot of Grant street.
No Commission on Eastern Freight.
WM. G. BAHR, Agent.

Marietta and Parkersburg.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING Marietta and Parkersburg Line. 1867. 1867.

Leave Company's Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, Daily at 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
J. N. M'COLLOUGH .... GEO. D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
LENI LEOTI ........ J. HAMILTON, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE ........ C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, Agent. tf

Muskingum River Packet Line

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
Leaves Pittsburgh Every TUESDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville Every FRIDAY—8 A. M.

The new and splendid passenger steamer JULIA No. 2, Captain WM. COULSON, will leave as announced above. For freight or passage apply on board or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

St. Louis Advertisement.

1867. 1867. NORTHERN LINE FROM ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL.

One of these elegant Steamers leaves St. Louis daily for St. Paul and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi River. Through receipts for freight and Passengers given by Pittsburgh Line Boats, connecting with Northern Line at St. Louis, thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates.

J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY.

GRAFF, BYERS & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF Bar, Tank and Sheet Iron, HAMMERED RAILROAD AXLES, Gas Pipe, FOR CONVEYING STEAM, WATER AND GAS. ALSO, OIL WELL TUBING.

WAREHOUSE, 98 WATER AND 132 FIRST STS., PITTSBURGH.

SNOWDON WORKS, Brownsville, Pa.

J. N. SNOWDON, MACHINIST, ENGINE BUILDER AND STEAMBOAT CONTRACTOR

Having leased the well-known Works formerly carried on by John Snowdon & Sons, and possessing ample facilities for completing contracts in the above line, I am now prepared to engage for work to be done on the best terms and in the shortest time possible. I propose to BUILD STEAMBOATS ENTIRE or furnish any part of the Machinery. I would especially ask attention to my facilities for the construction of IRON VESSELS, for which ... Pittsburgh generally.

J. N. SNOWDON, BROWNSVILLE, Pa.